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Heel Inc.
10421 Research Road SE
Albuquerque, NM 87123
Tel: 1-800-621-7644
505-293-3843
Fax: 1-800-217-6934
505-275-1672
Web: www.HeelUSA.com
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Heel Inc.
10421 Research Road SE
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Phone toll-free: 1-800-621-7644
Fax: 1-800-217-6934
Web: www.HeelUSA.com

Herba est ex luce
“Plants derive their power from light.”

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Routine Therapy: The Practitioner’s Handbook of Homotoxicology as well as educational programs such as the Correspondence Course of Homotoxicology and the International Academy of Homotoxicology.

Foreword

Homotoxicological treatment and selection of the preparation

There are two important interconnected perspectives to consider when treating a patient according to the concepts of Homotoxicology.

Part one is to make a basic medical diagnosis to treat the acute symptom(s) and look that diagnosis up in the alphabetical listing of diagnoses in the Therapeutic Index section of the first part of this book. There one will find:

A) The phase in which the illness is located on the six-phase table of homotoxicosis. This will play a key role in the second method of diagnosis, which follows.

B) The main remedy for each indication, in bold italics. This is the primary preparation for the acute condition. In many cases it will successfully reduce the acute symptoms. In cases where additional medication is required, one or more of the secondary preparations for the condition may also be employed.

Part two is to recognize the holistic concept of Homotoxicology. This means that any particular illness manifests itself in one of the six phases and that the goal of treatment is to first treat the acute symptoms and then, frequently, the underlying chronic condition. For instance, a patient who develops annual bouts of allergy could be safely treated for the symptoms each year. The listing of ‘allergic symptoms’ shows that this is a condition in the impregnation phase of the six-phase table. In order to bring about complete healing of the annual allergic symptoms, in addition to giving the main remedy for allergic symptoms, Histamin, adding one of the ‘phase remedies’ listed for allergic symptoms, Psorinoheel or Tonsilla compositum, will help move the patient out of the impregnation phase.

Preparations listed as phase remedies act on a deeper level for the given conditions. They are often composite products which may contain catalysts or nosodes, homeopathic remedies which will stimulate an additional defense to homotoxins.

In the case of indications for which more than one phase remedy is listed, it is the practitioner’s responsibility to determine which of the phase remedies is most appropriate for the patient. By becoming familiar with the areas of effectiveness of each phase remedy it will be easier to recommend the most appropriate one for each particular patient. Again, giving the phase remedy in addition to the main remedy listed for the condition provides a powerful healing stimulus.

It is the goal of treatment to move the patient’s condition from right to left and diagonally upward on the chart. This motion reflects healing and is called regressive vicariation. Healing occurs following the principles of Hering’s Laws of Cure, i.e.:

1. From top to bottom
2. From inside to outside
3. From organs of major importance to those of lesser importance
4. In reverse chronological order

The six-phase table of homotoxicosis is structured according to Hering’s Laws of Cure. It has been described as an accurate two-dimensional representation of those healing laws.

Progressive vicariation is the term used in Homotoxicology for an aggravation of the total symptoms of illness. This movement on the six-phase table is from left to right and diagonally downward. As they worsen, conditions affect deeper organ systems and eventually alter the cellular structures of the body.

Consider the respiratory system and follow a hypothetical illness as it progresses. A pollen particle enters the nose and irritates the nasal lining. The excretion phase of treatment is triggered to occur. The nose runs in an effort to wash away the offending pollen particle,
This, too, may ultimately not work as nasal polyps block the respiratory pathway and of a nasal polyp in an attempt to wall off the onslaught of pollen particles. The body's innate intelligence will again realize that the inflammation state was ineffective and the illness will progress to phase 3, or deposition. In the nose this could be the creation of a nasal polyp in an attempt to wall off the onslaught of pollen particles. This, too, may ultimately not work as nasal polyps block the respiratory pathway and eventually the patient might enter phase 4, or impregnation, where the toxins become buried deeper into the lungs. In such a case, asthma could ensue. In the process of moving from phase 3 to phase 4, the middle of the chart or the biological divide is crossed and the problem moves from a purely extracellular to an intracellular condition. That is, for the first time, damage has occurred within the cell structures. Ultimately phase 4 might be ineffective and a phase 5 of degeneration could ensue, possibly manifested as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).

The final stage of this progressive vicariation process is if the patient moves into phase 6 or dedifferentiation, where a lung cancer might be the end result. The astute homotoxicologist will realize that it is essential to treat both the current disease state as well as the underlying phase of the illness. By using the phase remedy, the illness will be provoked into a regressive vicariation, leading to a new illness state and then an earlier condition. Ultimately, if the remedies are successfully selected, the patient's own defense system can be stimulated to eliminate the problem by the time the patient reaches the excretion phase.

Note: The names of the six phases (excretion, inflammation, deposition, impregnation, degeneration and dedifferentiation) as listed above and commonly referred to in Homotoxicology, are used primarily in conjunction with physical conditions.

For treatment of mental/emotional conditions, a different set of phase names is employed: Alteration, reaction, fixation, chronic forms, deficits and decoupling. These names are grouped similarly to the six-phase names:

- Humoral phases = alteration and reaction
- Matrix phases = fixation and chronic forms
- Cellular phases = deficits and decoupling

Heel Advisory Board
June, 2003

Introduction

Classical homeopathy according to Hahnemann's Organon (1811) orientates itself based upon the so-called 'drug picture' to determine the appropriate remedy. It claims that symptoms of disease behave reciprocally towards those symptoms which a healthy test person reports after intake of a substance. This method of remedy determination is called a 'proving.' The key principle of homeopathy is known as the Simile Principle: Similia similibus curentur. (Likes may be cured by likes.) The clinical syndrome occurring in a patient can be overcome by an artificially induced similar disease. Homeopathic remedies stimulate the body's defences in order to restore health.

Classical homeopathy is an exacting practice in which single remedies are used therapeutically. Such remedies are only partly single (e.g., arsenic, sulphur or mercury) as many botanical extractions contain a highly complex mixture of ingredients. Considering the huge number of proven remedies, the selection of a single remedy requires careful observation and skill on the part of the physician. Once the appropriate remedy is selected the potency, or degree of dilution, needs to be determined. This also requires expertise.

The matter of homeopathic dilutions was scientifically supported by Arndt and Schulz through their work on the medicinal effects on bio-systems. The Arndt-Schulz principle states:

- weak stimuli stimulate life functions
- moderate stimuli accelerate life functions
- strong stimuli act as inhibitors
- the strongest stimuli suspend life functions

Homotoxicology was formulated by Hans-Heinrich Reckeweg, M.D. in 1952. He made use of his familiarity with classical homeopathy, which he combined with modern medical science. The resulting synthesis continues to provide a bridge between homeopathy and conventional medicine.

Reckeweg formulated an essential tenet of Homotoxicology, as follows:

"According to Homotoxicology, all those processes, syndromes and manifestations which we designate as diseases are the expression thereof that the body is combating poisons and that it wants to neutralize and excrete these poisons. The body either wins or loses the fight thereby. Those processes which we designate as diseases are the expression thereof that the body is combating poisons and that it wants to neutralize and excrete these poisons. The body either wins or loses the fight thereby. Those processes which we designate as diseases are always biological, that is, natural teleological processes which serve poison defense and detoxification."

Homotoxicology usually pursues an indication-based approach. Most anti-homotoxic preparations contain complexes of remedies in the low to middle ranges of dilution. Each preparation carries an indication, facilitating its use. There is no need, therefore, to determine individual remedy choice or potency.

Making use of conventional medical indications connects anti-homotoxic medicine with allopathy while its use of potentized substances unites it with homeopathy. Therefore, anti-homotoxic therapy is the connecting link between conventional (allopathic) medicine and homeopathy.

Fundamental principles of Homotoxicology

Homotoxins:

Homotoxins (human-toxins) include all of those substances (chemical or biochemical) and non-material influences which can cause illness in humans. Their appearance results in regulation disorders in the organism. Every illness is due therefore to the effects of homotoxins. Homotoxins may be introduced from the exterior (exogenic toxins) or originate in the body itself (endogenic toxins.)
The six-phase table is a field matrix reflecting medical experience based on careful observation and empirical learning. It is a phase-by-phase arrangement of disorder without a direct relationship between them. No causal pathogenic link between disorders can be inferred. The structure of the table makes it suitable for developing a prediction system giving a better assessment of the possibilities for a vicariation effect. © 2000 by Biologische Heilmittel Heel GmbH.
Biological division
The biological division refers to the imaginary boundary between the deposition and impregnation phases. It demarcates the pure deposition in the matrix from the integration of toxins into its structural components. Whereas a simple excretion of toxins is possible during the deposition phase, structural and functional changes are found in the impregnation phase. Thus, the spontaneous endogenic excretion of homotoxins is impeded.

Vicariation
The term ‘vicariation’ refers to the transition of the indicating signs of an illness within one phase to another organ system, or the change of fundamental symptoms into another phase with or without a change of the organ system.

Progressive vicariation refers to an aggravation of the total symptoms of an illness.

Regressive vicariation refers to an improvement of the total symptoms of an illness.

The principles of action of anti-homotoxic medicine
The different components of the anti-homotoxic preparations activate the defense system of the body. The immune system with its memory and regulation systems can be compared to the spiritual-mental self, the ego. The deposition phase and more frequently the impregnation phase are characterized by immunological processes such as chronic inflammation and auto-aggression. The humoral area (via immunoglobulins from B-lymphocytes) and the cellular area (T-cells, granulocytes, macrophages) still counterbalance each other in this case. A regressive vicariation is still possible in these matrix phases.

Herein lies a great opportunity for anti-homotoxic medicine. The immunological bystander reaction represents a theory of anti-homotoxic therapy for inflammatory illnesses. It is based on low dose antigen reactions, particularly of substance combinations in the range of 1X to 14X, with 4X to 8X appearing to be the most favorable. The bystander effect cannot be triggered at higher potencies. Experience shows that higher potencies as well as trace elements and intermediary catalysts are able to stimulate the ground regulation. (Functional circle of anti-homotoxic therapy; Heine 1997.) It is significant that for the potency ranges 3X to 12X, a considerable difference exists in the activation of specific enzyme systems compared to substances conventionally diluted to the same concentration. The dose-action relationship of potentized substances compared to diluted substances demonstrates a non-linear relationship.

Ground regulation system
Every organism requires energy to maintain its vital functions which must be continuously provided by the metabolism. Disorders of the energy metabolism, therefore, impair the energy supply which is controlled by endogenic regulation. The organism is an energetically open system for which suitable energy, in the form of food, must be supplied and unsuitable energy must be evacuated. In this manner an unstable state of order can be maintained, far from a thermodynamic balance, for a longer period of time; a “life-span.” All reactions of the organism proceed at relatively low temperatures in the aqueous milieu and must be accelerated, i.e., catalyzed. The prerequisite for an effective catalysis is the presence of a “life-span” energy supply which mediates to the ground substance. Every cell surface carries a glycoprotein and glycolipid film connected to the ground substance (dotted line), to which the histocompatibility complexes (MHC) also belong. The ground substance is connected to the endocrine system via the capillary system and via the axons to the central nervous system. The fibroblast is the metabolically active center (Heine, 1997.)

The connection to the central nervous system is conducted via the autonomic nerve fibers blindly ending in the matrix. The connection to the system of endocrine glands (pituitary gland, thyroid gland, suprarenal gland, etc.) is conducted via the capillary system which permeates the matrix. Both systems are connected to each other in the brainstem and to superimposed centers of the brain. In this manner, the matrix is regulated not only on site but also under the influence of superimposed control areas. The regulation center in the matrix is the fibroblast (corresponding to the glia cell in the central nervous system). It reacts immediately to all incoming information (hormones, neural substances, metabolites, catabolites, pH value changes, etc.) with a synthesis of ‘good’ or ‘bad’ information. In this manner every surplus or deficit can lead in certain circumstances to detrimental consequences for the total system depending individually on a vicious cycle.

It is important to note that due to the sieve-like as well as connective properties of the PG/GAGs, the danger of damaging the matrix also exists through the development of a latent tissue acidity, increase of free radicals and the activation of the proteolytic system turning...
Introduction

into a pro-inflammatory situation. Ultimately, damage of all humoral and cellular elements may arise progressing at first from persistent feelings of ill health to chronic disease and malignant processes (Heine, 1997.)

Immunological bystander reaction

Homotoxicological remedies have the ability to achieve immunomodulation. This immunomodulation is achieved via ingredients in the remedies used; these remedies contain an amino acid sequence in dilution, therefore remedies with plant extracts, suis organ extracts, nosodes and animal venoms are able to immunomodulate. The critical dilution of the ingredients from 1X-14X, furthermore gives the remedies the ability to induce the immunological bystander reaction, primarily in the Gut Associated Lymphoid Tissue (GALT) and less so in the peripheral tissues.

The normal immune response

The normal immune response depends, apart from the non-specific immune response via the phagocytes, complement and acute phase proteins, on the specific immune response, mediated by the lymphocytes and their products.

The CD4, CD8 and the family of Large Granular Lymphocytes (Including the Natural Killer Cells) forms part of this normal arm of the immune response. The CD4 and CD8 cells need to be activated by an Antigen Presenting Cell (APC) which will present the antigen by processing it either via the Major Histocompatibility Complex I or II (MHC I or II) or via other molecules such as the CD1 molecule in the intestinal epithelial cell. MHC I will activate CD8 cytotoxic cells. MHC II the CD4 helper cells and CD1 from the Intestinal Epithelial Cells (IECs) will activate CD8 suppressor cells.

CD4 cells have several subclasses of functional cells, namely Th1, Th2, Th3 and also Th4 cells. Th1 cells secrete the cytokines TNF and Interferon gamma and will activate lymphocytes and products which have significance within cellular immunity. Under pathological conditions, Th1 cells will cause diseases like Rheumatoid arthritis, Inflammatory bowel disease and other organ related autoimmune diseases such as Multiple sclerosis. It is also responsible for the general inflammatory processes we see in the tissues in general. Th2 cells on the other hand secrete the cytokines IL-4, 10, 5, and 13 and have significance within antibody formation. Th2 cells are also the pathway through which allergic phenomena are mediated in pathological circumstances. In the normal organism, there is a constant oscillation between Th0, Th1 and Th2 cells and this oscillation has a chronobiology similar to most of our other regulatory systems. In fact Th1/Th2 oscillation is under the control of the neuroendocrine system, and will follow its diurnal rhythm. Another mechanism which achieves this Th1/Th2 oscillation is the inhibitory effect the Th1 and Th2 secreted cytokines will have on each other. Another cell which can also modulate the normal oscillation is the Th3 cell.

This cell secretes the cytokine Transforming Growth Factor beta, (TGF-ß) and can modulate the balance between Th1/Th2. In addition the Th3 cell and certain CD8 suppressor cells are mostly likely responsible for the development of our immune tolerance to foods. It seems that the size of the antigen which is presented by the APC will determine whether it will generate a Th1, Th2 or Th3 response. According to Heine, any substance in the dilution from 1X-14X will have the effect of generating a Th3 response, and to a lesser extent, a Th2 response.

The bystander reaction

This refers, as its name implies, to the induction of cells by a relative non-toxic antigen which will then have an effect on a process such as an inflammation which was started by another antigen somewhere else in the body. Let’s look at the bystander reaction (Figure 3).
Antigen presentation and motif formation
In order to initiate the bystander reaction we need a small dose of antigen, or a remedy containing plant extract, suis organ extract, animal venom or a nosode, each in a specific dilution. These diluted substances are then taken up by the APC’s in the gut lining which will present them as an antigen to the lymphocytes in the GALT via the MCH or the CD1 binding mentioned above. The processed antigen is then displayed as a motif on the outside of the APC. There will be a motif for each of the ingredients, thus if we give Traumeel, one for Arnica, one for Bellis perennis, etc., or if we give Hepar compositum, one for Hepar Suis, one for Colon Suis and so forth.

Lymphocyte deployment
After being presented with the motifs on the APC, prolymphocytes of the Th3 type are activated due to the size of the motif (5-15 amino acids), and will differentiate into a population of Th3 cells. There will be a Th3 type cell for each of the motifs presented, thus one for Arnica, Bellis perennis and so forth.

These lymphocytes then migrate to the lymph nodes in the Peyer’s patches and proliferate into billions of copies. This process is called cloning.

Chemotaxis and suppression
The millions of cloned Th3 cells will then through chemotaxis find the inflammation caused by Th1, Th2 and Th4 lymphocytes and suppress them, thereby restoring the balance and normal oscillation between Th1/Th2 cells. Here the law of similars is at work, as each Th3 cell for Arnica or Bellis perennis for instance, will find the corresponding Th1/Th2 cell which looks similar to its motif and suppress it.

Summary
The immunological bystander reaction serves as a model for the working mechanism of immunomodulatory remedies which, through a non-toxic substance in a specific dilution can induce a regulatory cell, the Th3 cell. This regulatory cell, while developed at another site, and acting as an innocent bystander can bring about a balance in the immune system, by down-regulating an inflammatory process started by another noxious homotoxin remote from its own activation. The Th3 cell acts as a fulcrum on which the balance of Th1 and Th2 cells rests (Figure 4).

This also confirms one of the ways which Dr. Reckeweg postulated as to how homotoxicological remedies work. He theorized that by giving a non-toxic substance the defense system of the body is activated through another pathway in order to bring about homeostasis.

Figure 4: Diagram of Th3 as a fulcrum
Due to the dilution and ingredients found in certain homotoxicological remedies they lend themselves well to this type of immunoregulation.

Introduction to remedies in Homotoxicology
Homotoxicological medicines have been developed to serve the very specific purpose of restoring regulation in the organism. Although they may appear as being complex homeopathic compositions, they in fact differ in a number of ways from the normal complex prescription, in that they incorporate various dilutions of remedies, as well as potentized catalysts, allopathics and vitamins, for instance. As our knowledge of molecular biology increases we can witness the deep-acting function of these combinations on the body. We classify the remedies according to the origin of the remedy, the combination, as well as the phase in which they will be useful.

Classification according to remedy origin
The remedies are made up of four pharmacological groups (PG’s):
1. The first group is the plant materials (PPG’s). Depending on the dilution, these could have either the dominant, secondary or complementary action in the remedy.
2. The second group is the mineral pharmacological group or MPG’s. In the potency they mostly appear in the remedies, they act as functional regulators, modifiers and stimulators.
3. The third group is unique to Homotoxicology, and is made up of the catalysts (CPG’s). These are mostly in the 6X-10X dilution range, and will act as modulators and regulators. The CPG’s may contain potentized elements of the Krebs cycle, and carrier enzymes of the respiratory chain such as Ubichinon (Coenzyme Q). Hormones in potentized form, as levothyroxin and cortisone, can also act as catalysts. Certain other substances including Procainum, Glyoxal and Methyl glyoxal will also stimulate the intermediary metabolism, and are thus classified as catalysts.
4. The fourth group is the immunomodulators (IPG’s). Potentized Suis organ extracts, nosodes and also venoms of animal origin act as immunomodulators. These substances will induce Th3 cells and through the immunological bystander reaction will be able to modulate the immune response.

Classification according to the combination
Homotoxicological remedies may also be classified according to the way the above is combined. Five groups stand out for use in the United States:
1. The Indication-based Heel remedies: These are primarily composed of PPG’s and MPG’s and are often indication-based, as, for example, Traumeel and Vertigoheel. They can be used for acute as well as chronic conditions, and depending on the chronicity, can be used from days to weeks to months.
2. The Homaccords: These are also primarily composed of PPG’s and MPG’s such as Nux vomica-Homaccord (PPG’s) or Phosphor-Homaccord (PPG’s and MPG’s), which are typically present in potency chords, for instance 3X, 6X, 10X, 30X, 200X and 1000X. The Homaccords are often organotropic, thus they will support the function of a specific organ, and due to the potency chord will have a far-reaching action on the organ. They are often used for a period of time, 12 weeks for instance. Due to their potency chords, they often will not give a first aggravation seen by other homeopathic remedies.
3. The Injeets, or Heel remedies: These remedies are like a combination of the indication-based Heel remedy and a Homaccord, and are often directed at treating a specific indication affecting an organ system. The individual components which are normally PPG’s and MPG’s also come in shorter potency chords than the above, for instance, in potency chords to 10X and 30X.
4. The Catalysts: These contain substances of the CPG’s mentioned above occasionally with added potentized vitamins and other co-factors of the intermediary metabolism. The
catalysts which come in a compositum also may contain PPG’s, MPG’s, as well as IPG’s. They are added as soon as a condition reaches the matrix phases, in other words, once it affects the ground regulation system, and are employed in cycles, as the compositae.

5. The Compositae: These remedies have been developed as the ultimate regulators and modulators. They often contain all four PG’s, namely PPG, MPG, CPG and IPG, and therefore lend themselves to treatment of all conditions, but especially to those in the matrix and cellular phases. Sometimes, however, they are also employed in the humoral phases, on an Auto-regulatory system level, like Echinacea compositum, which is an excellent remedy to use in the inflammatory phase. Towards the right of the biological division, they are employed in cycles of five to six weeks, and the result is then assessed as to whether they should be repeated or not. The compositae come in oral vials, and many are also available in oral tablets.

Classification according to the phase and the remedy

Disease does not arrive on the cellular level overnight. It will start off as dysregulation of the Auto-regulatory system (ARS) and then move to the matrix, or Ground regulation level, (GRS) and lastly will manifest on the cellular level. This will correspond to the hormonal, matrix and cellular phases of the six-phase table.

When disease is in the humoral phases, it will often be enough to only employ remedies of the PPG and MPG group, and therefore most Homaccords, Heel remedies and Indication-based Heel remedies will suffice to restore self-regulation in a patient. However, when disease reaches the Ground regulation level, we need to add a catalyst, and when it approaches the cellular level, we need to mostly add an IPG as well. It is important to note that there are Indication-based Heel remedies other than a compositum, for example Gripp-Heel, which contains animal venom, (Lachesis) and therefore will act as an immunomodulator as well. In Lymphomyosot there is a catalyst (Levothyroxin) and an immunomodulator (Aranea diadema). The latter can thus be employed in all the phases of the six-phase table, whereas a remedy such as Engystol (Vincetoxinum and Sulfur, thus PPG, and MPG), will not be sufficient on its own in the matrix and cellular phases. We will then have to add a CPG such as Coenzyme compositum, and for instance, a compositum containing PPG’s, MPG’S, CPG’s and an IPG in some form.

The choice of remedy is thus made on the phase in the six-phase table in which the condition is classified, and on which part of the Auto-regulatory system or the Ground regulation system will need support.

The Course of Therapy

By introducing the vicariation principle into antihomotoxic therapy, Reckeweg pointed out the dynamics of every disease and/or recovery process. The interrelationships which exist between a bio-system and the damaging homotoxins vary continuously during an illness and during the recovery process. The purposeful, self-regulatory forces of the organism usually are retained during illnesses up to and including phases of the six-phase table of homotoxicosis. In contrast, after the Biological Division is crossed, from phase 4 onward, self-regulation and self-recovery is practically no longer possible for the organism. In this case a therapeutic treatment is required to achieve recovery. Following regressive vicariation, a disease often enters phase 2 or 3. This typically requires a change of the antihomotoxic preparation because in phase 2 a symptomatically indicated acute remedy is usually necessary. In phases 2 and 3, which belong to the humoral phases, the self-regulatory capacity of the organism is still present, so that only stimulative medication is required to initiate inflammatory mechanisms, particularly in the matrix. Usually the excretion of the disease occurs via the skin or the mucous membranes. Increased perspiration, sputum, strong formation of urine, light diarrhea and fever are welcome signs of a shift out of the cellular disease phases which indicates an improvement of the basic illness. In the acute phases 1 and 2, composita preparations such as Traumeel or certain Homaccords are preferable.

Dosage Forms of the Preparations

Tablets

Homeopathic remedies prepared in solid form are in most cases mixed with milk sugar (lactose) and then formed into tablets. Tablets should be placed under the tongue and allowed to dissolve gradually without chewing. This permits the active ingredients to be absorbed through the buccal lining of the mouth, thereby evading the stomach where gastric juices might destroy or inactivate the remedy.

Oral drops and oral vials

Liquid homeopathic medications should be retained in the mouth long enough for their contents to be absorbed by the mouth’s buccal lining. As with tablets, the goal is to avoid the stomach’s juices which can inactivate the remedy. Therefore, liquids should not be simply swallowed.

Ointments and gels

Topical preparations offer a direct application to the affected area. Ointments and gels may be applied generously, as necessary, by rubbing gently into the skin.

Nasal sprays

Homeopathic nasal sprays are not associated with side effects or the risk of habituation. To thoroughly coat the nasal membranes, inhale deeply through each nostril after application.

Suppositories

Suppositories offer an alternate route of administration for persons unable to take medications orally.

Ear drops

For comfort in administering, warm the liquid by holding the vial in a closed hand for one minute.

Eye drops

Homeopathic eye drops are safe for wearers of contact lenses.

Cough syrup

Homeopathic cough syrups help promote expectoration to shorten the duration of the cough.

Injection solution (Rx)

The injection solution offers doctors the ability to inject medication directly into the affected area. Remedies are contained in vials and diluted in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.
Therapeutic Index

Abdominal bloating .......................... 23
Abortion, threatened ...................... 23
Abrasions and burns ......................... 23
Abscesses .................................. 23
Achalasia .................................. 23
Acne rosacea ................................ 23
Acne vulgaris ................................ 23
Acrocyanosis ................................ 24
Addison’s disease* ......................... 24
Adenoid hypertrophy ......................... 24
Adhesions .................................. 24
Adiposis dolorosa ............................. 24
Adrenal atrophy .............................. 24
Aging, premature ............................ 25
Agoraphobia ................................ 25
Albuminuria .................................. 25
Alcoholism .................................. 25
Allegic symptoms ......................... 25
Alveolitis .................................. 25
Alzheimer’s disease ......................... 26
Amenorrhea, functional .................... 26
Anal fissures ................................ 26
Anaphylaxis* ................................. 26
Anemia ...................................... 26
Angina pectoris ................................ 26
Angioidema .................................. 27
Ankylosing spondylitis ...................... 27
Anorexia ...................................... 27
Anosmia ...................................... 27
Anxiety, symptoms of ...................... 27
Aphtha (canker sores) ....................... 28
Apophysis ................................... 28
Appendicitis, chronic* ...................... 28
Arthritis ..................................... 28
Arteriosclerosis* ............................. 28
Arthritis, symptoms of ..................... 28
Arthropathy .................................. 29
Ascites ....................................... 29
Asthma, bronchial* ......................... 29
Asthma, cardiac* ............................. 29
Atetosis ...................................... 30
Athemia ...................................... 30
Athlete’s heart* .............................. 30
Atrial fibrillation ......................... 30
Atrophic gastritis ............................ 30
Atrophic rhinitis ............................. 30
Atrophic vaginitis ......................... 30
Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD), 31
Back pain, lower ......................... 31
Balanitis .................................. 31
Bartholin’s* ................................. 31
Benign cell carcinoma ...................... 31
Benign prostatic hypertrophy ................ 31
Biliary colic .................................. 31
Blepharitis .................................. 32
Bone cysts .................................. 32
Bronchodilator ......................... 32
Bronchiectasis .............................. 32
Bronchitis .................................. 32
Bronchopneumonia ......................... 32
Brucellosis* (undulant fever) ............. 32
Bulbar paralysis, progressive ............. 33
Burns, minor ............................... 33
Bursitis ...................................... 33
Calcaneal spur .............................. 33
Calcium metabolism, symptoms of .... 33
Carbuncles (boils) ......................... 33
Cardiac insufficiency,* latent ............ 34
Cardiospasmodic ......................... 34
Cataract, symptoms of ..................... 34
Causalgia .................................... 34
Cellulitis, symptoms of .................... 34
Cerebral ischemia ............................ 34
Cerebral lesions; partial, fetal, in early childhood 34
Cerebrovascular ......................... 34
Ceroidosis .................................. 34
Cerebral abscess ................................ 35
Cervical headache ........................... 35
Chalazion .................................... 35
Chilblains ................................... 35
Cholangitis, cholecystitis* ............... 35
Cholecyctitis ................................ 36
Cholelithiasis ............................... 36
Cholesteatoma ............................... 36
Chondromyxoid fibroma ........................ 36
Chorea minor (Sydenham’s chorea) ....... 36
Chronic disease (ileitis and colitis) ....... 37
Chronic Fatigue Syndrome (CFS) ......... 37
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) 37
Cirrhosis hepatitis ......................... 37
Claudication, intermittent (Charcot’s disease) 37
Coccyx ....................................... 37
Colitis ...................................... 38
Colitis, ulcerative ......................... 38
Complex regional pain syndrome ......... 38
Concussion, minor ......................... 38
Condyloomas ................................ 38
Conjunctivitis ................................ 38
Constant ................. 38
Contracture, Dupuytren’s ................... 39
Convulsions ................................ 39
Corneal opacity ............................. 39
Coronary artery disease .................... 39
Coronary heart disease ..................... 39
Coronary insufficiency* ..................... 39
Cough, croupous ............................ 39
Coughs ..................................... 39
Cradle cap (seborrhea) ..................... 40
Cramps .................................. 40
Cushing’s syndrome* ...................... 40
Cystic fibrosis .............................. 40
Cystitis .................................... 40
Cysts .................................... 40
Dacyroadenitis ......................... 41
Decubitus ulcers ............................. 41
Delirium tremens ............................ 41
Dementia .................................. 41
Dental caries ............................... 41
Depression, endogenous ................. 41
Depression, reactive ....................... 41
Dermatitis, acute ......................... 42
Dermatomyositis (ringworm of the nails) 42
Dermatosis, chronic ....................... 42
Desquamation .............................. 42
Diabetes insipidus* ......................... 42
Diabetes mellitus* ......................... 42
Diabetes melitus* ......................... 42
Diaphanosomiasis .......................... 42
Diphtheria* ................................ 43
Disc prolapse ................................ 43
Dislocations and sprains ................... 43
Diverticulitis ......................... 43
Diverticulosis .............................. 43
Dizziness .................................. 43
Dysmenorrhea .............................. 43
Dyspepsia (gastroindigestion) ............. 44
Dyspepsia, functional ...................... 45
Dysuria ..................................... 45
Dysuria, pyogenic skin infection ........ 45
Ecchymosis ............................... 45
Eczema ..................................... 45
Edeema .................................... 45
Ejaculation, premature ..................... 45
Elephantiasis ......................... 46
Emaciation ............................... 46
Emphysema ............................... 46
Empyema* ................................ 46
Eructation* ................................ 46
Enteritis ................................. 46
Enuresis nocturna (bed wetting) ........ 47
Eosinophilic pneumonia* .................... 47
Epicondylitis ............................... 47
Epididymitis* ......................... 47
Epiphora* .................................. 47
Epistaxis (nosebleed) ....................... 47
Epithelioma* (epithelia neoplasms) ...... 48
Erysipelas, symptoms of .................. 48
Erythema multiforme ....................... 48
Erythrasma, symptoms of .................. 48
Esophagitis (See also GERD) ............. 48
Eustachian tube* blockage (catharr of the ear) 48
Exanthema, acute ......................... 48
Exciation, conditions of hyperactivity .... 49
Excruoratory pancreatic failure .......... 49
Exhaustion ................................ 49
Exopthalmos .............................. 49
Exostosis .................................. 49
Extra systole ................................ 49
Eye irritation ................................ 49
Facial paresis .............................. 50
Fat intolerance ......................... 50
Fatigue ...................................... 50
Fatty infiltration of liver .................... 50
Fever ..................................... 50
Fibroma ..................................... 50
Fibromyalgia ............................... 51
Fibrositis .................................. 51
Fistula ..................................... 51
Flatulence (See also Abdominal bloating) 51
Foliculitis .................................. 51
Frigidity (decreased libido) ................. 52
Funicular neuralgia ......................... 52
Furunculosis ............................... 52
Furunculus ............................... 52
Ganglion cyst ............................... 52
Gangrene, diabetic,* arteriosclerotic* .... 52
Gastralgia .................................. 53
Gastritis, acute* ............................. 53
Gastritis, atrophic ......................... 53
Gastritis, chronic* ......................... 53
Gastritis, hyperplastic* ...................... 53
Gastroduodenitis ............................ 53
Gastroenteritis ............................. 53
Gastro-Esophageal Reflux Disease (GERD) 54
Gastro-intestinal hemorrhage* .......... 54
Gingivitis ............................... 54
Glaucoma* ................................ 54
Globus hystericus* ......................... 54
Glosmoneuroplast slicing* ............... 55
Glossitis (inflammation of the tongue) .. 55
Glucose intolerance ....................... 55
Gout* ..................................... 55
Granulocytopenia* ......................... 56
Granuloma .................................. 56
Halitosis .................................. 56
Hay fever (allergic rhinitis) ................ 56
Headache .................................. 56
Heartburn (esophagitis) .................... 56
Heel spur .................................. 56
Hemihypertrophy* ......................... 57
Hemorrhagic diathesis* ..................... 57
Hemorrhoids ............................... 57
Hepatitis* ................................ 57
* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Intestinal stasis

*As an adjunct to standard medical treatment*
Therapeutic Index

- Sural spasms
- Sunstroke
- Stumps, painful
- Sports injuries
- Spondylosis
- Spasms
- Snake bite*
- Siderosis
- Sicca syndrome
- Senile heart*
- Sheehan's syndrome* (pituitary insufficiency)
- Shingles
- Shock, conditions of, traumatic*
- Shoulder-hand syndrome
- Sicca syndrome
- Siderosis
- Silicosis
- Sinus-empyema
- Sinusitis, acute
- Sinusitis, chronic
- Sjögren's syndrome
- Sleep disturbances
- Smoker's lung
- Snake bite*
- Solar dermatitis
- Spasms
- Spinal paralysis, spasitic*
- Spondylitis
- Sports injuries
- Sprains
- Stasis, venous
- Status asthmaticus
- Status epilepticus
- Stenocardia
- Stomatitis aphthosa
- Strangury
- Stress
- Stroke* (hernorrhagic or embolic)
- Stumps, painful
- Styloides (rinal)
- Subluxations* 
- Sudek's atrophy
- Sudorosis of the feet (excessive perspiration)
- Sunburn
- Sunstroke
- Suppuration
- Sural spasms
- Syphilitis

- Tachycardia, paroxysmal
- Tears, excessive
- Telangiectasia
- TMJ Syndrome
- Tendovaginitis
- Tendovaginitis
- Tenesmus of the G-I tract
- Tenesmus of the urinary tract
- Tennis elbow
- Testicular atrophy
- Tetany
- Thrombangitis obliterans
- Thrombocytopenia
- Thrombophlebitis
- Thrush (muco-cutaneous candidiasis)
- Thyroidectomy (cervical syndrome)
- Thyroiditis
- Tic, convulsive
- Tinnitus aurium
- Tonsillar hypertrophy
- Tonsillitis
- Tooth extraction
- Torticollis, spasmodic
- Toxoplasmosis*
- Tracheitis
- Trichinosis
- Trigeminal neuralgia
- Tuberculosis of the lungs*
- Tumor alicinae* (fungus ball)
- Typhoid fever*
- Ulcerative colitis
- Ulcers, corneal
- Ulcers, duodenal (PUD)
- Ulcers, lower leg
- Unrest, motor
- Urethral stricture
- Urethritis, non-specific*
- Urinary tract infection, acute
- Urinary tract infection, chronic
- Urticaria
- Uveitis
- Vaginitis
- Varicella
- Varicose veins
- Verrucae (warts)
- Vertigo
- Viral diseases
- Vitiligo
- Vitreous body, opacity of
- Vomiting
- Vulvovaginitis
- Warts
- Whooping cough
- Wounds

Abdominal bloating

- Excretion or Inflammation phase
- Main remedy: Gastricum
- Secondary remedy: Nux vomica-Homaccord
- Phase remedy: Hepeel

Abortion, threatened

- Inflammation or Degeneration phase
- Main remedy: Phosphor-Homaccord
- Secondary remedy: Spascupreel
- Phase remedy: Placenta compositum

Abrasions and burns

- See Burns, minor.

Abscesses

- Inflammation phase
- Secondary remedies:
- Main remedy: Belladonna-Homaccord
- Secondary remedie: Traumeel
- Primary remedy: Mercurius-Heel
- Secondary remedy: Arnica-Heel
- Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Acne rosacea

- Inflammation or Impregnation phase
- Main remedy: Ypsiloeheel
- Secondary remedies: Spascupreel
- Phase remedies: Atropinum compositum
- Primary remedy: Placenta compositum
- Secondary remedy: Coenzyme compositum
- Primary remedy: Ubichinon compositum

Acne vulgaris

- Inflammation phase
- Secondary remedies: Traumeel
- Primary remedy: Hepeel
- Secondary remedy: Belladonna-Homaccord
- Primary remedy: Berberis-Homaccord
- Secondary remedy: Cutis compositum
- Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum
- Primary remedy: Cutis compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Acrocyanosis
(Crocq's disease, related to Raynaud's)
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Aesculus compositum
Secondary remedies: Abropernol, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedy: Placenta compositum

Addison's disease*
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Berberis-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, China-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Adenoid hypertrophy
Deposition or Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Lymphomyosot
Secondary remedy: Calcoheel
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Adhesions
Deposition or Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Graphites-Homaccord
Secondary remedy: Placenta compositum
Phase remedies: Lymphomyosot, Coenzyme compositum

Adiposis dolorosa
Deposition or Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Hamamelis-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Graphites-Homaccord, Galum-Heel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Adrenal atrophy
Degeneration phase
Main remedies:
Secondary remedy: Berberis-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Aging, premature
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Barijodeel
Secondary remedy: Galium-Heel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Agoraphobia
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Neuro-Heel
Secondary remedies: Anacardium-Homaccord, Nervoheel
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Albuminuria
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Apis-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Reneel, Lymphomyosot, Galum-Heel
Phase remedies: Solidago compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Alcoholism
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Nux vomica-Homaccord oral vials
Secondary remedies: Cerebrum compositum, Nervoheel, Neuro-Heel
Phase remedy: Coenzyme compositum

Allergic symptoms
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Histamin
Secondary remedies: Galum-Heel, Lymphomyosot, Apis-Homaccord, Traumeel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Mucosa compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Alopecia areata
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Psorinoheel
Secondary remedies: Galum-Heel, Selenium-Homaccord, Cutis compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum
Alveolitis
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Droperteel
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel
Traumeel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Alzheimer’s disease
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Cerebrum compositum
Secondary remedies: Selenium-Homaccord
Ovarium compositum (female)
Testis compositum (male)
Ignatia-Homaccord (if emotional)
Phase remedies: Ubichinon compositum
Thalamus compositum

Amenorrhea, functional
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Hormeel
Secondary remedies: Ovarium compositum
Gynäcoheel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum
Tonsilla compositum

Anal fissures
Inflammation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Paeonia-Heel
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord
Abropernol
Viburcol suppositories
Phase remedies: Traumeel
Mucosa compositum

Anaphylaxis*
See Allergic symptoms, Rhinitis, Asthma, Snake bite, Hay fever, etc.

Anemia*
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies: Ferrum-Homaccord
(iron deficient)
Hepar compositum
(B12 deficient)
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum
Psorinoheel
Coenzyme compositum

Angina pectoris*
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Cactus compositum
Secondary remedies:
Cranolin
Pectus-Heel
Aurumheel
Spigelia compositum
Phase remedies: Ubichinon compositum
Coenzyme compositum

Angioedema
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Apis-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Histamin
Engystol
Phase remedies: Psorinoheel
Ubichinon compositum

Ankylosing spondylitis
Degeneration phase
Main remedies: Traumeel or Zeel
Secondary remedies: Rhododendroneel
Kalmia compositum
Osteoheel (spurs)
Galium-Heel
Phase remedy:

Anorexia
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Hepeel
Secondary remedy: Arsuraneel
Phase remedy:

Anosmia
(Loss of smell)
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies: Naso-Heel
Psorinoheel
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Anxiety, symptoms of
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Nervoheel
Secondary remedies: Ypsiloheel
Neuro-Heel

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Aphtha (canker sores)
*Inflammation or Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Traumeel**
Secondary remedy: Gastricumeel
Phase remedies:
- Mucosa compositum
- Paorinoheel
- Coenzyme compositum
- Ubichinon compositum

Apophysitis
*Deposition or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **China-Homaccord**
Secondary remedy: Osteoheel
Phase remedies:
- Zeel
- Coenzyme compositum

Appendicitis, chronic*
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Nux vomica-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies:
- Mercurius-Heel
- Cruroheel
Phase remedies:
- Lymphomyosot
- Echinacea compositum

Arrythmia
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Cralonin**
Secondary remedies:
- Aurumheel
- Aconitum-Homaccord
- Chelidonium-Homaccord
Phase remedies:
- Cor compositum
- Coenzyme compositum
- Ubichinon compositum

Arteriosclerosis*
*Impregnation, Deposition or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Barijodeel**
Secondary remedies:
- Galium-Heel
- Traumeel
Phase remedies:
- Hepar compositum
- Ubichinon compositum

Arthritis, symptoms of
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Zeel**
Secondary remedies:
- Traumeel
- Spascupreel
- Rhododendroneel
- Colnadrul
- Bryaconeel
- Discus compositum (spinal OA)
Phase remedies:
- Coenzyme compositum
- Galium-Heel
- Thalamus compositum

Arthropathy
*Inflammation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedies:
- Zeel or **Traumeel**
Secondary remedies:
- Arnica-Heel
- Colnadrul
Phase remedies:
- Coenzyme compositum
- Ubichinon compositum

Ascites
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: **Apis-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies:
- Hepeel
- Galium-Heel
- Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies:
- Solidago compositum
- Coenzyme compositum
- Ubichinon compositum

Asthenia, neurocirculatory
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Aurumheel**
Secondary remedies:
- Cralonin
- Ypsiloheel
- Neuro-Heel
Phase remedies:
- Tonsilla compositum
- Coenzyme compositum
- Ubichinon compositum
- Glyoxal compositum

Asthma, bronchial*
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedies:
- Tartephedreel and **Bronchalis-Heel**
Secondary remedies:
- Traumeel
- Engystol
- Drosera-Homaccord
- Mucosa compositum
Phase remedies:
- Thyreoidea compositum
- Psorinoheel
- Ubichinon compositum
- Glyoxal compositum

Asthma, cardiac*
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Aurumheel**
Secondary remedies:
- Arnica-Heel
- Cor compositum
Phase remedies:
- Coenzyme compositum
- Ubichinon compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Atelectasis*  
*Inflammation phase*  
Main remedy: **Bronchalis-Heel**  
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Galium-Heel  
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Atheroma  
Deposition, Impregnation or Degeneration phase  
Main remedy: **Barijodeel**  
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Spigelia compositum  
Phase remedies: Ubichinon compositum, Hepar compositum

Athlete's heart*  
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*  
Main remedy: **Cralonin**  
Secondary remedies: Aurumheel, Cor compositum  
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Atrial fibrillation  
See Arrhythmia.

Atrophic gastritis*  
*Degeneration phase*  
Main remedy: **Nux vomica-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies: Lamioflur, Graphites-Homaccord, Galium-Heel  
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Atrophic rhinitis  
See Ozena.

Atrophic vaginitis  
*Degeneration phase*  
Main remedy: **Lamioflur**  
Secondary remedies: Mezereum-Homaccord, Schwef-Heel, Ovarium compositum  
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)  
*Impregnation phase*  
Main remedy: **Selenium-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies: Spascupreel, Cerebrum compositum, Nervoheel, Valerianaheel  
Phase remedies: Psorinoheel, Coenzyme compositum

Back pain (lower)  
*Inflammation or Impregnation phase*  
Main remedy: **Colocynthis-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies: Discus compositum, Zeel  
Phase remedies: Traumeel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Balanitis  
*Inflammation phase*  
Main remedy: **Traumeel**  
Secondary remedies: Cantharis compositum, Abropernol  
Phase remedies: Psorinoheel, Echinacea compositum

Bartholinitis*  
*Inflammation phase*  
Main remedy: **Mercurius-Heel**  
Secondary remedies: Hormeel, Psorinoheel, Traumeel  
Phase remedies: Echinacea compositum

Basal cell carcinoma  
*Dedifferentiation phase*  
Main remedy: **Galium-Heel**  
Secondary remedy: Cutis compositum  
Phase remedies: Viscum compositum (medium & forte), Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Benign prostatic hypertrophy  
See Prostatic hypertrophy, benign.

Biliary colic  
See Choilangitis.

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Blepharitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Oculoheel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Bone cysts
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Osteoheel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Bronchiectasis
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Bronchalis-Heel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Bronchitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Gripp-Heel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Bronchopneumonia*
Inflammation phase
Main remedies: Bryaconeel and Aconitum-Homaccord (early)
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Brucellosis* (undulant fever)
Inflammation or Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Belladonna-Homaccord
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Bulbar paralysis, progressive
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Vertigoheel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Burns, minor
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Causticum compositum
Secondary remedy: Arnica-Heel
Phase remedy:

Bursitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Osteoheel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedy:

Calcaneal spur
Deposition phase
Main remedy: Osteoheel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Calcium metabolism, symptoms of
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Calcoheel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Carbuncles (boils)
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Arnica-Heel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Cardiac insufficiency,* latent
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Cralonin
Secondary remedies: Aurumheel, Carbo compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Cardiospasm
See Achalasia.

Cataract, symptoms of
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies: Oculoheel, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Causalgia
See Complex regional pain syndrome.

Cellulitis, symptoms of
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord, Amica-Heel, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Cerebral ischemia
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Carbo compositum
Secondary remedies: Spascupreel, Selenium-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Cerebral lesions; partial, fetal, in early childhood
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Cerebrum compositum
Secondary remedies: Selenium-Homaccord, Spascupreel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Cerebroscerosis
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Cerebrum compositum
Secondary remedy: Barijodeel
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Thalamus compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Cerumen, excessive
Excretion phase
Main remedy: Lamioflur
Phase remedy: Psorinoheel

Cervical headache
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Gelsemium-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Spigelon, Cimicifuga-Homaccord, Rheuma-Heel
Phase remedy: Traumeel

Cervicobrachial syndrome
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Ferrum-Homaccord
Secondary remedy: Traumeel
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Chalazion
Inflammation or Deposition phase
Main remedy: Oculoheel
Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Cruroheel
Phase remedies: Echinacea compositum, Galium-Heel, Lymphomyosot, Coenzyme compositum (chronic), Ubichinon compositum (chronic)

Chilblains
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Abropernol
Secondary remedies: Aesculus compositum, Secale compositum, Placenta compositum
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Cholangitis, cholecystitis*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Chelidonium-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord, Atropinum compositum, Spascupreel, Hepar compositum
Phase remedies: Echinacea compositum, Traumeel

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
**Cholecystitis**  
*Inflammation phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Spascupreel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Atropinum compositum  
Nux vomica-Homaccord  
Belladonna-Homaccord  
Phase remedy:  
**Traumeel**

**Cholelithiasis**  
*Deposition phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Chelidonium-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies:  
Hepeel  
Coenzyme compositum  
Ubichinon compositum  
Phase remedies:  
**Coenzyme compositum**  
**Ubichinon compositum**

**Cholesteatoma**  
*Deposition or Degeneration phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Galium-Heel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Placenta compositum  
Coenzyme compositum  
Ubichinon compositum  
Phase remedies:  
**Placenta compositum**  
**Coenzyme compositum**  
**Ubichinon compositum**

**Chondroma**  
*Deposition phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Zeel**  
Secondary remedy:  
**Traumeel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Coenzyme compositum  
Ubichinon compositum  
Thyroidea compositum  
Phase remedies:  
**Placenta compositum**  
**Coenzyme compositum**  
**Ubichinon compositum**

**Chondropathy**  
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Zeel**  
Secondary remedy:  
**Traumeel** (if inflammatory)  
Secondary remedies:  
Coenzyme compositum  
Ubichinon compositum  
Phase remedies:  
**Placenta compositum**  
**Coenzyme compositum**  
**Ubichinon compositum**

**Chorea minor**  
(Sydenham’s chorea)  
*Impregnation phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Spascupreel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Ignatia-Homaccord  
Cerebrum compositum  
Nervoheel  
Psorinoheel  
Phase remedies:  
**Echinacea compositum**

**Chron’s disease**  
(*)leitis and colitis)  
*Degeneration phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Podophyllum compositum**  
Secondary remedies:  
**Diarrheel**  
**Veratrum-Homaccord**  
**Traumeel**  
**Galium-Heel**  
Phase remedies:  
**Mucosa compositum**  
**Coenzyme compositum**  
**Ubichinon compositum**

**Chronic Fatigue Syndrome (CFIDS)**  
*Impregnation phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Aletris-Heel**  
Secondary remedies:  
**Cerebrum compositum**  
**Aurumheel**  
**Engystol**  
Phase remedies:  
**Tonsilla compositum**  
**Thyroidea compositum**  
**Coenzyme compositum**  
**Ubichinon compositum**

**Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)**  
*Degeneration phase*  
Main remedies:  
**Bronchalis-Heel** and  
**Tartephedreel**  
Secondary remedy:  
**Cor compositum**  
Phase remedies:  
**Placenta compositum**  
**Coenzyme compositum**  
**Ubichinon compositum**

**Cirrhosis hepatis**  
See Liver damage and cirrhosis of the liver.

**Claudication, intermittent**  
(Charcot’s disease)  
*Impregnation phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Aesculus compositum**  
Secondary remedies:  
**Secale compositum**  
**Barijodeel**  
**Traumeel tablets**  
Phase remedies:  
**Placenta compositum**  
**Ubichinon compositum**  
**Coenzyme compositum**

**Colic**  
*Inflammation phase*  
Main remedy:  
**Spascupreel**  
Secondary remedy:  
**Atropinum compositum**  
Phase remedy:  
**Belladonna compositum**

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Colitis
*Inflammation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: *Podophyllum compositum*
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel
Diarrheel
Veratrum-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Echinacea compositum
Traumeel
Mucosa compositum

Colitis, ulcerative
See Ulcerative colitis.

Complex regional pain syndrome
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: *Traumeel*
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot
Apis-Homaccord
Ubichinon compositum
Thyreoidea compositum
Tonsilla compositum

Concussion, minor
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: *Traumeel*
Secondary remedies: Vertigoheel
Cerebrum compositum

Condylomas
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: *Psorinoheel*
Secondary remedies: Engystol
Traumeel ointment
Cutis compositum
Galium-Heel

Conjunctivitis
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: *Oculoheel*
Secondary remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord
Mercurius-Heel
Apis-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Echinacea compositum
Traumeel

Constipation
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: *Nux vomica-Homaccord*
Secondary remedies: Graphites-Homaccord
Hepar compositum
Phase remedy: Lymphomyosot

Contracture, Dupuytren's
See Dupuytren's contracture.

Convulsions
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedies: *Belladonna-Homaccord* and *Spascuprel*
Secondary remedy: Psorinoheel
Phase remedies: Cerebrum compositum
Thyreoidea compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Corneal opacity
See Cataract, symptoms of.

Coronary diseases
See Angina pectoris, Myocardial infarction, Coronary insufficiency, Coronary heart disease, Asthenia, neurocirculatory.

Coronary heart disease
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: *Cralonin*
Secondary remedies: Barjodeel
Cactus compositum
Aurumheel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Coronary insufficiency*
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: *Cactus compositum*
Secondary remedies: Cralonin
Cor compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Cough, croupous
*Inflammation or Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: *Spascuprel*
Secondary remedies: Aconitum-Homaccord
Strumeel
Husteel
Engystol
Phase remedies: Traumeel
Thyreoidea compositum

Coughs
See Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Pertussis, Pleurisy, Pneumonia, Influenza.
**Cradle cap** (seborrhea)
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: Graphites-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel
Abropernol
Phase remedy: Psorinoheel

**Crumbs**
See Colic, Spasms, Epilepsy, Nephrolithiasis, Cholangitis, etc.

**Cushing's syndrome***
*Degeneration or Dedifferentation phase*
Main remedy: Graphites-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Syzygium compositum
Lymphomyosot
Berberis-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Galium-Heel
Coenzyme compositum
Thyreoida compositum
Tonsilla compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Glyoxal compositum

**Cystic fibrosis**
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedies: Bronchalis-Heel and Momordica compositum
Secondary remedy: Galium-Heel
Hepar compositum
Placenta compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Cystitis**
*Inflammation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Cantharis compositum
Secondary remedies: Berberis-Homaccord
Reneel
Phase remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord
Echinacea compositum

**Cysts**
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: Apis-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Galum-Heel
Psorinoheel
Phase remedy: Lymphomyosot

**Dacryocystitis**
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: Oculoheel
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel
Crurheel
Phase remedy: Traumeel

**Decubitus ulcers**
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot
Galum-Heel
Aesculus compositum
Placenta compositum
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum

**Dementia**
See Alzheimer's disease, Depression, Delirium tremens, etc.

**Dental caries**
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: Mercurius-Heel
Secondary remedies: Calcoheel
Psorinoheel
Molybdän compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Depression, endogenous**
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: Tonico-Heel
Secondary remedies: Cerebrum compositum
Nervoheel
Phase remedy: Psorinoheel

**Depression, reactive**
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: Tonico-Heel
Secondary remedies: Ignatia-Homaccord
Neuro-Heel
Cerebrum compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Phase</th>
<th>Remedy</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dermatitis, acute</strong></td>
<td>Inflammation phase</td>
<td><em>Belladonna-Homaccord</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td><em>Apis-Homaccord</em></td>
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<td><em>Traumeel</em></td>
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<td><em>Hepeel</em></td>
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<td>Phase remedy:</td>
<td><em>Echinacea compositum</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dermatomycosis</strong> (ringworm of the nails)</td>
<td>Inflammation or Impregnation phase</td>
<td><em>Abropernol</em> and <em>Psorinoheel</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dermatosis, chronic</strong></td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td><em>Cutis compositum</em></td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Graphites-Homaccord</em></td>
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<td><em>Abropernol</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Phase remedy:</td>
<td><em>Lamioflur</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Desquamation</strong></td>
<td>Excretion phase</td>
<td><em>Abropernol</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td><em>Schwel-Heel</em></td>
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<td>Phase remedy:</td>
<td><em>Psorinoheel</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes insipidus</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td><em>Gelsemium-Homaccord</em></td>
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<td><em>Plantago-Homaccord</em></td>
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<td><em>Placenta compositum</em></td>
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<td>Phase remedies:</td>
<td><em>Coenzyme compositum</em></td>
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<td><em>Ubichinon compositum</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diabetes mellitus</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td><em>Syzygium compositum</em></td>
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<td><em>Hepar compositum</em></td>
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<td><em>Aesculus compositum</em></td>
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<td>Phase remedies:</td>
<td><em>Galium-Heel</em></td>
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<td><em>Coenzyme compositum</em></td>
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<td><em>Ubichinon compositum</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Diarrhea</strong></td>
<td>Excretion phase</td>
<td><em>Diarrheel</em></td>
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<td></td>
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<td><em>Veratrum-Homaccord</em></td>
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<td><em>Mercurius-Heel</em></td>
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<td>Phase remedy:</td>
<td><em>Spascupreel</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Diphtheria</strong></td>
<td>Inflammation or Degeneration phase</td>
<td><em>Belladonna compositum</em></td>
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<td><em>Amica-Heel</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Phase remedies:</td>
<td><em>Echinacea compositum</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Mucosa compositum</em></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Disc prolapse</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td><em>Discus compositum</em></td>
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<td><em>Traumeel</em></td>
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<td><em>Spascupreel</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td>Phase remedies:</td>
<td><em>Coenzyme compositum</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Ubichinon compositum</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dislocations and sprains</strong></td>
<td>See Sprains.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diverticulitis</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td><em>Veratrum-Homaccord</em></td>
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<td><em>Nux vomic-Homaccord</em></td>
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<td><em>Hepar compositum</em></td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td><em>Galium-Heel</em></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><em>Ubichinon compositum</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dizziness</strong></td>
<td>See Vertigo and Ménière's syndrome.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Down's syndrome</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td><em>Barijodeel</em></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
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<td><em>Cerebrum compositum</em></td>
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<td><em>Lymphomyosot</em></td>
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<td><em>Calcoheel</em></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dumping syndrome</strong></td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td><em>Duodenoheel</em></td>
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<td><em>Anacardium-Homaccord</em></td>
</tr>
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<td><em>Veratrum-Homaccord</em></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Duodenal ulcer
See Ulcers, duodenal.

Duodenitis
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Duodenoheel**
Secondary remedies: Diarrheel
Nux vomica-Homaccord
Mucosa compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Phase remedy:

Dupuytren's contracture
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Graphites-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Placenta compositum
Arnica-Heel
Phase remedies: Galium-Heel
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Dysentery, symptoms of*
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Podophyllum compositum**
Secondary remedies: Diarrheel
Veratrum-Homaccord
Mercurius-Heel
Mucosa compositum
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Dyslipidemia (mild to moderate)
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Barijodeel**
Secondary remedy: Graphites-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Hepar compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Dysmenorrhea
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Spascupreel**
Secondary remedies: Hormeel
Gynäcoheel
Thyroidea compositum
Tonsilla compositum
Phase remedies:

Dyspepsia (gastric indigestion)
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Gastricumeel**
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord
Anacardium-Homaccord
Veratrum-Homaccord

Dyspnea, functional
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Ignatia-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Aurumheel
Nervoheel
Gallum-Heel
Tonsilla compositum
Phase remedies:

Dysuria
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Cantharis compositum**
Secondary remedies: Berberis-Homaccord
Spascupreel
Traumeel
Phase remedies:

Eczema
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Abropernol**
Secondary remedies: Graphites-Homaccord
Schwef-Heel
Sulphur-Heel
Cutis compositum
Traumeel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Edema
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: **Apis-Homaccord**
Secondary remedy: Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Solidago compositum
Galium-Heel

Ejaculation, premature
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Testis compositum**
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel
Hormeel
Phosphor-Homaccord

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Elephantiasis
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Apis-Homaccord, Placenta compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Emaciation
Impregnation phase
Main remedies: Hepeel and Arsuraneel
Secondary remedy: China-Homaccord

Emphysema
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Tartephedreel
Secondary remedies: Placenta compositum, Galium-Heel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Mucosa compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Empyema*
Inflammation or Deposition phase
Main remedy: Belladonna-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Naso-Heel, Lamioflur
Phase remedies: Traumeel, Echinacea compositum

Encephalitis*
Inflammation phase
Main remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord and Apis-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Cerebrum compositum, Nervoheel

Endocarditis*
Inflammation, Deposition or Degeneration phase
Main remedies: Engystol and Belladonna-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Arnica-Heel, Bryaconeel, Cralonin, Secale compositum
Phase remedies: Echinacea compositum, Galium-Heel

Enteritis
See Gastroenteritis.

Enuresis nocturna (bed wetting)
Impregnation phase
Main remedies: Hormeel and Plantago-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Reneel, Nervoheel, Placenta compositum
Phase remedies: Psorinoheel, Solidago compositum

Eosinophilic pneumopathy*
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Tartephedreel, Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Epicondylitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Osteoheel, Bryaconeel, Ferrum-Homaccord

Epididymitis*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Rhododendroneel
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel, Hormeel
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Epilepsy*
Degeneration phase
Main remedies: Galium-Heel and Spascupreel
Secondary remedies: Cerebrum compositum, Belladonna-Homaccord, Psorinoheel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Epistaxis* (nosebleed)
Excretion phase
Main remedy: Phosphor-Homaccord
Secondary remedy: Euphorbium Sinus Relief
Phase remedy: Psorinoheel

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Epithelioma* (epithelia neoplasm)
**Dedifferentiation phase**
- **Main remedy:** Galium-Heel
- **Secondary remedies:** Psorinoheel, Lymphomyosot
- **Phase remedies:** Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Glyoxal compositum

Erysipelas, symptoms of
**Inflammation phase**
- **Main remedy:** Belladonna-Homaccord
- **Secondary remedies:** Arnica-Heel, Lymphomyosot,Apis-Homaccord
- **Phase remedy:** Echinacea compositum

Erythema multiforme
**Inflammation or Impregnation phase**
- **Main remedy:** Cruroheel
- **Secondary remedies:** Traumeel, Apis-Homaccord, Pulsatilla compositum
- **Phase remedy:** Echinacea compositum

Erythrasma, symptoms of
**Inflammation phase**
- **Main remedy:** Cruroheel
- **Secondary remedies:** Abropernol, Belladonna-Homaccord, Psorinoheel
- **Phase remedy:** Echinacea compositum

Esophagitis (See also GERD)
**Inflammation phase**
- **Main remedy:** Gastricumeel
- **Secondary remedies:** Nux vomica-Homaccord, Mucosa compositum
- **Phase remedy:** Traumeel

Eustachian tube* blockage (catarrh of the ear)
**Inflammation or Deposition phase**
- **Main remedy:** Euphorbium Sinus Relief
- **Secondary remedies:** Lymphomyosot, Rhododendroneel
- **Phase remedy:** Traumeel

Exanthema, acute
**Inflammation phase**
- **Main remedy:** Apis-Homaccord
- **Secondary remedies:** Belladonna-Homaccord, Galium-Heel, Pulsatilla compositum
- **Phase remedy:** Traumeel

Examination, conditions of hyperactivity
(See also Delerium tremens)
**Impregnation phase**
- **Main remedies:** Veratrum-Homaccord and Valerianaheel
- **Secondary remedies:** Psorinoheel, Nervoheel
- **Phase remedy:** Galium-Heel

Excretory pancreatic failure
See Pancreatic failure, excretory.

Exhaustion
**Impregnation phase**
- **Main remedy:** Aletris-Heel
- **Secondary remedies:** China-Homaccord, Nux vomica-Homaccord, Cerebrum compositum, Galium-Heel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Exophthalmos
**Deposition or Impregnation phase**
- **Main remedies:** Cactus compositum and Anacardium-Homaccord
- **Secondary remedy:** Graphites-Homaccord
- **Phase remedies:** Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Exostosis
**Deposition phase**
- **Main remedy:** Osteoheel
- **Secondary remedies:** Calcoheel, Lithiumeel, Galium-Heel, Lymphomyosot

 EXTRA systole
See Arrythmia*

Eye irritation
**Excretion phase**
- **Main remedy:** Oculoheel
- **Secondary remedy:** Euphorbium Sinus Relief
- **Phase remedy:** Psorinoheel

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Facial paresis
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Causticum compositum
Secondary remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Aconitum-Homaccord (early), Rhododendroneel, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Galium-Heel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Fat intolerance
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Chelidonium-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Hepeel, Nux vomica-Homaccord, Hepar compositum
Phase remedy:

Fatigue
See Exhaustion.

Fatty infiltration of liver
Deposition phase
Main remedy: Hepeel
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord, Graphites-Homaccord, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Glyoxal compositum
Phase remedies:

Fever
Inflammation phase
Main remedies: Aconitum-Homaccord and Belladonna-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Gripp-Heel, Viburcol, Echinacea compositum, Traumeel
Phase remedies:

Fibroma
Dedifferentiation phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedy: Lymphomyosot, Placenta compositum, Thyroidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Glyoxal compositum
Phase remedies:

Fibroma of the breast* (fibrocystic breast disease)
Deposition or Dedifferentiation phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies: Hormeel, Psorinoheel, Lymphomyosot, Thyroidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum
Phase remedies:

Fibromyalgia
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Neuralgo-Rheum, Spascupreel, Pulsatilla compositum
Phase remedies: Thyroidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Fibrositis
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Neuralgo-Rheum
Secondary remedies: Cimicifuga-Homaccord, Traumeel
Phase remedies: Thyroidea compositum

Fistula
Inflammation or Degeneration phase
Main remedies: Traumeel and Cruroheel
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel, Arnica-Heel
Phase remedies: Echinacea compositum, Tonsilla compositum (chronic)

Flatulence (See also Abdominal bloating)
Inflammation or Deposition phase
Main remedy: Nux vomica-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Gastricummeel, Diarrheel, Hepeel, Galium-Heel
Phase remedy:

Folliculitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Mercurius-Heel
Secondary remedies: Arnica-Heel, Traumeel ointment, Echinacea compositum, Traumeel
Phase remedies:

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Frigidity (decreased libido)
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Ypsiloheel
Secondary remedies: Hornea
Gynacoheel
Ovarium compositum
Galium-Heel
Phase remedy:

Funicular neuralgia
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Rhododendroneel
Secondary remedies: Berberis-Homaccord
Bryaconeel
Galium-Heel
Phase remedy:

Furuncular otitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Abropernol
Belladonna-Homaccord
Psorinoheel
Echinacea compositum
Phase remedy:

Ganglion cyst
Deposition phase
Main remedy: Graphites-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Rhododendroneel
Traumeel
Zeel
Galium-Heel
Phase remedy:

Gangrene, diabetic,* arteriosclerotic*
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Aesculus compositum
Secondary remedies: Secale compositum
Placenta compositum
Viscum compositum
Lymphomyosot
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Phase remedies:

Gastralgia
Impregnation phase
Main remedies:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Gastritis, acute*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedy:

Gastritis, atrophic
See Atrophic gastritis.

Gastritis, chronic*
Impregnation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Gastroduodenitis
See Duodenitis and Gastritis separately.

Gastroenteritis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedy:

Gastricumeeel and Duodenooheel
Spascupreel
Spigelia compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Mucosa compositum

Gastricumeeel
Nux vomica-Homaccord
Anacardium-Homaccord
Galium-Heel

Gastricumeeel
Duodenooheel
Nux vomica-Homaccord
Ergoheel
Mucosa compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Gastricumeeel
Gastricumeeel
Duodenooheel
Placenta compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Gastricumeeel
Diarrheel
Veratrum-Homaccord
Vomitusheel
Spascupreel
Berberis-Homaccord

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Gastro-Esophageal Reflux Disease (GERD)
Impregnation, Degeneration or Dedifferentiation phase
Main remedy: Gastricumeel
Secondary remedies: Vomitusheel, Nux vomica-Homaccord, Spascupreel, Mucosa compositum, Pulsatilla compositum
Phase remedies: Psorinoheel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Gastro-intestinal hemorrhage*
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Phosphor-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Veratrum-Homaccord, Traumeel, Hepar compositum
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Gingival abscesses*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel, Belladonna-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Gingivitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Mercurius-Heel
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord, Traumeel

Glaucoma*
Degeneration phase
Main remedies: Veratrum-Homaccord and Cruroheel
Secondary remedies: Cactus compositum, Galium-Homaccord, Galium-Heel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum
Phase remedies:

Globus hystericus
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Ypsiloheel
Secondary remedy: Ignatia-Homaccord, Psorinoheel
Phase remedies:

Glomerulonephritis*
Inflammation, Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Apis compositum
Secondary remedies: Apis-Homaccord, Lymphomyosot, Reneel
Phase remedies: Galium-Heel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Glyoxal compositum

Glossitis (inflammation of the tongue)
Inflammation, Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Veratrum-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord, Mercurius-Heel, Galium-Heel, Traumeel
Phase remedies: Psorinoheel, Molybdän compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Glucose intolerance
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Leptandra compositum
Secondary remedy: Hepeel
Phase remedy:

Goiter*
Deposition phase
Main remedy: Strumeel forte
Secondary remedies: Selenium-Homaccord, Galium-Heel, Thyreoidea compositum, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies:

Gonorrhea*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Reneel
Secondary remedies: Psorinoheel, Cantharis compositum, Mercuris-Heel
Phase remedy:

Gout
Inflammation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Lithiumeel
Secondary remedies: Abropernol, Belladonna-Homaccord, Amica-Heel, Tonsilla compositum (chronic)
Phase remedies:

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Granulocytopenia*  
Impregnation or Degeneration phase  
Main remedy: Galium-Heel  
Secondary remedies: Arnica-Heel, Pulsatilla compositum  
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Granuloma  
Deposition or Dedifferentiation phase  
Main remedy: Galium-Heel  
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Arnica-Heel  
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Halitosis  
Can arise from various phases  
Main remedy: Arnica-Heel  
Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Hepar compositum, Nux vomica-Homaccord  
Phase remedy: Depends on cause

Hay fever (allergic rhinitis)  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedy: Euphorbium Sinus Relief  
Secondary remedies: Histamin, Naso-Heel, Traumeel, Galium-Heel, Psorinoheel  
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Galium-Heel

Headache  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedy: Spigelon  
Secondary remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Cactus compositum, Chelidonium-Homaccord, Psorinoheel  
Phase remedy: Galium-Heel

Heartburn (esophagitis)  
Inflammation phase  
Main remedy: Gastricumeel  
Secondary remedy: Mucosa compositum  
Phase remedy: Traumeel

Heel spur  
See Calcaneal spur.

Helminthiasis*  
Deposition phase  
Main remedy: Tanacet-Heel  
Secondary remedy: Psorinoheel  
Phase remedy: Galium-Heel

Hemarthrosis  
Deposition phase  
Main remedy: Traumeel  
Secondary remedies: Graphites-Homaccord, Lymphomyosot, Phosphor-Homaccord, Thyreoidea compositum, Zeel

Hematomas  
Deposition phase  
Main remedy: Traumeel  
Secondary remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord, Phosphor-Homaccord, Momordica compositum, Ferrum-Homaccord

Hemorrhagic diathesis*  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedy: Phosphor-Homaccord  
Secondary remedies: Hepar compositum, Momordica compositum, Psorinoheel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Hemorrhoids  
Deposition or Inflammation phase  
Main remedy: Nux vomica-Homaccord  
Secondary remedies: Veratrum-Homaccord, Aesculus-Heel, Paeonia-Heel  
Phase remedies: Traumeel, Lymphomyosot

Hepatitis*  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedy: Hepeel  
Secondary remedies: Chelidonium-Homaccord, Galium-Heel, Hepar compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
**Hernias**  
Degeneration phase  
Main remedy:  
**Graphites-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedy:  
Nux vomica-Homaccord  
Placenta compositum  
Thyroidea compositum  
Coenzyme compositum  
Ubichinon compositum  
Phase remedy:  

**Herpes, simplex and zoster**  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedies:  
**Ranunculus-Homaccord** and  
**Mezereum-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies:  
Engystol  
Euphorbium Sinus Relief  
Apis-Homaccord  
Phase remedies:  
Tonsilla compositum  
Psorinoheel  

**Hiccoughs**  
Inflammation phase  
Main remedy:  
**Atropinum compositum**  
Secondary remedies:  
Spascupreel  
Nux vomica-Homaccord  
Gastricumeel  
Atropinum compositum  
Phase remedy:  

**Hoarseness**  
See Laryngitis.  

**Hordeolum**  
See Chalazion.  

**Hydrocele**  
Deposition phase  
Main remedy:  
**Apis-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies:  
Graphites-Homaccord  
Testis compositum  
Galium-Heel  
Lymphomyosot  
Phase remedy:  

**Hydrophobia**  
See Pyelitis and pyelonephritis.  

**Hyperacidity**  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedy:  
**Gastricumeel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Lamioflur  
Ergotoheel  
Hepeel  
Phase remedy:  
Mucosa compositum  

**Hyperemesis**  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedy:  
**Vomitusheel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Chelidonium-Homaccord  
Hepeel  
China-Homaccord  
Psorinoheel  
Phase remedy:  

**Hyperesthesia**  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedies:  
**Apis-Homaccord** and  
**Mezereum-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedy:  
Neuro-Heel  
Phase remedy:  

**Hyperhidrosis**  
Excretion phase  
Main remedy:  
**Schwef-Heel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Abropernol  
Phosphor-Homaccord  
Berberis-Homaccord  
Hepeel  
Phase remedy:  

**Hyperlipidemia**  
See Dyslipidemia.  

**Hypermenorrhea**  
See Menorrhagia.  

**Hyperoxaluria**  
Excretion phase  
Main remedy:  
**Berberis-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies:  
Reneel  
Hepeel  
Psorinoheel  
Phase remedy:  

**Hypersalivation**  
Excretion phase  
Main remedy:  
**Mercurius-Heel**  
Secondary remedy:  
Atropinum compositum  
Phase remedy:  

**Hypertension***  
Impregnation phase  
Main remedies:  
**Rauwolfia compositum and Cralonin**  
Secondary remedies:  
Mellilotus-Homaccord  
Hepeel  
Chelidonium-Homaccord  
Phase remedy:  

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* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
**Hypertensive heart disease**
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Cralonin**
Secondary remedies: Cactus compositum
Rauwolfia compositum
Phase remedies: Cor compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Hyperthermia**
(See also Fever and the corresponding indications)
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Belladonna-Homaccord**
Secondary remedy: Bryaconeel
Phase remedies: Traumeel
Echinacea compositum

**Hyperthyroidism**
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Cactus compositum**
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel
Ypsiloheel
Thyroidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Hypochondriasis**
See Depression, Schizoid conditions, etc.

**Hypoglycemia***
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Hepeel**
Secondary remedies: Vertigoheel
Hepar compositum
Leptandra compositum
Phase remedies: Thyroidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Hypoplasia mammae**
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Hormeel**
Secondary remedy: Ovarium compositum
Phase remedy: Tonsilla compositum

**Hypoplasia mammae***
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Hormeel**
Secondary remedies: Graphites-Homaccord
Placenta compositum
Galium-Heel
Phase remedy:

**Hypotension**
See Hypotonia.

**Hypothyroidism**
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Strumeel forte**
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot
China-Homaccord
Thyroidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Hypotonia**
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Aurumheel**
Secondary remedies: Aletris-Heel
Veratrum-Homaccord
Paorinhoel
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum

**Icterus**
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: **Chelidonium-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Hepar compositum
Nux vomica-Homaccord

**Ileitis and jejunitis**
See Chron’s disease.

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* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Immune deficiency
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: **Galium-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Engystol, Gripp-Heel, Psorinoheel
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Impetigo*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: **Mercurius-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Mezereum-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Impotence, male
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: **Testis compositum**
Secondary remedies: Selenium-Homaccord, Nux vomica-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Incontinence, anal
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: **Nux vomica-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Veratum-Homaccord, Placenta compositum
Phase remedy: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Incontinence, urinary
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: **Gelsemium-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Plantago-Homaccord, Reneel, Sabal-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Solidago compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Indigestion
See Constipation, Abdominal bloating, Colitis, Hemorrhoids.

Inertia, uterine
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: **Gelsemium-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Hormeel, Ovarium compositum (female), Testis compositum (male), Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Psorinoheel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Infarct
See Myocardial infarction.

Infection*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: **Arnica-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Lymphomyosot, Psorinoheel
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Infection, chronic, recurrent
Impregnation phase
Main remedies: **Gripp-Heel** and **Engystol**
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Psorinoheel, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Infertility
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: **Galium-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Hormeel, Ovarium compositum (female), Testis compositum (male), Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Psorinoheel, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Inflammation
See under the individual indications (Conjunctivitis, Rhinitis, Gastritis, etc.).

Influenza
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: **Gripp-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Engystol, Tartephedreel, Aconitum-Homaccord, Bryaconeel
Phase remedy: Traumeel

Inner ear deafness
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: **Graphites-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Barijodeel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Inoculation damage (post-vaccination symptoms)

**Inflammation phase**
Main remedy: **Traumeel**
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel
Belladonna-Homaccord

**Inoculation damage** (prophylaxis of)

**Inflammation phase**
Main remedy: **Thuja forte**
Secondary remedies: Traumeel
Psorinoheel
Phase remedy: Pulsatilla compositum

**Insomnia**

**Impregnation phase**
Main remedy: **Nervoheel**
Secondary remedy: Valerianaheel
Phase remedy: Thalamus compositum

**Insufficiency of lymph system**

**Impregnation or Degeneration phase**
Main remedy: **Lymphomyosot**
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel
Apis-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Intercostal neuralgia**

**Impregnation phase**
Main remedy: **Ranunculus-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Rhododendroneel
Colocynthis-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Discus compositum

**Interdigital mycosis**

**Inflammation phase**
Main remedy: **Graphites-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Sulphur-Heel
Psorinoheel
Phase remedy: Traumeel

**Intermenstrual pain**

**Inflammation phase**
Main remedy: **Gynäcoheel**
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel
Apis-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Traumeel

**Interruption**

**Inflammation phase**
Main remedy: **Graphites-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Natrium-Homaccord
Abropernol
Lamioflur
Traumeel ointment
Traumeel

**Phase remedy:**

**Intestinal colic**

**Inflammation or Impregnation phase**
Main remedy: **Spascupreel**
Secondary remedies: Atropinum compositum
Nux vomica-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Coenzyme compositum

**Intestinal spasms**
See Intestinal colic.

**Intestinal stasis**

**Impregnation phase**
Main remedy: **Spascupreel**
Secondary remedies: Atropinum compositum
Nux vomica-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Coenzyme compositum

**Intestinal stasis**

**Impregnation phase**
Main remedy: **Nux vomica-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Spascupreel
Coenzyme compositum

**Iridocyclitis**

**Impregnation or Degeneration phase**
Main remedy: **Oculoheel**
Secondary remedy: Galium-Heel
Phase remedy: Placenta compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Iron deficiency anemia**
See Anemia.

**Irritable bladder**

**Inflammation phase**
Main remedy: **Populus compositum**
Secondary remedy: Plantago-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Berberis-Homaccord

**Irritable bowel syndrome**

**Impregnation phase**
Main remedy: **Nux vomica-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Spascupreel
Veratrum-Homaccord
Hepeel
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
**Keloids**  
**Deposition or Impregnation phase**  
Main remedy: **Graphites-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies:  
Phase remedies:  

**Keratitis**  
**Inflammation phase**  
Main remedy: **Oculoheel**  
Secondary remedy:  
Phase remedy:  

**Keratoderma**  
**Deposition phase**  
Main remedy: **Graphites-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedies:  
Phase remedies:  

**Kidney stones**  
See Nephrolithiasis.

**Lactorrhea**  
**Impregnation phase**  
Main remedy: **Hormeel**  
Secondary remedy:  
Phase remedy:  

**Laryngitis**  
**Inflammation phase**  
Main remedy: **Phosphor-Homaccord**  
Secondary remedy:  
Phase remedy:  

**Lateral sclerosis, amyotrophic**  
**Degeneration phase**  
Main remedy: **Galium-Heel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Phase remedies:  

**Lead poisoning**  
**Impregnation phase**  
Main remedy: **Reneel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Phase remedies:  

**Lentigo (liver spots)**  
**Deposition phase**  
Main remedy: **Ubichinon compositum**  
Secondary remedies:  
Phase remedy:  

**Leukoplakia**  
**Impregnation or Degeneration phase**  
Main remedy: **Traumeel**  
Secondary remedies:  
Phase remedy:  

**Lipid metabolism disturbance**  
See Dyslipidemia.

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Lipoma
Deposition phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Graphites-Homaccord
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Glyoxal compositum

Liver abscess*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Chelidonium-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Arnica-Heel
Traumeel tablets
Hepeel
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Liver damage and cirrhosis of the liver*
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Hepar compositum
Secondary remedies: Hepeel
Galium-Heel
Phosphor-Homaccord
Traumeel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Glyoxal compositum

Liver overload, functional
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Hepeel
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord
Molybdenum compositum
Phase remedies: Hepar compositum
Coenzyme compositum

Lumbago
See Back pain (lower).

Lupus erythematosus*
Degeneration phase
Main remedies: Galium-Heel and Psorinoheel
Secondary remedies: Traumeel
Lymphomyosot
Tonsilla compositum
Thyreoidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Lymphadenitis and lymphangitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Belladonna-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel
Lymphomyosot
Apis-Homaccord
Calcoheel (chronic)
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Lymphadenopathy
See Lymphatism.

Lymphatism
Deposition phase
Main remedy: Lymphomyosot
Secondary remedy: Calcoheel
Phase remedies: Pulsatilla compositum
Thyreoidea compositum

Lymphedema
Deposition phase
Main remedy: Lymphomyosot
Secondary remedies: Psorinoheel
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Lymphogranuloma, inguinal
Inflammation, Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot
Psorinoheel
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Macular degeneration
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Cerebrum compositum
Secondary remedy: Oculoheel
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Malabsorption
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Nux vomica-Homaccord
Secondary remedy: Molybdenum compositum
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum
Coenzyme compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
**Malaise** *(See also Exhaustion)*  
*Impregnation phase*

- **Main remedy:** Arsuraneel  
- **Secondary remedy:** China-Homaccord  
- **Phase remedies:** Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

**Malignant anthrax***  
*Inflammation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Arnica-Heel  
- **Secondary remedies:** Tartephedreel, Galium-Heel  
- **Phase remedy:** Echinacea compositum

**Mania**  
*Decoupling phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Ignatia-Homaccord  
- **Secondary remedies:** Nervoheel, Valerianaheel  
- **Phase remedies:** Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

**Mastitis**  
*Inflammation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Arnica-Heel  
- **Secondary remedies:** Bryaconeel, Lymphomyosot, Api-Homaccord  
- **Phase remedy:** Echinacea compositum

**Mastodynia** *(breast pain)*  
*Impregnation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Traumeel  
- **Secondary remedies:** Cimicifuga-Homaccord, Bryaconeel, Psorinoheel  
- **Phase remedy:** Pulsatilla compositum

**Mastoiditis**  
*Inflammation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Arnica-Heel  
- **Secondary remedies:** Galium-Heel, Traumeel  
- **Phase remedy:** Echinacea compositum

**Measles**  
*Inflammation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Viburcol  
- **Secondary remedies:** Bryaconeel, Tartephedreel, Oculoheel  
- **Phase remedy:** Belladonna-Homaccord

**Megacolon**  
*Impregnation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Nux vomica-Homaccord  
- **Secondary remedies:** Proctheel, Galium-Heel  
- **Phase remedies:** Hepar compositum, Coenzyme compositum

**Melancholia**  
*See Depression.*

**Ménière’s syndrome**  
*Degeneration phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Vertigoheel  
- **Secondary remedies:** Lymphomyosot, Api-Homaccord, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum

**Meningism**  
*Inflammation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Belladonna-Homaccord  
- **Secondary remedies:** Gelsemium-Homaccord, Cimicifuga-Homaccord, Traumeel

**Meningitis**  
*Inflammation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Apis-Homaccord  
- **Secondary remedies:** Belladonna-Homaccord, Cerebrum compositum, Echinacea compositum

**Menopause**  
*Impregnation phase*  

- **Main remedy:** Klimaktheel  
- **Secondary remedies:** Hormeel, Nervoheel, Ypsiloheel, Cimicifuga-Homaccord, Tonsilla compositum, Ovarium compositum (perimenopause)

*As an adjunct to standard medical treatment*
Menorrhagia
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Phosphor-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Gynäcoheel, Hormeel, Galium-Heel, Thyreoidea compositum, Ovarium compositum
Phase remedies:

Metritis, parametritis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Metro-Adnex-Heel
Secondary remedies: Gynäcoheel, Apis-Homaccord, Arnica-Heel
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Microsporea
See Dermatomycosis.

Migraine
Impregnation phase
Main remedies: Psorinoheel and Spigelon
Secondary remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Chelidonium-Homaccord, Hormeel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Milk secretion (to promote)
Excretion phase
Main remedy: Causticum compositum
Secondary remedy: Galium-Heel
Phase remedy: Lymphomyosot

Mononucleosis, infectious (glandular fever)
Inflammation or Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Engystol
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Calcoheel
Phase remedies: Lymphomyosot (Inflammation), Tonsilla compositum (Impregnation)

Morning sickness
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Vomitusheel
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord, China-Homaccord

Motion sickness
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Cocculus compositum
Secondary remedy: Vomitusheel

Multiple sclerosis*
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Psorinoheel
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Traumeel, Cerebrum compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum
Phase remedies:

Mumps
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Bryaconeel
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel, Pulsatilla compositum, Traumeel
Phase remedy:

Muscular atrophy
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Testis compositum
Secondary remedies: Molybdän compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum
Phase remedies:

Muscular dystrophy,* progressive
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Arsuraneel
Phase remedies:

Muscular rheumatism
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Colocynthis-Homaccord and Rhododendroneel
Secondary remedy: Rheuma-Heel, Tonsilla compositum
Phase remedy:

Myasthenia gravis*
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Gelsemium-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Arsuraneel
Phase remedies:

Mycosis
See Dermatomycosis, Interdigital mycosis.

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
**Myelitis**
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Rhododendroneel**
Phase remedies: Discus compositum
Coenzyme compositum

**Myocardial infarction*** (as auxiliary remedies)
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedies: **Cralonin** and **Aconitum-Homaccord** (early)
Secondary remedies: Cor compositum
Spigelia compositum
Carbo compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Myocarditis***
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Cralonin**
Secondary remedies: Engystol (after a virus)
Aurumheel
Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Myoma uteri** (fibroid uterus)
*Deposition phase*
Main remedies: **Gynåcoheel** and **Hormeel**
Secondary remedies: Ovarium compositum
Galium-Heel
Phase remedy: Thyreoidea compositum

**Myotonia**
See Myasthenia gravis. Also Hypothyroidism.

**Myxedema***
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Galium-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot
Graphites-Homaccord
Thyreoidea compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Nasal polyps**
See Polyps.

**Nephrolithiasis*** (kidney stones)
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: **Atropinum compositum**
Secondary remedies: Spascupreel
Reneeel
Berberis-Homaccord
Solidago compositum
Coenzyme compositum

**Nephrosclerosis***
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Aesculus compositum**
Secondary remedies: Barjodeel
Solidago compositum
Cralonin
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Nephrosis**
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Reneel**
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot
Traumeel
Apis-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Solidago compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Nephrotic syndrome***
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Apis-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot
Solidago compositum
Thyreoidea compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

**Nervousness**
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Nervoheel**
Secondary remedies: Ypsiloheel
Ignatia-Homaccord
Neuro-Heel
Phase remedy: Berberis-Homaccord

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Neuralgia
Impregnation phase
Main remedies: **Colocynthis-Homaccord** (back), **Spigelia compositum** and **Gelsemium-Homaccord** (trigeminal and intercostal), **Cimicifuga-Homaccord** (cervical)
Phase remedies: Thalamus compositum, Discus compositum (back), Coenzyme compositum

Neurasthenia
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: **Aletris-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Neuro-Heel, China-Homaccord, Tonico-Heel
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Neuritis, optical
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: **Galium-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Oculoheel, Traumeel, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Neurodermatitis
Inflammation to Impregnation phase
Main remedy: **Traumeel**
Secondary remedies: Hepeel, Psorinoheel, Arnica-Heel
Phase remedies: Cutis compositum, Thyreoidea compositum

Neurodystrophy
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: **Cerebrum compositum**
Secondary remedy: Barijodeel, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Neurogenic hypotension (orthostatic hypotension)
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: **Aurumheel**
Secondary remedies: China-Homaccord, Berberis-Homaccord, Veratrum-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Neuroma
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: **Galium-Heel**
Secondary remedy: Traumeel
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Neurosis
Fixation phase
Main remedy: **Ypsioloheel** (esp. in menopause)
Secondary remedies: Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Neurotic depression
Fixation phase
Main remedy: **Ypsioloheel**
Secondary remedies: Tonico-Heel, Ignatia-Homaccord, Neuro-Heel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Nevi
Deposition phase
Main remedy: **Psorinoheel**
Secondary remedy: Galium-Heel, Ubichinon compositum

Obesity (adiposis)
Deposition phase
Main remedies: **Graphites-Homaccord** and **Strumeel forte N**
Secondary remedy: Lymphomyosot, Thyreoidea compositum, Hepar compositum
Phase remedies: Lymphomyosot, Thyreoidea compositum, Hepar compositum

Onchomycosis
See Interdigital mycosis and Dermatomycosis.

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Onychorrhexis
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Graphites-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Cruroheel, Hormeel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Psorinoheel

Oophoritis*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Metro-Adnex-Heel
Secondary remedies: Gynäcoheel, Psorinoheel
Phase remedy: Traumeel

Orchitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Rhododendroneel
Secondary remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord, Arnica-Heel
Phase remedy: Traumeel

Organic psychosis syndrome
Chronic forms of the psyche
Main remedy: Cerebrum compositum
Secondary remedies: Neuro-Heel, Ypsiloheel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Ostealgia
Reaction, Deposition, Impregnation or Dedifferentiation phase
Main remedy: Osteoheel
Secondary remedies: Kalmia compositum, Cruroheel, Mezereum-Homaccord, Psorinoheel
Phase remedies: Traumeel, Thyreoidea compositum, Viscum compositum

Osteoarthritis
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Zeel
Secondary remedies: Traumeel (if inflammatory), Colnadul, Rheuma-Heel
Phase remedies: Discus compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Galium-Heel

Osteochondrosis
See Apophysitis.

Osteomalacia
Degeneration phase
Main remedies:
Osteoheel
Galium-Heel
Ranunculus-Homaccord
Ovarium compositum

Phase remedies:
Pulsatilla compositum
Tonsilla compositum
Thyreoidea compositum

Osteomyelitis*
Impregnation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Osteophytes of the heels
See Calcaneal spur.

Osteoporosis
Degeneration phase
Main remedies:
Osteoheel
Galium-Heel
Ranunculus-Homaccord
Ovarium compositum

Phase remedies:
Pulsatilla compositum
Tonsilla compositum

Otitis externa
Inflammation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Otitis media, acute*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedy:

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Otoliths  
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: Calcoheel
Secondary remedy: Galium-Heel
Phase remedies:

Otorrhea  
See Otitis media.

Otosclerosis  
See Inner ear deafness.

Ovarian cysts  
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Gynäcoheel
Secondary remedy: Hormeel
Phase remedies: Ovarian compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Ovaritis  
See Oophoritis.

Ozena  
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Euphorbium Sinus Relief
Secondary remedies: Naso-Heel, Abropernol, Psorinoheel
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Osteoheel  
*Paradentosis*

Pain  
*Inflammation or Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Spigelon, Cruroheel, Arsuraneel
Phase remedy: Thalamus compositum

Pancreatic fibrosis  
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Momordica compositum
Secondary remedy:
Phase remedies:

Pancreatitits*  
*Inflammation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Momordica compositum
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Papilloma (of the bladder)  
*Deposition or Dedifferentiation phase*
Main remedy: Psorinoheel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Paralysis*  
See Paresis.

Paralysis, general*  
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Galium-Heel
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedies:

Parametritis  
See Metritis, Oophoritis, etc.

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Paraplegia*
Degeneration phase
Main remedies: Traumeel and Lymphomyosot
Secondary remedies: Berberis-Homaccord, Spascupreel, Veratrum-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Paresis
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Gelsemium-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Aesculus compositum
Phase remedies: Cerebrum compositum, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Parkinson's disease*
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Spascupreel
Secondary remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Cerebrum compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Paronychia
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Psorinoheel, Apis-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Pelvic Inflammatory Disease (P.I.D.)*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Metro-Adnex-Heel
Secondary remedies: Gynäcoheel, Amica-Heel, Traumeel
Phase remedy: Lymphomyosot, Echinacea compositum

Pemphigus
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Mezereum-Homaccord
Secondary remedy: Galium-Heel
Phase remedies: Cutis compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Periarteritis nodosa*
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedies: Galium-Heel and Placenta compositum
Secondary remedies: Secale compositum, Aesculus compositum, Circulo-Heel, Aurumheel
Phase remedies: Thyroidea compositum, Pulsatilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Periarteritis calcaria (myositis ossificans)
Deposition phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Ferrum-Homaccord, Neuraglo-Rheum, Kalnia compositum, Calcoheel
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Periarthritides, humeroscapular
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Zeel
Secondary remedies: Ferrum-Homaccord, Bryaconeel, Spigelon, Lymphomyosot, Traumeel
Phase remedy:

Pericarditis
See Myocarditis.

Peridontosis
See Paradentosis.

Peripheral vascular disease
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Aesculus compositum
Secondary remedy: Secale compositum, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Pertussis*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Drosera-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Engystol, Droperteel, Spascupreel, Traumeel
Phase remedy:

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Peyronie's disease
Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Placenta compositum
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Psorinoheel, Galium-Heel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Pfeiffer's disease
See Mononucleosis.

Pharyngitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Phosphor-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel, Lymphomyosot, Engystol
Phase remedy: Traumeel

Phlebitis
See Thrombophlebitis.

Phobias
Fixation phase
Main remedy: Neuro-Heel
Secondary remedy: Ypsiloheel
Phase remedies: Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Pityriasis versicolor
Inflammation or Impregnation phase
Main remedies: Arsuraneel and Psorinoheel
Secondary remedies: Hepeel, Graphites-Homaccord, Cruroheel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Plantar fasciitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Arnica-Heel
Secondary remedy: Osteoheel
Phase remedy: Traumeel

Plethora
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Mellilotes-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Nux vormica-Homaccord, Hepeel
Phase remedy: Belladonna-Homaccord

Pleurisy*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Bryaconeel
Secondary remedies: Apis-Homaccord, Ranunculus-Homaccord, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedv:

Pneumoconiosis
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Bronchalis-Heel
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Droperteel, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Pneumonia*
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Bryaconeel
Secondary remedies: Phosphor-Homaccord, Arnica-Heel, Tartephedreel, Traumeel
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Pneumopathy, eosinophilic
See Eosinophilic pneumopathy.

Polyarthritis
Inflammation (acute), Impregnation or Degeneration (chronic) phase
Main remedies: Bryaconeel and Rhododendroneel
Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Lymphomyosot, Echinacea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Polyneuritis
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Bryaconeel
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Lymphomyosot, Aesculus compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Thyreoidea compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
**Polyneuropathy**
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: Lymphomyosot
Secondary remedy: Galum-Heel
Phase remedies: Discus compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Coenzyme compositum

*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: *Nux vomica-Homaccord*
Secondary remedies: Galum-Heel, Psorinoheel, Mucosa compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Hepar compositum

**Polypsis coli**
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: *Nux vomica-Homaccord*
Secondary remedies: Galum-Heel, Psorinoheel, Mucosa compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Hepar compositum

**Polyps**
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: Psorinoheel
Secondary remedies: Galum-Heel, Graphites-Homaccord, Lymphomyosot, Placenta compositum, Mucosa compositum

**Polyuria**
See irritable bladder.

**Porphyria***
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedies: Spascupreel, *Cutis compositum* and Nervoheel
Secondary remedies: Galum-Heel, Psorinoheel, Lymphomyosot, Hepar compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Glyoxal compositum

*Precancerous dermatitis*
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: *Cutis compositum*
Secondary remedies: Psorinoheel, Galum-Heel
Phase remedy: Glyoxal compositum

*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: Sabal-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord, Berberis-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Solidago compositum, Ubichinon compositum

**Premenstrual syndrome**
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: Ypsiheel
Secondary remedies: Apis-Homaccord, Lymphomyosot, Hormeel
Phase remedy: Ovarium compositum

*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: Ypsiheel
Secondary remedies: Apis-Homaccord, Lymphomyosot, Hormeel
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

**Proctitis, periproctitis**
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord, Mercurius-Heel, Proctheel

**Proctitis, anal and rectal**
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Igntia-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

**Proctitis, uterine**
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: Hormeel
Secondary remedies: Gynäcoheel, Lamioflur, Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

**Prostatic hypertrophy, benign**
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: Sabal-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord, Berberis-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Solidago compositum, Ubichinon compositum

**Prostatitis**
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: Sabal-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord, Lymphomyosot, Solidago compositum, Ubichinon compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Pruritus
*Inflammation or Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Histamin**
Secondary remedies: Psorinoheel
Sulphur-Heel
Hepeel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Psittacosis
See Pneumonia.

Psoriasis
*Impregnation or Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Sulphur-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Graphites-Homaccord
Galum-Heel
Psorinoheel
Culis compositum
Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Glyoxal compositum

Pulmonary fibrosis
*Degeneration phase*
Main remedy: **Tartephedreel**
Secondary remedies: Bronchalis-Heel
Cor compositum
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

Pulmonary hemorrhage
See Hemorrhagic diathesis.

Pulmonary tuberculosis
See Tuberculosis.

Pulpitis
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Mercurius-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Osteoheel
Lymphomyosot
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Purpuric hemorragica
See Hemorrhagic diathesis.

Pyelitis and pyelonephritis*
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Reneel**
Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel
Belladonna-Homaccord
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Pyelosporasm
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedy: **Duodenheel**
Secondary remedies: Spascupreel
Chelidonium-Homaccord
Atropinum compositum
Coenzyme compositum

Quinsy*
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Mercurius-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Arnica-Heel
Belladonna-Homaccord
Echinacea compositum
Traumeel

Radiation sickness
*Impregnation phase*
Main remedys: Causticum compositum
and **Traumeel**
Secondary remedies: Galum-Heel
Hepeel
Mucosa compositum
Thyreoida compositum
Tonsilla compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Glyoxal compositum

Ranula (sublingual cysts)
*Deposition phase*
Main remedy: **Thuja forte S**
Secondary remedies: Psorinoheel
Lymphomyosot
Placenta compositum
Thyreoida compositum

Recto-uterine abscess*
*Inflammation phase*
Main remedy: **Traumeel**
Secondary remedies: Gynäcoheel
Metro-Adnex-Heel
Mercurius-Heel
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Phase</th>
<th>Main remedy</th>
<th>Secondary remedies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reiter’s syndrome</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Psorinoheel</td>
<td>Oculoheel, Zeel, Kalmia compositum, Solidago compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Reneel</td>
<td>Berberis-Homaccord, Solidago compositum, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Renal atrophy</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Reneel</td>
<td>Berberis-Homaccord, Solidago compositum, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Renal edema</strong></td>
<td>Deposition phase</td>
<td>Apis-Homaccord</td>
<td>Lymphomyosot, Solidago compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Renal failure</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Apis-Homaccord</td>
<td>Reneel, Solidago compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Restless leg syndrome</strong></td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Neuralgo-Rheum</td>
<td>Psorinoheel, Discis compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Reticulocytosis</strong></td>
<td>Inflammation phase</td>
<td>Ferrum-Homaccord</td>
<td>Galium-Heel, Tonsilla compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Retinal detachment</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Oculoheel</td>
<td>Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Retinitis</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Galium-Heel</td>
<td>Aurumheel, Cerebrum compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Retinitis pigmentosa</strong></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Traumeel</td>
<td>Aurumheel, Cerebrum compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Retroflexion, uterine</strong></td>
<td>Impregnation or Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Hormeel</td>
<td>Gynäcoheel, Thyreoida compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rhabdomyolysis</strong></td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Graphites-Homaccord and Abropernol</td>
<td>Psorinoheel, Cutis compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rheumatoid arthritis</strong></td>
<td>Impregnation or Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Traumeel</td>
<td>Lymphomyosot, Galium-Heel, Amica-Heel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rhinitis, acute</strong></td>
<td>Excretion or Inflammation phase</td>
<td>Euphorbium Sinus Relief nasal spray and Naso-Heel</td>
<td>Natrium-Homaccord, Lymphomyosot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Rhinitis, allergic</strong></td>
<td>See Hay fever.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Rhinophyma
Inflammation or Deposition phase
Main remedies:
Secondary remedy:
Phase remedies:

Rhinorrhea
Excretion phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedy:

Rickets*
Degeneration phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedy:
Phase remedies:

Rosa
See Acne ro

Rubella
Inflammation phase
Main remedies:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedy:

Rubeola morbilli
See Measles.

Salpingitis
See P.I.D.

Scabies
Inflammation phase
Main remedies:
Secondary remedy:
Phase remedy:

Scarlatina
Inflammation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedy:

Schizoid conditions
Degeneration phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedy:
Phase remedies:

Sciatica
Impregnation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedy:
Phase remedies:

Scicntisi
Inflammation phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedies:
Phase remedy:

Scrofulosis
Inflammation or Deposition phase
Main remedy:
Secondary remedy:
Phase remedies:

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Sebaceous cyst (adenoma)
**Deposition phase**
Main remedy: **Galium-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Psorinoheel, Hormeel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Seborrhea
**Excretion or Inflammation phase**
Main remedy: **Schwef-Heel**
Secondary remedies: Abropernol, Graphites-Homaccord, Hormeel
Phase remedy: Psorinoheel

Senile heart*
**Degeneration phase**
Main remedy: **Cralonin**
Secondary remedies: Cor compositum, Testis compositum (male), Ovarium compositum (female)
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Glyoxal compositum

Sheehan’s syndrome* (pituitary insufficiency)
**Degeneration phase**
Main remedy: **Graphites-Homaccord**
Secondary remedy: **Galium-Heel**
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Placenta compositum, Ovarium compositum (female), Tonsilla compositum

Shingles
See Herpes, simplex and zoster.

Shock, conditions of, traumatic*
**Impregnation phase**
Main remedy: **Veratrum-Homaccord**
Secondary remedies: Cralonin, Carbo compositum, Aurumheel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Shoulder-hand syndrome
**Inflammation to Degeneration phase**
Main remedy: **Traumeel**
Secondary remedies: Ferrum-Homaccord, Neuralgio-Rheum, Kalmia compositum, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Sicca syndrome
See Sjögren’s syndrome.

Siderosis
**Deposition phase**
Main remedy: **Ferrum-Homaccord**
Phase remedy: **Ubichinon compositum**

Silicosis
**Deposition phase**
Main remedy: **Tartephedreel**
Secondary remedy: Ferrum-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Lymphomyosot, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Sinus-empyema
See Empyema.

Sinusitis, acute
**Inflammation phase**
Main remedy: **Euphorbium Sinus Relief**
Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Naso-Heel, Psorinoheel
Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

Sinusitis, chronic
**Degeneration phase**
Main remedies: **Naso-Heel and Lamioflur**
Secondary remedy: Euphorbium Sinus Relief
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Therapeutic Index

Sjögren's syndrome
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Oculoheel
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Mercurius-Heel, Graphites-Homaccord, Lamioflur
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Sleep disturbances
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Valerianaheel
Secondary remedy: Nervoheel
Phase remedies: Thalamus compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Smoker's lung
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Bronchalis-Heel
Secondary remedies: Droperteel, Tartephedreel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Snake bite*
Inflammation, Impregnation or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Arnica-Heel
Secondary remedies: Momordica compositum, Cralonin, Psorinoheel, Cerebrum compositum, Gelsemium-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Placenta compositum

Solar dermatitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord, Arnica-Heel, Hepeel

Spasms
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Spascupreel
Secondary remedies: Atropinum compositum, Viburcol
Phase remedy: Coenzyme compositum

Spinal paralysis, spastic*
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Spascupreel
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Atropinum compositum
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Spondylosis
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Zeel
Secondary remedies: Cimicifuga-Homaccord (neck), Colocynthis-Homaccord (lower back), Traumeel
Phase remedies: Discus compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Sports injuries
See Wounds.

Sprains
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Zeel

Stasis, venous
Deposition or Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Hamamelis-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Placenta compositum
Phase remedy: Thyreoidea compositum

Status asthmaticus
Impregnation phase
Main remedies: Veratrum-Homaccord and Ignatia-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Engystol, Traumeel, Spascupreel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Status epilepticus
See Epilepsy.

Stenocardia
See Angina pectoris, Myocardial infarction, Cardiac insufficiency.

Stomatitis aphthosa
See Aphtha, Thrush, Gingivitis.

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Phase</th>
<th>Main Remedy</th>
<th>Secondary Remedies</th>
<th>Phase Remedies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Strangury</td>
<td>Inflammation or Impregnation</td>
<td>Reneel</td>
<td>Atropinum compositum</td>
<td>Solidago compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Coenzyme compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stress</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Nervoheel</td>
<td>Tonico-Heel</td>
<td>Neuro-Heel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Berberis-Homaccord</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Tonsilla compositum</td>
<td>Placenta compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Coenzyme compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ubichinon compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stroke*</td>
<td>(hemorrhagic or embolic)</td>
<td>Melilotus-Homaccord and Traumeel</td>
<td>Placenta compositum</td>
<td>Carbo compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td></td>
<td>Apis-Homaccord</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Coenzyme compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Ubichinon compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stumps, painful</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Colocynthis-Homaccord</td>
<td>Traumeel</td>
<td>Placenta compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Coenzyme compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Thalamus compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Styloiditis (radii)</td>
<td>Inflammation or Impregnation</td>
<td>Traumeel</td>
<td>Zael</td>
<td>Discus compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subluxations*</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Traumeel</td>
<td>Spascupreel</td>
<td>Rhododendroneel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Thyreoidea compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Placenta compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>Coenzyme compositum</td>
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<td>Sudeck's atrophy</td>
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<td>Sudoresis of the feet</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(excessive perspiration)</td>
<td>Psorinoheel</td>
<td>Abropernol</td>
<td>Hepeel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Excretion phase</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subluxations*</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Traumeel ointment</td>
<td>Traumeel drops</td>
<td>Causticum compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>Veratrum compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Belladonna-Homaccord</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sunstroke</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Causticum compositum</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suppuration</td>
<td>Inflammation phase</td>
<td>Mercurius-Heel</td>
<td>Amica-Heel</td>
<td>Belladonna-Homaccord</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Echinacea compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subluxations*</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Spigelia compositum</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sural spasms</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Veratrum-Homaccord and Spascupreel</td>
<td>Aesculus compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Synovitis</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tachycardia, paroxysmal</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Spigelia compositum</td>
<td>Aurumheel</td>
<td>Psorinoheel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Gastricumeel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Cor compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tears, excessive</td>
<td>Excretion phase</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
Telangiectasia
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Secale compositum
Secondary remedies: Hamamelis-Homaccord, Psorinoheel
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

TMJ Syndrome
See Arthritis.

Tendosynovitis
See Tendovaginitis.

Tendovaginitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Arnica-Heel
Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Bryaconeel, Lymphomyosot
Phase remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord and Spascupreel
Secondary remedies: Gastricumeel, Veratrum-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum, Hepar compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Tenesmus of the G-I tract
Impregnation phase
Main remedies: Nux vomica-Homaccord and Spascupreel
Secondary remedies: Gastricumeel, Veratrum-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum, Hepar compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Tenosynovitis
See Tendosynovitis.

Tennies of the urinary tract
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Plantago-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Berberis-Homaccord, Spascupreel
Phase remedies: Solidago compositum, Coenzyme compositum

Tennis elbow
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Traumeel
Secondary remedies: Rhododendroneel, Lymphomyosot

Testicular atrophy
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Testis compositum
Secondary remedy: Tonsilla compositum
Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Tetany
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Spascupreel
Secondary remedies: Calcoheel, Galium-Heel, Ypsiloheel, Gastricumeel
Phase remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Thrombangitis obliterans
Degeneration phase
Main remedy: Aesculus compositum
Secondary remedies: Secale compositum, Aurumheel
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Thrombocytopenia
Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Momordica compositum
Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Phosphor-Homaccord
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

Thrombophlebitis
Inflammation phase
Main remedy: Hamamelis-Homaccord
Secondary remedies: Belladonna-Homaccord, Arnica-Heel
Phase remedy: Belladonna-Homaccord

Thrush (mucocutaneous candidiasis)
Inflammation or Impregnation phase
Main remedy: Mercurius-Heel
Secondary remedies: Graphites-Homaccord, Gynäcoheel, Abropernol
Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Stage</th>
<th>Main Remedy</th>
<th>Secondary Remedies</th>
<th>Phase Remedies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Thyroidectomy</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Gelsemium-Homaccord</td>
<td>Cimicifuga-Homaccord (cervical region)&lt;br&gt;Spascupreel&lt;br&gt;China-Homaccord</td>
<td>Thyreoidea compositum (for connective tissue)&lt;br&gt;Coenzyme compositum&lt;br&gt;Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thyroiditis</td>
<td>Inflammation phase</td>
<td>Galium-Heel (autoimmune) and Engystol (infective)</td>
<td>Strumeel&lt;br&gt;Cactus compositum</td>
<td>Thyreoidea compositum&lt;br&gt;Coenzyme compositum&lt;br&gt;Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tic, convulsive</td>
<td>Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Spascupreel</td>
<td>Cerebrum compositum&lt;br&gt;Ignatia-Homaccord&lt;br&gt;Psorinoheel</td>
<td>Coenzyme compositum&lt;br&gt;Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tinnitus aurium</td>
<td>Impregnation or Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Vertigoheel</td>
<td>Osteoheel&lt;br&gt;Aesculus compositum</td>
<td>Coenzyme compositum&lt;br&gt;Ubichinon compositum&lt;br&gt;Placenta compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tonsillar hypertrophy</td>
<td>Deposition phase</td>
<td>Lymphomyosot</td>
<td>Calcoheel&lt;br&gt;Tonsilla compositum&lt;br&gt;Coenzyme compositum&lt;br&gt;Ubichinon compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tonsillitis</td>
<td>Impregnation or Degeneration phase</td>
<td>Mercurius-Heel</td>
<td>Arnica-Heel&lt;br&gt;Belladonna compositum&lt;br&gt;Lymphomyosot&lt;br&gt;Tonsilla compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tooth extraction</td>
<td>Inflammation phase</td>
<td>Traumeel</td>
<td>Osteoheel</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torticollis, spasmodic</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Spascupreel</td>
<td>Gelsemium-Homaccord&lt;br&gt;Thyroidea compositum&lt;br&gt;Coenzyme compositum&lt;br&gt;Ubichinon compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trichinosis</td>
<td>Inflammation phase</td>
<td>Belladonna-Homaccord</td>
<td>Traumeel&lt;br&gt;Echinacea compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trigeminal neuralgia</td>
<td>Impregnation phase</td>
<td>Spigelon</td>
<td>Causticum compositum&lt;br&gt;Spascupreel&lt;br&gt;Psorinoheel&lt;br&gt;Thyroidea compositum&lt;br&gt;Coenzyme compositum&lt;br&gt;Ubichinon compositum</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
**Tuberculosis of the lungs***

Inflammation, Impregnation or Degeneration phase

Main remedy: **Tartephedrel**

Secondary remedies: Arnica-Heel
Psorinoheel

Phase remedies: Tonsilla compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Placenta compositum

---

**Tumor albicans*** (fungal ball)

Impregnation or Deposition phase

Main remedy: **Cruroheel**

Secondary remedy: Galium-Heel

Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum
Tonsilla compositum

---

**Typhoid fever***

Inflammation phase

Main remedy: **Veratrum-Homaccord**

Secondary remedies: Arnica-Heel
Nux vomica-Homaccord

Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

---

**Ulcerative colitis***

Degeneration phase

Main remedy: **Podophyllum compositum**

Secondary remedies: Mercurius-Heel
Galium-Heel
Traumeel

Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum
Glyoxal compositum

---

**Ulcers, corneal***

Degeneration phase

Main remedy: **Mercurius-Heel**

Secondary remedy: Oculoheel

Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum
Coenzyme compositum

---

**Ulcers, duodenal (PUD)**

Impregnation to Degeneration phase

Main remedies: **Duodenoeheel** and **Gastricumeel**

Secondary remedies: Ergotheel
Phosphor-Homaccord
Nux vomica-Homaccord

Phase remedies: Mucosa compositum
Coenzyme compositum

---

**Ulcers, lower leg***

Degeneration phase

Main remedy: **Cruroheel**

Secondary remedies: Aesculus compositum
Secale compositum
Placenta compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

---

**Unrest, motor***

See Restless leg syndrome.

---

**Urethral stricture***

Degeneration phase

Main remedy: **Graphites-Homaccord**

Secondary remedy: Psorinoheel

Phase remedies: Solidago compositum
Placenta compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

---

**Urethritis, non-specific***

Inflammation phase

Main remedy: **Cantharis compositum**

Secondary remedies: Abropernol
Reneel

Phase remedy: Traumeel

---

**Urinary tract infection, acute***

Inflammation phase

Main remedy: **Cantharis compositum**

Secondary remedies: Berberis-Homaccord
Spascupreel

Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum

---

**Urinary tract infection, chronic***

Impregnation or Degeneration phase

Main remedy: **Reneeel**

Secondary remedy: Berberis-Homaccord
Solidago compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

---

**Urticaria***

Impregnation phase

Main remedy: **Histamin**

Secondary remedies: Apis-Homaccord
Belladonna-Homaccord
Hepeel

Phase remedies: Thyreoidea compositum
Coenzyme compositum
Ubichinon compositum

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* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Phase/Phase Remedies</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Uveitis</strong></td>
<td>Impregnation phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Oculoheel&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Secondary remedies: Galium-Heel, Tonsilla compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Phase remedies: Gallium-Heel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vaginitis&lt;br&gt;Inflammation phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Lamioflur&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Gynäcoheel, Psorinoheel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Vaginitis&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Gynäcoheel, Psorinoheel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum</td>
</tr>
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<td>Varicella&lt;br&gt;Inflammation phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Arnica-Heel and Mezereum-Homaccord&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Viburcol, Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Varicella&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Viburcol, Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Echinacea compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Varicose veins&lt;br&gt;Degeneration phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Hamamelis-Homaccord&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Viburcol, Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Varicose veins&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Lymphomyosot, Viburcol, Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Verrucae (warts)&lt;br&gt;Impregnation phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Psorinoheel&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Thuja forte, Abropernol, Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Galium-Heel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Verrucae (warts)&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Thuja forte, Abropernol, Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Galium-Heel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vertigo&lt;br&gt;Impregnation phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Vertigoheel&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vertigo&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Gelsemium-Homaccord, Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Viral diseases&lt;br&gt;Inflammation or Impregnation phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedies: Gripp-Heel and Engystol&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Traumeel (inflammation phase), Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Viral diseases&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Traumeel, Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Traumeel (inflammation phase), Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>Vitiligo&lt;br&gt;Degeneration phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedy: Cutis compositum&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vitiligo&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedy: Cutis compositum&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Placenta compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Ubichinon compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vitreous body, opacity of&lt;br&gt;Deposition phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Galium-Heel&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Oculoheel, Lymphomyosot&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Pulsatilla compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vitreous body, opacity of&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Oculoheel, Lymphomyosot&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Pulsatilla compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vomiting&lt;br&gt;Excretion phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Vomitusheel&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Gastricumeel, Hepeel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Nux vomica-Homaccord</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vomiting&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Gastricumeel, Hepeel&lt;br&gt;Phase remedy: Nux vomica-Homaccord</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vulvovaginitis&lt;br&gt;Inflammation or Impregnation phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Gynäcoheel&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Lamioflur&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Galium-Heel, Echinacea compositum&lt;br&gt;Mucosa compositum (chronic)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Vulvovaginitis&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Lamioflur&lt;br&gt;Phase remedies: Galium-Heel, Echinacea compositum&lt;br&gt;Mucosa compositum (chronic)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Warts&lt;br&gt;See Verrucae.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Whooping cough&lt;br&gt;See Pertussis.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wounds&lt;br&gt;Inflammation or Impregnation phase:&lt;br&gt;Main remedy: Traumeel drops&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Cimicifuga-Homaccord, Veratrum-Homaccord&lt;br&gt;Traumeel ointment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wounds&lt;br&gt;Secondary remedies: Cimicifuga-Homaccord, Veratrum-Homaccord&lt;br&gt;Traumeel ointment</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* As an adjunct to standard medical treatment
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pharmacological Index</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aconitum-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aesculus compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asclepias-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aloe-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anacardium-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ango-Heel® (Rx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apsis compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Apsis-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arnica-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arvaceel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atropinum compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aurum-Heel® (Rx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barifod®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belladonna compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belladonna-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Berberis-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bronchalis-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bryacceel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cactus compositum® (Rx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calceheel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cantharis compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbo compositum® (Rx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Causticum compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cerette compositum®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chelidonium-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chol-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cimicifuga-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Circocele-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocculus compositum®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coenzyme compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colnadin®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colocynthis-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cor compositum (Rx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CoughFree®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cranios® (Rx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curoheel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cutis compositum®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Detox-Kit®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diarthheel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Discus compositum®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dropperheel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drosera-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duodenoeheel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Echinacea compositum®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engystol®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ergoheel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Euphorbium Sinus Relief™</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ferrum-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gallium-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gastricumecel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gelsemium-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ginseng compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glyoxal compositum®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Graphites-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gripp-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gynacheel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hannamaltis-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hepar compositum®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hepeel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Histamin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Homeel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Husteeel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignatia-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ignatia-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kalina compositum®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Klinitheel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lamiflor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leptadina compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lithiumel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lymphomyosot®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melilotus-Homaccord® (Rx)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mercurius-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metro-Adnex-Heel®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mepite-Homaccord®</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molybdän compositum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monordica compositum</td>
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<td>Mucosa compositum®</td>
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<td>Nasa-Heel®</td>
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<td>Neroveel®</td>
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<td>Neuro-Rheum®</td>
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<td>Nux vomica-Homaccord®</td>
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<td>Obtuleheel®</td>
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<td>Osteoheel®</td>
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<td>Ovarium compositum®</td>
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<td>Pectus-Heel® (Rx)</td>
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<td>Phosphor-Homaccord®</td>
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<td>Placenta compositum</td>
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<td>Plantago-Homaccord®</td>
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<td>Podophyllum compositum</td>
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<td>Populus compositum</td>
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<td>Procheel® (Rx)</td>
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<td>Psorineel®</td>
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<td>Pulsatilla compositum</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pure Eps Drops</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ranunculus-Homaccord®</td>
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<td>Rauwolfia compositum (Rx)</td>
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<td>Reneeel® (Rx)</td>
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<td>Rheuma-Heel®</td>
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<td>Rhododendronel®</td>
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<td>Sabul-Homaccord®</td>
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<td>Schef-Heel®</td>
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<td>Secale compositum</td>
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<td>Seleneum-Homaccord®</td>
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<td>Solidago compositum</td>
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<td>Spasmeel®</td>
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<td>Spigelia compositum (Rx)</td>
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<td>Struneel® forte (Rx)</td>
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<td>Sulphur-Heel®</td>
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<td>Syzygium compositum (Rx)</td>
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<td>Tanacet-Heel®</td>
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<td>Testis compositum®</td>
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<td>Thuja forte</td>
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<td>Thyreoidea compositum® (Rx)</td>
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<td>Tonico-Heel®</td>
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<td>Tonsilla compositum</td>
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<td>Traumeel®</td>
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<td>Ubichinon compositum®</td>
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<td>Valerianaeel®</td>
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<td>Veratrum-Homaccord®</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vertigoheel® (Rx)</td>
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<td>Viburcheel®</td>
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<td>Viscum compositum medium</td>
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<td>Viscum compositum forte</td>
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**Abropernol®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of dermatitis, minor skin irritations, eczema, hyperhidrosis, and hyperkeratosis.

**Ingredients:**
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Abrotanum 4X (facial eruptions; flabby skin), Pulsatilla 4X (urticaria; measles), Calcarea fluorica 12X (cracked, chapped skin), 60 mg each; Hamamelis virginiana 4X (varicose veins; painful inflammation), Aesculus muscarius 5X (burning, itching and swollen skin), Nitricum acidum 6X (warts that bleed on washing), Petroleum 6X (eczema; skin dry, sensitive and cracked), 30 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Aconitum-Homaccord®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of cold or flu symptoms including fever, chills, cough and nausea, particularly at the onset of the illness.

**Ingredients:**
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Aconitum napellus 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X (chills and acute fever with hot skin), Eucalyptus globulus 2X, 10X, 30X (influenza; relapsing fever; sore throat), 0.4 ml each; Ipecacuanha 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X (violent cough; cough with nausea), 0.2 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally, 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

**Aesculus compositum**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of cold hands and feet, hemorrhoids, varicose veins and tingling and numbness of extremities.

**Ingredients:**
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Aesculus hippocastanum 1X (regulates peripheral circulation), 10 ml; Echinacea angustifolia 2X (stimulation of body’s defenses), Arnica montana, radix 3X (alleviates bruising feeling), Secale cornutum 3X (emaciation), Viscum album 3X (feeling of light-headedness), Apis mellifica 4X (sudden piercing pain; edema), Baptisia tinctoria 4X (great muscular soreness), Benzoicum acidum 4X (offensive urine), Colchicum autumnale 4X (great prostration; internal coldness), Dulcamara 4X (rheumatic disorders aggravated by cold), Hamamelis virginiana 4X (venous congestion; varicose veins with soreness), Rhus toxicodendron 4X (tearing pain; extremely restless), Ruta graveolens 4X (feeling of intense weakness and despair), Baryta iodata 6X (indurated glands), Solanum nigrum 6X (restlessness; congestive headache), Tabacum 10X (nausea), Cuprum metallicum 13X (spasmodic affections; cramps), Plumbum iodatum 20X (muscular atrophy), 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 35% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally, 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

**Aesculus-Heel®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of discomfort from hemorrhoids, varicose veins and varicose eczema.

**Ingredients:**
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Aesculus hippocastanum 2X (engorged hemorrhoidal veins; feeling of fullness), 100 ml. Contains ethyl alcohol 70% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally, 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

**Aletris-Heel®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of exhaustion and weakness following illness, overexertion or muscle or joint pain.

**Ingredients:**
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Sepia 6X (weakness; aversion to food; depression), 60 mg; Aletris farinosa 4X (tired all the time; anemia), Cocculus indicus 4X (depression; aversion to food), Helonias dioica 4X (weakness; melancholy), Kali carbonicum 4X (general depression; irritability), 45 mg each; Natrum muriaticum 6X (weakness and weariness; coldness), 30 mg; Chininum arsenicosum 6X (weakness and prostration; cardiac dyspnea), Picricum acidum 6X (nerve irritation; muscular debility) 15 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.
Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Anacardium-Homaccord®
Indications:
For the temporary relief of nausea, vomiting and hunger pangs.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Anacardium orientale 6X, 10X, 30X, 200X (empty feeling in stomach, relieved by eating), Ipecacuanha 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X (persistent nausea and vomiting), 0.3 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Angio-Heel® (Rx)
Indications:
For the treatment of angina pectoris as well as myocardial impairment, weakness or exhaustion.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Glonoinum 10X, 30X, 200X (angina pectoris with sense of approaching death), Spigelia anthelma 10X, 30X, 200X (stabbing pain in left side of chest), 0.2 ml each; Asclepias tuberosa 10X, 30X, 200X (chest pain with painful respiration), Cactus grandiflorus 10X, 30X, 200X (constriction of chest; difficult respiration), Castoreum 10X, 30X, 200X (nervous exhaustion; antispasmodic), Crataegus oxyacantha 10X, 30X, 200X (heart tonic; irregularity of heart), Formicum acidum 10X, 30X, 200X (retroxic myocardial impairment), Plumbum iodatum 10X, 30X, 200X (hypertonia; angiospasms), 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Apis compositum
Indications:
For the temporary relief of urinary urgency, discomfort and pain, burning upon urination and edema.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Terebinthina 6X (itching vesicular eruption; urticaria), 90 mg; Nux moschata 6X (extremely dry skin; great drowsiness), 60 mg; Apis mellifica 4X (sore, sensitive skin with edema), Ignatia amara 4X (hysteria; depression), Veratrum album 4X (extremely cold skin), Phosphorus 6X (wounds bleed excessively; suddenness of symptoms), Mercurius corrosivus 8X (cold skin with edema), 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Apis-Homaccord®
Indications:
For the relief of swelling or burning of the skin due to eczema, allergies or insect bites.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Antimonium tartaricum 2X, 10X, 30X, 200X (chills and contractions, purpuric eruptions), 0.4 ml each; Apisinum 6X, 30X (serious edematous inflammation), Scilla maritima 3X, 10X, 30X (prickly skin pain), 0.25 ml each; Apis mellifica 2X, 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (sore, sensitive skin, swollen after bites) 0.1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Oral vials: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Arnica-Heel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of chronic and acute inflammation due to injury, minor illness, infection or rheumatism and gout.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 10 ml contains: Apis mellifica 4X (edematous swellings; numbness of fingers), Belladonna 4X (restlessness with nightly aggravation; insomnia), Belladonna 5X (angina pectoris; irregular pulse) 0.0003 mg, Bryonia alba 1X (great sleepiness with confusion), Bryonia alba 2X (great muscular soreness; bruised legs), Bryonia alba 3X (pain in bones; tendinitis), Bryonia alba 4X (trembling all over; tender feet) 0.003 mg each; Belladonna 4X (mental and nervous debility) 6X (debility and drowsiness), Kali phosphoricum 5X (pale face) 0.0005 mg each; Cantharis 5X (biliary colic with nausea) 0.009 mg each; wife melissae 4X (sore, bruised feeling) 25 mg each; Passiflora incarnata 2X (great muscular soreness; bruised legs) 10 ml; Secale cornutum 4X (sensation of phlegm in throat), 30 mg each; Silicea 4X (feeling of a lump in throat) 80 ml; Cuprum aceticum 2X (violent stabbing pain; inflammation) 0.06 mg each; Urginea maritima 1X (sensation as if heart ceases beating then restarts suddenly), 0.00003 mg in a lactose base. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Arsuraneel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of exhaustion and accompanying symptoms including mental or muscular debility, and insomnia.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Aconitum napellus 2X (mental and nervous debility) (nocturnal sweats) 0.0003 mg, Aesculus hippocastanum 2X (great muscular soreness; bruised legs) 20 mg, Aesculus hippocastanum 3X (sore, bruised feeling) 100 mg each; Belladonna 4X (mental and nervous debility) 6X (debility and drowsiness), Ferrum phosphoricum 5X (fever) 2 mg each; Bryonia alba 2X (great muscular soreness; bruised legs) 30 mg each; Colchicum autumnale 3X (angina pectoris; irregular pulse) 0.01 mg each; Cuprum aceticum 2X (violent stabbing pain; inflammation) 0.06 mg each; Urginea maritima 1X (sensation as if heart ceases beating then restarts suddenly), 0.00003 mg in a lactose base. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Atropinum compositum

Indications:
For the temporary relief of the pain and discomfort of colic including biliary colic, renal colic

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Atropinum sulphuricum 4X (biliary and renal colic; anti-spasmodic), 299.7 mg; Bryonia alba 1X (violent stabbing pain; inflammation) 0.06 mg; Arsenicum album 4X (burning pain; hopelessness), Berberis vulgaris 1X (renal and vesical disorders), Colocynthis 1X (stomach cramps; colic), Cuprum aceticum 2X (spasmodic gastric pain), Curare 12X (violent colic with pain going down thigh). Colchicum autumnale 4X (extreme coldness; vomiting; cramps in extremities) 0.03 mg each; Baptisia tinctoria 1X (contriction and contraction of esophagus), Chelidonium majus 1X (biliary colic with nausea) 0.009 mg each; Cantharis 5X (burning pain, worse from drinking coffee), Medorrhinum 10X (trembling all over; tender feet) 0.003 mg each; Clematis 1X (great sleepiness with confusion), Thuja occidentalis 1X (colic; emaciation) 0.0009 mg each; Benzoicum acidum 2X (constricted feeling in rectum; changeable pain) 0.0003 mg, Argentum nitricum 1X (colic with flatulent distention; desire for sweets) 0.00003 mg in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Aurumheel® (Rx)

Indications:
For the treatment of cardiac arrhythmias, insufficient cardiac output and functional coronary and circulatory disorders.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Curare 12X (arms weak, heavy; chest soreness), 75 mg; Cinchona officinalis 4X (deblility and drowsiness), Strychninum nitricum 6X (insomnia; violent trembling of joints), 60 mg each; Condurango 4X (ill health with emaciation), Secale cornutum 4X (emaion with anxiety), 30 mg each; Acetum acidum 4X (wasting and debility), Phosphoricum acidum 4X (mental debility; then physical; indifference), Arsenicum album 6X (restlessness with nightly aggravation; irritable weakness), 5 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Children to 11 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Barijodeel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms caused by poor circulation including mental fatigue, weak memory and a depressed mood, particularly in elderly persons.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Anacardium orientale 6X (impaired memory; absent-mindedness), Causticum 6X (sadness; hopelessness), Aconitum napellus 12X (great fear; anxiety; restlessness) 45 mg each; Arnica montana, radix 4X (indifference; wants to be alone), Ignatia amara 6X (sighing and sobbing), Kali phosphoricum 6X (anxiety; nervous dread) Stramonium 6X (Parkinsonism; must have company), Baryta carbonica 12X (bashful; mental weakness) 30 mg each; Calcarea iodata 4X (lightheaded; deficiency of memory) 15 mg in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Belladonna-Homaccord®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of localized inflammation including swelling, redness, suppuration and pain.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Belladonna 3X (dry, hot skin with boils) 5 ml; Belladonna 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X; Echinacea angustifolia 10X, 30X, 200X (boils; erysipelas) 0.5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Belladonna 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X; Echinacea angustifolia 10X, 30X, 200X 0.5 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Berberis-Homaccord®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of minor inflammation and irritation in the area of the urogenital tract including cramping, colic and discomfort.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 3X (agonizing abdominal pain) 3 ml; Berberis vulgaris 2X, 10X, 30X, 200X (pain in thighs on urinating) 0.4 ml, Veratrum album 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X (cold sweat; cramps; nausea), Colocynthis 10X, 30X, 200X 0.3 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Berberis vulgaris 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.4 ml each; Colocynthis 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X, Veratrum album 5X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.3 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
**Pharmacological Index**

**Bronchalis-Heel®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of coughs associated with bronchitis including flu coughs, chronic coughs and smoker’s cough.

**Ingredients:**
- **Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: Bryonia alba 4X (cough worse from entering warm room), Hyoscyamus niger 4X (dry, spasmodic night cough), 60 mg each; Antimonium tartaricum 4X (great rattling of mucus but little expectoration), Belladonna 4X (tickling, dry cough, worse at night), Ipecacuanha 4X (incessant, violent cough), Lobelia inflata 4X (dyspnea from constriction of chest), Sticta pulmonaria 4X (dry, hacking cough during night), Kreosotum 5X (hoarseness with pain in larynx) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Bryaconeel**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of pain and neuralgia associated with acute and chronic illness including colds and flu, bronchitis, arthritis and rheumatism.

**Ingredients:**
- **Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: Aconitum napellus 4X (acute fever; influenza), 150 mg; Bryonia alba 4X (dry mucous membranes; severe coughing) 120 mg; Phosphorus 5X (painful larynx; chest tightness) 30 mg in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Cactus compositum® (Rx)**

**Indications:**
For the ancillary treatment of coronary circulatory disorders, angina pectoris and myocardial weakness.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: Prunus spinosa 1X (angina pectoris; violent heartbeat) 18.2 ml; Glonoinum 6X (palpitation with dyspnea) 6 ml; Cactus grandiflorus 3X (endocarditis with mitral insufficiency), Kali carbonicum 3X (burning around heart; arrhythmia), Spigelia anthelmia 3X (violent palpitation; stabbing coronary pain) 1.0 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Calcoheel®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms of disorders of calcium metabolism including teething complaints, glandular swelling and conditions that are worse in wet weather.

**Ingredients:**
- **Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: Calcarea carbonica 8X (dentition difficult; teeth ache), 180 mg; Carbo vegetabilis 12X (teeth sensitive when chewing; cold from knees down), 60 mg; Chamomilla 4X (teething difficulties; weakness of ankles), Dulcamara 6X (shin pain, worse in cold, dampness) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Cantharis compositum**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of minor urinary discomfort, pain and burning during urination and feeling of urinary urgency.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: Arsenicum album 4X (weakness after urinating), Cantharis 4X (constant urge to urinate), Hepar sulphuris calcareum 6X (urine voided slowly without force), Mercurius solubilis 6X (inflammation in urogenital tract) 2.0 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.
Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

Carbo compositum® (Rx)
Indications:
For the adjunctive treatment of myocardial ischemia, cerebral ischemia and pre-apoplectic conditions.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Arnica montana, radix 6X (after-effects of traumatic injuries; heart tonic), Belladonna 6X (violent palpitation; overloading of brain blood vessels), Melilotus officinalis 8X (frontal, throbbing sensation in brain), Carbo vegetabilis 10X (great debility; states of collapse), Lachesis mutus 10X (palpitations with fainting spells) 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.


Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Packs containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

Cerebrum compositum®
Indications:
For the temporary relief of mental fatigue, poor memory and forgetfulness, lack of concentration, nervousness and anxiety.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Aesculus hippocastanum 4X (head dullness and confusion), Cinchona officinalis 4X (intense throbbing of head), Cocculus indicus 4X (profound sadness), Conium maculatum 4X (disinterested; weak memory), Gelsemium sempervirens 4X (dullness of mind), Ruta graveolens 4X (eye strain followed by headache), Aconitum napellus 6X (great fear; anxiety), Anacardium orientale 6X (impaired memory; absent-mindedness), Hyoscyamus niger 6X (deep stupor; confusion), Kali phosphoricum 6X (confusion; irritability), Thuja occidentalis 6X (memory deficiency), Cerebrum suis 8X (mental exhaustion; brain weakness), Ignatia amara 8X (sad, uncommunicative), Kali bichromicum 8X (vertigo; frontal headache), Manganum phosphoricum 8X (weak memory; anemia), Ambra grisea 10X (tearing pain in upper part of brain), Bothrops lanceolatus 10X (speech and memory disorders), Embryol 10X (revitalization), Hepar suis 10X (stimulates hepatic function), Magnesia phosphorica 10X (inability to think clearly), Phosphoricum acidum 10X (apathetic; indifferent), Placenta suis 10X (peripheral circulation disturbances), Selenium metallicum 10X (mental labor; fatigue; great debility), Sulphur 10X (very forgetful; difficult thinking), Medorrhinum 13X (weak memory; difficult concentration), Arnica montana, radix 28X (delirious) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.


Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Causticum compositum
Indications:
For stimulation of the non-specific defense mechanism in all types of burns to promote healing of wounds and recovery and to increase the energy level.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Causticum 3X (restlessness; emaciation), Arnica montana, radix 4X (sore, bruised feeling), Pulsatilla 6X (right-sided neuralgic pain), Natrum oxalacetici 8X (debility; dermatosis), Arsenicum album 10X (great exhaustion and restlessness), Embryol 10X (muscular dystrophy; arteriosclerosis), Fumaric acidum 10X (conditions of debility), α-Ketoglutaric acidum 10X (citric acid cycle component; dermatosis), Sulphur 12X (constant heat on top of head), Histaminum 18X (eczema; burns) 1.0 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.


Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Chelidonium-Homaccord®
Indications:
For the temporary relief of abdominal discomfort such as bloating, spasms, constipation, diarrhea, colic and flatulence.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Chelidonium majus 10X, 30X, 200X (biliary colic; distention; constipation) 0.6 ml each; Belladonna 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (stomach spasms; colic) 0.3 ml each; Carduus marianus 10X, 30X, 200X (nauses; retching; constipation) 0.1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Chelidonium majus 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X 0.6 ml each; Belladonna 10X, 30X, 200X 1000X 0.3 ml each; Carduus marianus 10X, 30X, 200X 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.
Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Chol-Heel®
Indications:
For the temporary relief of abdominal discomfort including biliary colic, flatulence, nausea and diarrhea.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Belladonna 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (biliary colic; vomiting). Chelidonium majus 10X, 30X, 200X (biliary colic; distention) 0.2 ml each; Calcarea carbonica 10X, 30X, 200X (incarcerated flatulence; gallstone colic), Carduus marianus 10X, 30X, 200X (alternating constipation and diarrhea), Cinchona officinalis 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (much flatulent colic), Lycopodium clavatum 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (abdomen is bloated after a light meal), Taraxacum officinale 10X, 30X, 200X (flatulence; enlarged liver), Veratrum album 10X, 30X, 200X (terrible colic in abdomen) 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.
Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Cimicifuga-Homaccord®
Indications:
For temporary relief of headaches rising from the neck, rheumatic pain in the neck, shoulders and back, and sciatic neuralgia.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Cimicifuga racemosa 2X, 10X, 30X, 200X (stiffness and contraction in neck and back) 0.8 ml each; Strontium carbonicum 8X, 30X, 200X (headache rising from neck) 0.2 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Cimicifuga racemosa 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.8 ml each; Strontium carbonicum 8X, 30X, 200X 0.2 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.
Interactions with other medication: None known.
Pharmacological Index

Circulo-Heel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms associated with poor circulation including lightheadedness, poor memory and coldness in the extremities.

Ingredients:

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Secale cornutum 6X, 10X, 30X, 200X (varicose ulcers; cold skin), 0.3 mg each; Argentum metallicum 10X, 30X, 200X (restlessness), Arsenicum album 10X, 30X, 200X (poor memory), Baryta iodata 10X, 30X, 200X (cold, moist feet), Calcarea carbonica 10X, 30X, 200X (cold, moist feet), Curare 10X, 30X, 200X (weak arms, trembling legs), Solanum nigrum 10X, 30X, 200X (stiffness of whole body), Tabacum 10X, 30X, 200X (icy coldness) 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Secale cornutum 6X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.9 mg each; Argentum metallicum 10X, 30X, 200X, Arsenicum album 10X, 30X, 200X, Baryta iodata 10X, 30X, 200X, Calcarea carbonica 10X, 30X, 200X, Curare 10X, 30X, 200X, Solanum nigrum 10X, 30X, 200X, Tabacum 10X, 30X, 200X 0.3 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:

Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Coenzyme compositum

Indications:
For relief of the symptoms associated with blocked enzymatic systems including malaise, exhaustion, fatigue, stress and slow metabolism.

Ingredients:

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Beta vulgaris 4X (reactivation of cellular respiration), Ascorbic acidum 6X (active factor of citric acid cycle), Cysteinium 6X (retoxic disturbances), Magnesium oroticum 6X (trace element enzymatic action), Manganum phosphoricum 6X (exhaustion with anemia), Natrum oxalaceticum 6X (active factor of citric acid cycle), Nicotinamidum 6X (citric acid cycle component), Pulsatilla 6X (vertigo; neuralgic pain), Riboflavinium 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Thiaminum hydrochloricum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), α-Lipoic acidum 6X (coenzyme in decomposition of pyruvic acid), α-Ketoglutaric acidum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Cerium oxalicum 8X (promotes utilization of oxygen), cis-Aconitic acidum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Citric acidum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Coenzyme A 8X (for transacylation), Fumaricum acidum 8X (conditions of exhaustion), Malic acidum 8X (promotes detoxification), Nadidum 8X (stimulation of oxidation), Natrum pyruvicum 8X (factor of the citric acid cycle), Succinicum acidum 8X (extreme fatigue), Adenosine 5-triphosphate 10X (support of energy-consuming systems), Baryta oxalaceticum 10X (regulation of endocrine system disturbances), Hepar sulphuris calcareum 10X (sensitivity to all pressure), Sulphur 10X (reagent for all chronic diseases) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Coecculus indicus 4X 210 mg; Conium maculatum 3X, Ambra grisea 6X, Petroleum 8X 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 15 to 20 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 2 to 3 tablets sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:

Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Cocculus compositum®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of motion sickness, lightheadedness and nausea, with or without tinnitus.

Ingredients:

Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Cocculus indicus 4X (nausea especially when riding; seasickness), 70 ml; Conium maculatum 3X (lightheadedness when lying down in bed and when turning over), Ambra grisea 6X (hearing impaired; weakness in head), Petroleum 8X (lightheadedness on rising; headache), 10 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Cocculus indicus 4X 210 mg; Conium maculatum 3X, Ambra grisea 6X, Petroleum 8X 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:

Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Pharmacological Index

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage: Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms: Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Colnadal®
Indications: For the temporary relief of arthritic symptoms including stabbing pain, neuralgia, weakness in the connective tissues, especially the knee, and symptoms worsened by wet weather.

Ingredients: Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 4X (contraction of muscles; cramp-like hip pain), Dulcamara 4X (rheumatism; neuralgia, worse in wet weather), 40 ml each; Natrum carbonicum 4X (limb weakness; habitual dislocations), 20 ml. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Dosage: Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage forms: Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Colocynthis-Homaccord®
Indications: For the temporary relief of neuralgia of various origins and locations including stabbing pain, numbness, muscular cramping and colic pain.

Ingredients: Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X (contraction of muscles; cramp-like hip pain) 0.8 ml each; Gnaphalium polycocphalum 1X, 10X, 30X, 200X (intense sciatic pain alternating with numbness) 0.2 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.8 ml each; Gnaphalium polycocphalum 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.2 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage: Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms: Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

Cor compositum (Rx)
Indications: As an adjunct to standard medical treatment of coronary disorders including myocardial insufficiency, angina pectoris and hypertension.

Ingredients: Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Cactus grandiflorus 3X (endocarditis with mitral insufficiency), Arnica montana, radix 4X (angina pectoris; feeble pulse), Glonoinum 4X (fluttering heart beat), Kali carbonicum 4X (palpitation and burning in heart region), Kalmia latifolia 4X (weak, slow pulse), Crataegus oxyacant hera 6X (extreme dyspnea on least exertion), Ignatia amara 6X (feeling of lump in throat), Ranunculus bulbosus 6X (sternum soreness), Sarcolactum acidum 6X (sore feeling all over), Ascorbicum acidum 6X (rapid pulse in morning), Cor suis 8X (cardiac insufficiency), Fumaricum acidum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Hepar suis 8X (liver detoxification), α-Ketoglutaric acidum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Natrum oxalacetum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Quabain 8X (circulatory insufficiency), Naja tripudians 10X (acute and chronic endocarditis), Spigelia anthelmia 10X (stabling pain in heart), Carbo vegetabilis 18X (collapse and circulatory failure) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage: Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms: Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
CoughFree

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of wet and dry coughs due to colds, flu, bronchitis, environmental irritants and chest congestion.

**Ingredients:**
- **Cough Syrup:** Each 5 ml (1 teaspoon) contains: *Drosera rotundifolia* 4X (spasmodic cough with vomiting, hoarseness; laryngitis), *Ipomoea indica* 4X (rattling noises in air passages during respiration; shortness of breath), *Rumex crispus* 4X (tickling cough with discharge; dry cough preventing sleep, worse from cool air and at night), *Antimonium tartaricum* 6X (dry cough with vomiting; much mucus but little expectoration), *Cuprum sulphuricum* 6X (whooping and asthmatic cough with vomiting), *Spongia tosta* 8X (dry, croupy cough) 0.08 ml each.

**Inactive ingredients:** Syrupus simplex, honey, purified water, natural lemon flavor, preserved water.

**Dosage:**
- **Adults and children (above 11 years):** 5 to 10 ml (1-2 teaspoons) every 4 to 6 hours. **Children 2 to 11 years:** 5 ml (1 teaspoon) 3 times daily. Consult a physician for use in children under 2 years of age.

**Warnings:** If symptoms persist (for more than 5 days) or worsen, a physician should be consulted.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Cough Syrup:** Bottle containing 125 ml (4.23 oz).

Cralonin® (Rx)

**Indications:**
For long term treatment of the dysfunctional geriatric heart including myocardial damage, cardiac pain and nervous cardiac disorders.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: *Crataegus oxyacantha* 2X (extreme dyspnea on least exertion) 98 ml; *Spigelia anthelmia* 2X (stabbing pain in heart) 1 ml; *Kali carbonicum* 3X (palpitation and burning in heart region) 1 ml. Contains ethyl alcohol 45% by volume.

**Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: *Crataegus oxyacantha* 2X 0.8 ml; *Spigelia anthelmia* 1X, *Kali carbonicum* 2X 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 11 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral drops:** Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
- **Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Cruroheel®

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of bone pain in the leg due to injury, infection or poor circulation.

**Ingredients:**
- **Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: *Hamamelis virginiana* 4X (varicose veins; sore muscles and joints), *Pulsatilla* 6X (rapidly shifting limb pain), *Carbo vegetabilis* 8X (limbs go to sleep; cold from knees down) 60 mg each; *Apis mellifica* 4X (knees swollen, sensitive and sore), *Lycopodium clavatum* 4X (sciatica, worse on right side), *Mercurius praecipitatus ruber* 6X (nocturnal ostealgia), *Silicea* 6X (icy cold and sweaty feet) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Cutis compositum®

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of persistent skin conditions such as acne, eczema and allergic dermatitis.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: *Ledum palustre* 4X (facial eczema; ecchymosis), *Urtica urens* 4X (itching blotsches; urticaria), *Aesculus hippocastanum* 6X (varicose veins), *Gailuim aparine* 6X (adema; promotes granulation), *Ignatia amara* 6X (puritus; urticaria), *Lappa major* 6X (pimples; acne), *Phosphoricum acidum* 6X (burning red rash; alopecia), *Sanguinaria nitricum* 6X (scalp soreness), *Cutis suis* 8X (eczema; dermatoses), *Thuja occidentalis* 8X (eruptions only on covered parts), *Fumaricum acidum* 10X (factor of citric acid cycle), *Funiculus umbilicalis suis* 10X (dermatoses), *Glandula suprarenalis suis* 10X (factor of citric acid cycle), *Glandula suprarenalis suis* 10X (factor of citric acid cycle), *Hepar suis* 10X (stimulation of detoxifying hepatic function), *α-Ketoglutaricum acidum* 10X (factor of citric acid cycle), *Natrium oxalaceticum* 10X (factor of citric acid cycle), *Placenta suis* 10X (crural ulcers; eczema), *Selenium metalilicum* 10X (alopecia; acne; eczema), *Splen suis* 10X (defensive stimulation), *Sulphur* 10X (irritating, weeping cutaneous eruptions), *Calcarea fluorica* 13X (cracked and chapped skin), *Mercurius solubilis* 13X (saponification; abscesses), *Thallium sulphuricum* 13X (alopecia), *Cortisone aceticum* 28X (impairment of cortex of pituitary gland), *Ichtthyolum* 28X (acne; eczema), *Formicum acuidum* 198X (skin flushed; urticaria) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 6 years: 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral drops:** Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

**Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.


**Side effects:** None known.
Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Detox-Kit

Indications:
For relief of symptoms of illness caused by an unhealthy lifestyle (substance abuse or unbalanced diet) and/or exposure to environmental toxins (pollution, pesticides or allergens). Promotes detoxification.

Ingredients:
Berberis-Homaccord®
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 3X (agonizing abdominal pain) 3 ml; Berberis vulgaris 2X, 10X, 30X, 200X (pain in thighs on urinating) 0.4 ml, Oral drops:
Berberis-Homaccord
Ingredients:
Lymphomyosot®
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Geranium robertianum 4X (diarrhea; hemorrhages), Nasturtium officinale 4X (gastric disorders; stomatitis), Ferrum iodatum 12X (glandular enlargement; emaciation) 10 ml each; Juglans regia 3X (sharp occipital pain; facial acne), Myosotis arvensis 3X (chronic bronchitis; vomiting during cough). Scrophularia nodosa 3X (eczema of ear; scrofulous swelling). Teucrium scorodonia 3X (chronic bronchitis; colic; stomach ache), Aranea diadema 6X (diarrhea; susceptibility to dampness and cold), Sarsaparilla 6X (colic with backache; cystitis), Calcarea phosphorica 12X (joint stiffness and pain, worse with changes of weather), Thyroidinum 12X 5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Nux vomica-Homaccord®
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X (agonizing abdominal pain) 3 ml; Bryonia alba 3X, 6X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (pain in stomach after eating; nausea and faintness when rising up), Nux vomica 3X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (weight and pain in stomach worse after eating; stomach very sensitive to pressure) 0.2 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Dosage:
Adults and children above 11 years: Pour thirty drops of each bottle into a bottle of water and consume in one day. A physician should be consulted before using in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Three dropper bottles containing 50 ml each.

Diarrheel

Indications:
For the temporary relief of diarrhea and abdominal cramps due to intestinal influenza, food poisoning and traveler’s diarrhea.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Tormentilla 2X (gastroenteritis; colitis), 60 mg; Veratrum album 4X (copious, painful diarrhea), Colchicum autumnale 6X (nausea at the smell of food), Calcarea carbonica 6X (agonizing abdominal pain causing patient to double over), Podophyllum peltatum 6X (diarrhea alternating with constipation), Argentum nitricum 8X (diarrhea immediately after eating or drinking), Arsenicum album 8X (burning pain in rectum), Mercurius corrosivus 8X (stool hot, bloody, slimy), 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Discus compositum®

Indications:
For the stimulation of the defense mechanism in joint disorders including chronic arthritis and arthrosis, neuralgic and rheumatic disorders, and exhaustion and debility.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 10 ml contains: Gnaphalium polycephalum 3X (intense pain along sciatic nerve), Berberis vulgaris 4X (lumbago; numbness), Cimicifuga racemosa 4X (stiffness and contraction in neck and back), Cinchona officinalis 4X (sharp pain across kidneys), Colocynthis 4X (cramp-like hip pain), Ledum palustre 4X (ascending rheumatism in lower limbs), Ranunculus bulbosus 4X (intercostal rheumatism), Aesculus hippocastanum 6X (backache affecting sacrum and hips), Ascorbic acidum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Cuperum acetium 6X (spasmodytic constriction of chest), Kali carbonicum 6X (weakness of small of back), Nadinum 6X (stimulation of joint metabolism), Natrum oxalaceticum 6X (factor of citric acid cycle), Nicotinamidum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Picricum acidum 6X (pain in back, muscles and joints), Pulsatilla 6X (shooting pain in sacrum after sitting), Pyridoxinum hydrochloricum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Riboflavinum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Secale cornutum 6X (formation and numbness), Silicea 6X (pain in coccyx), Thiaminum hydrochloricum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Ammonium muriaticum 6X (sciatic, pain worse when seated), Carthilago suis 8X (cartilage diseases), Discus invertebralis suis 8X (rheumatism and neuralgia of intervertebral origin), β-Lipoic acidum 6X (coenzyme in decomposition of pyruvic acid), Argentum metallicum 10X (rheumatic joint disorders), Calcarea phosphorica 10X (deblity; rheumatic pain from draught of air), Coenzyme A 10X (coenzyme for transacetylation), Embryo suis 10X (revalidation), Funiculus umbilicalis suis 10X (coxitis; neuralgia), Glandula suprarenalis suis 10X (chronic polyarthritis), Medulla ossis suis 10X (coxitis; exostosis), Mercurius praecipitatus ruber 10X (nocturnal ostealgia), Sepia 10X (pain down the back), Zincum metallicum 10X (neuralgia; restless legs), Medorrhinum 18X (arthritis of knees). Sulphur 28X (burning in soles of feet) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of coughs due to bronchitis of various origins including croupy cough, bronchial asthma and laryngitis.

**Dosage:**

**Oral drops:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. *Children to 6 years:* 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**

- **Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Drosera-Homaccord®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of croupy cough, spasmodic cough and cough with congestion.

**Ingredients:**

- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: **Drosera rotundifolia 2X**, **10X**, **30X**, **200X** (deep, hoarse voice, laryngitis); **Cuprum aceticum 4X**, **10X**, **30X**, **200X** (violent spasmodic cough) 0.5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.
- **Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: **Drosera rotundifolia 4X**, **10X**, **30X**, **200X**, **Cuprum aceticum 6X**, **10X**, **30X**, **200X** 0.5 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**

- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
- **Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. *Children to 6 years:* 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Dosage forms:**

- **Oral drops:** Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
- **Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

**Duodenoheel®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms of hyperacidity, duodenitis and gastritis.

**Ingredients:**

**Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: **Robinia pseudoacacia 4X** (intensely acrid eructations), **Petroleum 6X** (nausea; gastralgia relieved by constant eating), **Lachesis mutus 12X** (gnawing pressure made better by eating) 60 mg each; **Anacardium orientale 4X** (empty feeling in stomach), **Ipecacuanha 4X** (constant nausea and vomiting), **Argentum nitricum 6X** (nausea; retching; great desire for sweets), **Iodium 6X** (ravenous hunger and much thirst) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**

**Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. *Infants and children to 6 years:* 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**

**Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Echinacea compositum®

Echinacea compositum® forte

Indications:
For stimulation of the defense mechanism in minor infections and for the relief of symptoms due to infection including inflammation, fever and swelling.

Ingredients:
Echinacea compositum

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Aconitum napellus 3X (fever with thirst and restlessness), Echinacea angustifolia 3X (ulcerated sore throat; inflammations), Arnica montana, radix 4X (shivering over whole body), Baptisia tinctoria 4X (chill with rheumatic pain all over body), Rhus toxicodendron 4X (influenza with aching in all bones), Sanguinaria canadensis 4X (redness and burning of cheeks), Bryonia alba 6X (joints red, swollen, hot), Eupatorium perfoliatum 6X (chill preceded by thirst with great soreness of bones), Euphorbium officinarum 6X (catarrhal conjunctivitis), Gelsemium sempervirens 6X (chilliness up and down back), Phyto-locacca decandra 6X (high fever alternating with chilliness), Argentum nitricum 8X (chills with nausea), Arsenicum album 8X (high, intermittent fevers), Mercurius corrosivus 6X, Sanguinaria canadensis 8X, Bryonia alba 8X, Eupatorium perfoliatum 8X, Hepar sulphuris calcareum 8X, Thuja occidentalis 8X (sweat only on uncovered parts), Lachesis mutus 10X, Zincum metallicum 10X (impairment of cortex of suprarenal gland), Influenzinum 13X (chronic polyositis), Staphyllococccinum 18X (blepharitis; acne), Streptococcinum 18X (eczema; rheumatic disorders), 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Echinacea compositum forte


Echinacea compositum forte


Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials (compositum): The dose must be adapted to the individual case and the reaction of the patient. If a rapid and pronounced reaction is sought, Echinacea compositum forte should be given. If a milder reaction is sought in the case of patients who are already feverish, Echinacea compositum should be given. For the general stimulation of the defensive system: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Tablets (Forte): Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Engystol®

Indications:
For the lowering of high homotoxin levels, regulation of enzyme functions, and stimulation of the major defensive and lymphatic systems in neuralgic and other disorders including influenza, cold sores, and feverish conditions.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Asclepias vincetoxicum 6X, 10X, 30X (feverish viral diseases including influenza and mumps) 75 mg each; Sulphur 4X, 10X (flashes of heat throughout body; lips dry, bright red, burning) 37.5 mg each in a lactose base.

Injection solution: Each 1.1 ml vial contains: Asclepias vincetoxicum 6X, 10X, 30X (feverish viral diseases including influenza and mumps) 75 mg each; Sulphur 4X, 10X 0.3 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Injection solution: Each 1.1 ml vial contains: Asclepias vincetoxicum 6X, 10X, 30X 6.6 µl each; Sulphur 4X, 10X 3.3 µl each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Injection solution: Adults: In acute disorders, 1 ampule daily, otherwise, 1 ampule 3 times weekly i.m., s.c., i.d., i.v. Children ages 6 to 12 receive 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
Injection solution (Rx): Pack containing 10 vials of 2.0 ml.
Eriotheel

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of hyperacidity, gastrointestinal spasms and gastritis.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Origanum vulgare 6X, 10X, 30X (gastro-intestinal catarrh; antispasmodic), 0.6 ml each; Erythraea centaurium 10X, 30X (gastric, hepatic and biliary disorders) 0.4 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.
Nasal spray: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Origanum vulgare 6X, 10X, 30X, 1.8 mg each; Erythraea centaurium 10X, 30X 1.2 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.
Nasal spray: Adults: Spray once or twice into each nostril 3-5 times daily; for children under 6 years, spray once 3-4 times daily. The product is safe for use in infants.

Oral vials: Adults: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children ages 2 to 6: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.
Nasal spray: Spray once or twice into each nostril 3-5 times daily; for children under 6 years, spray once 3-4 times daily. The product is safe for use in infants.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Nasal spray: Spray bottle containing 20 ml.

Ferrum-Homaccord®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of pain in shoulders and arms due to rheumatism, arthritis and inflammation.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Spiraea ulmaria 2X, 10X, 30X, 200X (epicondylitis; rheumatism of muscles and joints) 0.45 ml each; Ferrum metallicum 8X, 30X, 200X (rheumatism of shoulder). Ferrum phosphoricum 8X, 30X, 200X (stiff neck; rheumatic pain in shoulder) 0.2 ml each; Ferrum sulphuricum 6X, 10X, 30X, 200X (muscular rheumatism, worse in cold weather) 0.1 ml each; Ferrum muriaticum 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X (anemia; iron deficiency diseases) 0.05 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Oral vials: Adults: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years, spray once 3-4 times daily. The product is safe for use in infants.
Nasal spray: Adults: Spray once or twice into each nostril 3-5 times daily; for children under 6 years, spray once 3-4 times daily. The product is safe for use in infants.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
Nasal spray: Spray bottle containing 20 ml.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Nasal spray: Spray bottle containing 20 ml.

Euphorbium Sinus Relief™

Indications:
For the temporary relief of nasal congestion, runny nose, rhinitis, sinusitis, dry nasal membranes, cold and flu symptoms.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Pulsatilla 2X (thick, bland nasal discharges), Euphorbium officinarum 6X (violet coryza with burning and cough), Luffa operculata 6X (allergic rhinitis; hay fever; sinusitis), Mercurius iodatus ruber 6X (stiffness of muscles of throat and neck), Influenzium 8X (chronic polyrhinitis), Argentum nitricum 10X (pharyngitis; laryngitis; hoarseness), Hepar sulphuris calcareum 10X (frequent nasal congestion; hay fever), Sinusitisinum 13X (acute and chronic suppuration of sinuses) 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 45% by volume.

Nasal spray: Each 100 ml contains: Luffa operculata 2X, Pulsatilla 2X, Euphorbium officinarum 4X, Luffa operculata 6X, Mercurius iodatus ruber 8X, Mucosa nasalis suis 8X, Argentum nitricum 10X, Hepar sulphuris calcareum 10X, Sinusitisinum 13X 1.0 ml each. Benzalkonium chloride 0.01%.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Galium-Heel®

Indications:
For stimulation of the defense mechanism in cases of chronic illness and viral infections including colds and flu.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Betula alba 2X (diuretic; mucosal catarrh; gastritis), Caltha palustris 3X (pain in abdomen; diarrhea; vomiting), Sedum acre 3X (hemorrhoidal pain; fissures), Thuja occidentalis 3X (chronic otitis; ear polyps), Clematis erecta 4X (great sensitiveness to cold; irritating eczema), Hedera helix 4X (acute and chronic nasal catarrh), Juniperus communis 4X (catarrhal inflammation of kidneys), Ononis spinosa 4X (nasal hemorrhage), Saponaria officinalis 4X (nasal congestion with itching and sneezing), Sempervivum tectorum 4X (tongue soreness with stabbing pain), Echinacea angustifolia 5X (tired feeling; nasal congestion), Nitricum acidum 6X (nosebleed; ear pain; nasal hemorrhage), Ononis spinosa 4X (nasal hemorrhage).

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Nasal spray: Adults: Spray once or twice into each nostril 3-5 times daily; for children under 6 years, spray once 3-4 times daily. The product is safe for use in infants.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Nasal spray: Spray bottle containing 20 ml.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.
Gastricumel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of gastrointestinal disorders including indigestion, heartburn, flatulence, and adverse effects of excessive alcohol and nicotone consumption.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Nux vomica 4X (bruised soreness of abdominal walls; weight and pain in stomach), Pulsatilla 4X (flatulence; heartburn; dyspepsia), Antimonium crudum 6X (loss of appetite; constant belching), Carbo vegetabilis 6X (abdomen greatly distended; flatulent colic) 60 mg each; Argentum nitricum 6X (painful swelling of stomach; much flatulent distention), Arsenicum album 6X (cannot bear the sight or smell of food; burning gastric pain) 30 mg each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Gelsemium-Homaccord®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of recurrent, occipital headache, stiff neck and upper back neuralgia, and pain extending from the back or neck over the head.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Gelsemium sempervivens 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X (pain in temple extending to ear; headache with muscular soreness of neck and shoulders) 0.4 ml each; Cimicifuga racemosa 2X, 10X, 30X, 200X (throbbing headache after mental worry or over-studying), Rhus toxicodendron 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X (headache in occiput, painful to touch) 0.3 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Gelsemium sempervivens 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.4 ml each; Cimicifuga racemosa 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X, Rhus toxicodendron 5X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.3 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Ginseng compositum

Indications:
For the temporary relief of fatigue due to stress or illness; and for the enhancement of mental and physical stamina.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Aralia quinquefolia 1X (conditions of exhaustion) 20 ml; Sarcocollicum acidum 2X (tired feeling with muscular prostration), Galium aparine 8X (against various granulations of ulcers), Influenzimum 8X (after-effects of influenza), Natrum oxalacetitcum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Sempervivum tectorum 8X (herpes zoster; hemorrhoids), Viscum album 8X (vertigo; asthma), ATP 10X (support of energy-consuming system), Cinchona officinalis 10X (deblity; anemia), Coenzyme A 10X (coenzyme for transacetylation), Colchicum autumnale 10X (internal coldness; tendency to collapse), Conium maculatum 10X (weakness of body and mind), Hydrastis canadensis 10X (thick, yellowish nasal secretions), Kreosotum 10X (hoarseness with pain in larynx), Nadidum 10X (stimulation of oxidation), Pulsatilla 10X (changeable symptoms; limb pain), Sulphur 10X (relapsing complaints) 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 35% by volume.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Glyoxal compositum®

Indications:
For stimulation of the non-specific defense mechanism in chronic illness, viral infections such as colds and flu, and for increased energy utilization.

Ingredients:
- Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Glyoxal 10X (viral symptoms), Methylglyoxal 10X (phases of degeneration) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.
- Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Glyoxal 10X, Methylglyoxal 10X 3 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
- Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.
- Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
- Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
- Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Graphites-Homaccord®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of skin irritations including dryness, itching, eczema or scarring.

Ingredients:
- Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Calcarea carbonica 10X, 30X, 200X (unhealthy skin; warts on face and hands), Graphites 10X, 30X, 200X (oozing eruptions; every little injury suppurates) 0.5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.
- Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Calcarea carbonica 10X, 30X, 200X, Graphites 10X, 30X, 200X 0.5 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
- Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
- Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
- Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
**Gynäcoheel**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of inflammatory conditions in females including abdominal pain, pelvic pain and dysmenorrhea.

**Ingredients:**
- Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: **Ammonium bromatum 4X** (neuralgic headaches), **Apis mellifica 4X** (profuse menses), **Apis mellifica 10X** (menses too early, too profuse, dark, clotted), **Aurum iodatum 12X** (neuralgia), **Calcarea carbonica 28X** (biliary colic; much flatulence), **Chelidonium majus 4X** (gallstone colic; much flatulence), **Cyanocobalamin 4X** (disturbance of fat and carbohydrate metabolism), **Glycyrrhiza 4X** (abdomen is bloated after light meal), **Lycopodium clavatum 4X** (copious vomiting and nausea), **Lilium tigrinum 4X** (dark, clotted menses), **Lilium tigrinum 10X** (ovaritis, worse in right ovary), **Naja tripudians 12X** (ovarian cysts), **Oleum apis 10X** (neuralgia), **Pancreas suis 10X** (dangerous colic), **Pulsatilla 3X** (increased menses), **Rhus toxicaria 10X** (gallstone colic; much flatulence), **Scaphium aculeatum 4X** (varicose veins and ulcers), **Scaphium aculeatum 10X** (varicose veins and ulcers; hip pain worse from stooping) 0.4 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

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**Hamamelis-Homaccord®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of varicose and spider veins, tired and swollen legs and leg and ankle soreness.

**Ingredients:**
- Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: **Hamamelis virginiana 2X, 30X, 200X** (varicose veins and ulcers, very sore) 0.8 ml each; **Carduus marianus 6X, 30X, 200X** (varicose veins and ulcers; hip pain worse from stooping) 0.4 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Oral vials:**
- 100 ml contains: **Hamamelis virginiana 4X, 30X, 200X** 0.8 ml each; **Carduus marianus 6X, 30X, 200X** 0.2 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Oral vials:**
- Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
- Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

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**Hepar compositum®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of minor abdominal discomfort including flatulence, colic, bloating and indigestion.

**Ingredients:**
- Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: **Carduus marianus 3X** (pain in region of liver; difficult stools), **Chelidonium majus 4X** (biliary colic; enlarged liver), **Cinchona officinalis 4X** (gastric colic; much flatulence), **Cyanocobalamin 4X** (disturbance of fat and carbohydrate metabolism), **Lycopodium clavatum 4X** (abdomen is bloated after light meal), **Taraxacum officinale 4X** (liver enlarged and indurated), **Veratrum album 4X** (copious vomiting and nausea), **Avena sativa 6X** (debility after exhausting illnesses), **Cynara scolymus 6X** (hepatic stimulation), **Oroticum acidum 6X** (liver damage), **Hepar suis 8X** (hepatic stimulation), **α-Lipoicum acidum 8X** (coenzyme in decomposition of pyruvic acid), **Cholereticum 10X** (choletholithiasis; cirrhosis of liver), **Colon suis 10X** (mucosal and ulcerative colitis), **Duodenenum suis 10X** (duodenal ulcers), **Fumaricum acidum 10X** (factor of citric acid cycle), **Histaminum 10X** (support of detoxification), **α-Ketoglutaric acidum 10X** (factor of citric acid cycle), **Malicum acidum 10X** (factor of citric acid cycle), **Natrium oxalacetica 10X** (factor of citric acid cycle), **Pancreas suis 10X** (pancreopathy), **Thymus suis 10X** (lymphatic stimulation), **Vesica fellea suis 10X** (chronic cholangitis and cholecystitis), **Sulphur 13X** (pain and soreness in region of liver), **Calcarea carbonica 28X** (abdomen distended with hardness) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Tablets:**

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Tablets:**
- Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. **Infants and children to 6 years:** 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
- Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets
Pharmacological Index

Hepeel

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of indigestion such as abdominal pain, bloating, colic, diarrhea and/or constipation.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Colocynthis 6X (agonizing abdominal pain causing patient to bend over or double); 90 mg; Veratum album 6X (copious vomiting and nausea), 60 mg; Cinchona officinalis 3X (abdomen bloated and hard); Lycopodium clavatum 3X (immediately after light meal, abdomen is bloated); Chelidonium majus 4X (bilary colic; distention); Nux moschata 4X (excessively bloated stomach; flatulent dyspepsia) 30 mg each; Carduus marianus 2X (gallstone disease with enlarged liver), Phosphorus 6X (stomach painful to touch) 15 mg each in a lactose base.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 5X, 0.3 ml; Veratum album 5X, 0.2 ml; Cinchona officinalis 2X, Lycopodium clavatum 2X, Chelidonium majus 3X, Nux moschata 3X, 0.1 ml each; Carduus marianus 1X, Phosphorus 5X 0.05 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Histamin

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of allergies including nasal congestion, inflammation and itchy rashes.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Histaminum 12X, 30X, 200X (support of detoxification; eczema; allergies) 33.3 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Histaminum hydrochloricum 12X, 30X, 200X 100 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Hormeel

Indications:
For the regulation of irregular menstrual cycles and for the relief of menstrual and premenstrual discomfort such as pain, bloating and nervous irritability.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Aquilegia vulgaris 4X (dysmenorrhea; globus hystericus), Oiganum majorana 4X (leucorrhea; hysteria), Nitricum acidum 6X (menses early, profuse with pain in back, hips and thighs), Nux moschata 6X (irregularity of timing and quantity of menses), Calcarea carbonica 8X (menses too early, too profuse, too long), Cypripedium pubescens 8X (nervousness; insomnia) 10 ml each; Erigeron canadensis 3X (leucorrhea with urinary irritation), Thlaspi bursa-pastoris 3X (metrorrhagia; frequent and copious menses), Cypripedium pubescens 8X (spasmodic and membranous dysmenorrhea), Cyclamen europaeum 8X (dysmenorrhea; stabbing and irritating pain), Pulsatilla 4X (amenorrhea; intermittent menses), Sepia 4X (menses irregular - too late or too early), Ignatia amara 6X (menses black, too early), Moschus 6X (menses too early, too profuse) 5.0 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Aquilegia vulgaris 4X, Oiganum majorana 4X, Nux moschata 6X, Calcarea carbonica 8X, Cypripedium pubescens 8X, 0.1 ml each; Erigeron canadensis 3X, Senecio fuchii 3X, Thlaspi bursa-pastoris 3X, Viburnum opulus 3X, Cyclamen europaeum 4X, Nitricum acidum 4X, Pulsatilla 4X, Ignatia amara 6X, Moschus 6X, Sepia 6X 0.05 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Husteeel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of minor coughs of various etiologies such as bronchial cough, asthmatic cough, spasmodic cough, and wet and dry cough.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Causticum 6X (cough with raw soreness of chest) 30 ml; Belladonna 4X (tickling, short, dry cough, worse at night); Scilla maritima 4X (dry, severe cough especially when lying down), Arsenicum iodatum 6X (chronic bronchitis; dry cough), 20 ml; Cuprum aceticum 6X (violent, spasmodic cough) 10 ml. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.
Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:

Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Ignatia-Homaccord

Indications:
For the temporary relief of the symptoms of stress including emotional distress, depressed mood and for emotional symptoms associated with Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS).

Ingredients:

Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Ignatia amara 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X (sighing and sobbing; effects of grief), Moschus 6X, 30X, 200X (hysteria; fainting fits; uncontrolable laughter; anxiety with palpitation) 0.5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Ignatia amara 6X, 10X, 30X, 200X; Moschus 8X, 30X, 200X 0.5 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:

Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

Klimaktheel

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms associated with female hormonal imbalance, pre-menopause and menopause such as hot flashes, excessive sweating, headaches, fatigue and irritability, and as an adjunct to hormone replacement therapy.

Ingredients:

Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Laciesis mutus 12X (headache relieved by menstrual flow) 90 mg; Stannum metallicum 12X (leucorrhoea with great debility) 60 mg; Sanguinaria canadensis 3X (flashes of heat; redness and burning of cheeks), Cedron 4X (periodically recurring headache and neuralgia), Ignatia amara 4X (hysteria; twitching of facial muscles), Sepia 4X (hot flashes at menopause with weakness and perspiration), Sulphur 4X (easily flushed face; vagina burns) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician.

Dosage forms:

Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Lamioflur

Indications:
For the relief of symptoms of non-infectious vaginitis including discharge, skin irritation and mucosal lining irritation.

Ingredients:

Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Lanium album 4X (leucorrhoea; menses too early and scanty), Geum urbanum 5X (exhaustion; vaginal discharge), Kreosotum 6X (intermittent menstrual flow), Rumex obtusifolia 6X (menopausal disorders; hot flashes), Alumina 12X (menses too early, short, followed by great exhaustion), Platinum metallicum 12X (menorrhagia; pruritus vulvae), 10 ml each; Hydrastis canadensis 4X (leucorrhoea, worse after menses), Kali sulphuricum 4X (metorrhagia; menses too late, scanty), Mezereum 4X (profuse menses; corroding leucorrhoea), Viola tricolor 4X (impetigo; intense itching), Asterias rubens 6X (colic that ceases with menstrual flow), Natrum carbonicum 6X (menses early, profuse with pain in back, hips and thighs) 5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.
Leptandra compositum

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of minor abdominal pain and discomfort including gastritis, diarrhea and flatulence.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Leptandra virginica 2X (great distress in stomach and intestines with desire for stool), Podophyllum peltatum 3X (abdominal sensation of weakness or sinking), Quassia amara 3X (heartburn; gastritic; gas; acidity), Arsenicum album 6X (liver and spleen enlarged and painful), Phosphorus 6X (a very weak, empty sensation felt in abdomen), Carbo vegetabilis 10X (flatulent colic; distended abdomen). Niccolum metallicum 10X (empty feeling in epigastrium without desire for food) 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.


Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 11 years: 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

Lithiumemel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of arthritis or gout including inflammation, pain and swelling.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Nux vomica 6X (legs numb, feel paralyzed; cramps in calves and soles), Rhus toxicodendron 6X (stiffness of limbs, better with motion), Carbo vegetabilis 4X (limbs lame, weak, tingling; worse in evening), Colchicum autumnale 4X (limbs lame, weak, tingling; worse in evening), Natrium carbonicum 4X (sprains; weakness of limbs especially in morning). Ferrum phosporicum 6X (articulat rheumatism; rheumatic pain in shoulder) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Lymphomyosot®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of edema associated with minor illnesses including colds and flu, bronchitis and eczema.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Geranium robertianum 4X (diarrhea; hemorrhages), Nasturtium aquaticum 4X (gastric disorders; stomatitis), Ferrum iodatum 12X (gliandular enlargement; emaciation) 30 mg each; Juglans regia 3X (sharp occipital pain; facial acne). Myosotis arvensis 3X (chronic bronchitis; vomiting during cough), Scrophularia nodosa 3X (eczema of ear; scrofulous swelling), Teucrium scorodonia 3X (chronic rhinitis and bronchitis), Veronica officinalis 3X (chronic bronchitis; pruritus), Equisetum hyemale 4X (sharp burning pain in urethra while urinating). Fumaria officinalis 4X (hepatic disorders; eczema), Natrium sulphuricum 4X (asthma; symptoms worse in rainy weather), Pinus sylvestris 4X (stiffness; cramps in calves), Gentiana lutea 5X (ravenous hunger; nausea; stomach ache), Aranea diadema 6X (diabetes; susceptibility to dampness and cold). Sarsaparilla 6X (colic with backache; cystitis), Calcarea phosphorica 12X (joint stiffness and pain, worse with changes of weather), Levothyroxine 12X (promotes oxidation) 15 mg each in a lactose base.


Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Geranium robertianum 4X, Nasturtium aquaticum 4X, Ferrum iodatum 12X 0.1 ml each; Juglans regia 3X, Myosotis arvensis 3X, Scrophularia nodosa 3X, Teucrium scorodonia 3X, Veronica officinalis 3X, Equisetum hyemale 4X, Fumaria officinalis 4X, Natrium sulphuricum 4X, Pinus sylvestris 4X, Gentiana lutea 5X, Aranea diadema 6X, Sarsaparilla 6X, Calcarea phosphorica 12X, Levothyroxinum 12X 0.05 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.


Gel: Each 100 g contains: Myosotis arvensis Ø, Veronica Ø, Teucrium scorodonia Ø, Scrophularia nodosa Ø, Juglans 0.0617 g each; Pinus sylvestris 2X, Gentiana lutea 3X, Equisetum hyemale 2X, Sarsaparilla 4X, Calcarea phosphorica 12X, Natrium sulphuricum 2X, Fumaria officinalis 2X, Thyroxinum 12X, Aranea diadema 4X 0.206 g each; Ferrum iodatum 12X 0.412 g each. Inactive Ingredients: Purified water, ethanol, carbopol 980 and sodium hydroxide.
Melilotus-Homaccord® (Rx)

Indications:
For the adjunctive treatment of cardiac and circulatory disorders such as hypertension, arteriosclerosis and pre-stroke conditions.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Crataegus oxyacantha 1X (pulse accelerated, irregular, feeble, intermittent), 60 ml; Crataegus oxyacantha 10X, 30X, 200X 0.8 ml each; Melilotus officinalis 1X, 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X (congestion of blood in the head; hypertension), Strophanthus hispidus 1X, 6X, 10X, 30X, 200X (cardiac debility and insufficiency), 0.2 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 45% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Crataegus oxyacantha 2X, 10X, 30X, 200X, 0.8 ml each; Melilotus officinalis 2X, 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X 0.2 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 11 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Metro-Adnex-Heel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of minor skin infections with a tendency to suppurate including carbuncles, blisters and boils.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Mercurius solubilis 6X (furuncles; carbuncles; tonsillitis), 90 mg; Belladonna 4X (alternating redness and paleness of skin), 60 mg; Ailanthus glandulosus 3X (recurring boils; carbuncles), Phytolacca decandra 4X (disposition to boils; difficult breathing), Hepar sulphuris calcarea 6X (chapped skin with deep cracks on hands and feet), Lachesis mutus 12X (left-sided sore throat; varicose ulcers) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Pharmacological Index
Mezereum-Homaccord®

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms of vesicular eczema including burning and itching, dry, rough, scaly skin, and edema.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: Mezereum 2X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X (eczema; intolerable itching; ulcers itch, surrounded by vesicles), Argentum nitricum 6X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (psoriasis; urticaria with burning, worse at night) 0.5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Molybdän compositum

**Indications:**
For symptoms associated with trace mineral imbalance and for improvement in mineral absorption, utilization and equilibrium.

**Ingredients:**
- **Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: Natrum molybdanicum 3X (important trace element) 15 mg; Magnesia asparaginicum 3X (influences muscular metabolism); Zincum gluconicum 3X (important for many metabolic processes); Cerium oxalicum 4X (sedative action in gastric catarrh); Cobaltum gluconicum 4X (anti-anemic action); Ferrum fumaricum 4X (aids function of citric acid cycle); Kali asparaginicum 4X (promotes enzymatic function).

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Momordica compositum

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms associated with pancreatic dysfunction including dyspepsia, diarrhea, nausea and vomiting.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: Veratrum album 4X (abdomen swollen, with severe colic); Ceanothus americanus 6X (splenitis; pain all up the left side); Lycodopodium clavatum 6X (abdomen is bloated immediately after a light meal); Momordica balsamina 6X (colicky pain migrating from back, across abdomen); Podophyllum peltatum 6X (abdominal sensation of weakness or sinking); Iodium 8X (cutting pain in abdomen); Mandragora officinarum 8X (duodenal ulcers; cholecystopathy); Mercurius solubilis 8X (hepatitis; cholangitis); Carbo vegetabilis 10X (abdomen greatly distended; flatulent colic); Lachesis mutus 10X (abdomen sensitive, painful); Argentum nitricum 12X (colic with flatulent distention) 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Mucosa compositum®

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of inflammatory symptoms of the mucosal lining in various parts of the body including the digestive tract, sinuses and upper respiratory tract.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: Ceanothus americanus 4X (diabetes; splenic disorders); Hydrastis canadensis 4X (thick, viscid mucosal secretions); Veratrum album 4X (all highly feverish conditions and those starting feverishly); Anacardium orientale 6X (hunger pains; duodenitis); Argentum nitricum 6X (inflamed and ulcerated mucosa); Condurango 6X (chronic gastritis; esophageal stricture); Momordica balsamina 6X (gastrocardiac syndrome; pancreopathy); Oxalis acetosella 6X (gastritis; dyspepsia; diarrhea); Pulsatilla 6X (mucosal conditions: gastro-intestinal colic; heartburn, conjunctivitis); Ipecacuanha 8X (cough with nausea; vomiting); Kali bichromicum 8X (viscid,ropy secretions from all mucosa); Mucosa coli suis 8X (colitis); Mucosa ductus choledochi suis 8X (cholangitis; cholelithiasis); Mucosa duodeni suis 8X (duodenitis); Mucosa ilei suis 8X (duodenitis); Mucosa jejuni suis 8X (duodenitis); Mucosa naris suis 8X (sinusitis); Mucosa oesophagi suis 8X (heartburn); Mucosa oculi suis 8X (conjunctivitis); Mucosa oris suis 8X (gingivitis); Mucosa pulmonis suis 8X (bronchitis); Mucosa pylori suis 8X (ventricular ulcers); Mucosa recti suis 8X (colitis; constipation),
Mucosa vesicae felleae suis 8X (cholangitis; cholecystitis), Mucosa vesicae urinariae suis 8X (cystitis), Natrum oxalaceticum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Phosphorus 8X (tendency towards mucosal hemorrhage), Sulphur 8X (catarrh of upper respiratory tract), Ventriculus suis 8X (chronic gastritis), Belladonna 10X (mucosal dryness; biliary colic), Kreosotum 10X (bronchitis; leucorrhea), Lachesis mutus suis 10X (left-sided sore throat; bluish-red swelling), Mandragora officinarum 10X (duodenal ulcers), Pancreas suis 10X (pancreopathy; chronic enteritis), Nux vomica 13X (spasmodic constipation; hemorrhoids), Colubricidium suis 28X (colly infection; cystitis) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.


Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Nasco-Heel®

Indications:
For the treatment of symptoms of rhinitis with or without sinusitis including sinus congestion, sinus pressure and pain and dry mucous membranes.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Hydrastis canadensis 4X (thick, tenacious secretion from posterior nares to throat), Sticta pulmonaria 4X (dry, hacking cough during night), Kali bichromicum 5X (profuse, yellow expectoration), Aurum muriaticum natronatum 6X (rhinitis; ozena), Phosphorus 6X (chronic nasal catarrh with small hemorrhages), Mercurius sulphuratus ruber 8X (acute rhinitis) 10 ml each; Ammonium carbonicum 3X (nasal catarrh; nosebleed after washing), Lemna minor 3X (nasal polyps; atrophic rhinitis), Mellilotus officinalis 3X (profuse nosebleeding), Vinca minor 3X (sorens in nose), Arum maculatum 4X (hay fever; laryngitis), Gistus canadensis 4X (dry pharyngitis; extreme sensitivity to cold), Mercurius iodatus ruber 8X (stiffness of muscles of throat and neck) 5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Natrium-Homaccord®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of acute symptoms of laryngotraceitis including hoarseness, dry airways and rhinitis.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Natrum nitricum 10X, 15X, 30X (influenza; abdomen painfully distended; nosebleeding) 0.4 ml each; Natrum carbonicum 10X, 30X, 200X (great debility; constant nasal congestion; very weak digestion). Natrum muriaticum 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (violent coryza; sneezing; cutting pain in abdomen) 0.3 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Nervohel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of stress including restlessness, insomnia, nervous tension, and stress due to PMS (Premenstrual Syndrome) and menopause; restlessness in children.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Magnesia carbonica 3X (sensitive to least touch; more tired on rising than on retiring), Ignatia amara 4X (insomnia from grief; effects of worry). Phosphoricum acidum 4X (mental debility; apathy; indifference; crushing headache). Sepia 4X (very sad, dreads to be alone; hot flashes at menopause), 60 mg each; Kali bromatum 4X (night terrors; numb feeling in head; profound melancholic delusion). Zinicum valerianicum 4X (insomnia from head pain and melancholy; ovariangia) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Neuralgo-Rheum

Indications:
For the relief of neuralgia, soft tissue rheumatism and arthritic complaints.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Gnaphalium polycephalum 6X, 10X, 30X (intense pain along sciatic nerve; alternating numbness and pain), 0.3 ml each; Causticum 10X, 30X, 200X (rheumatic tearing in limbs; restless legs at night), Colchicum autumnale 30X, 200X (rheumatism of muscles and joints; edematous swelling of legs), Colocynthis 10X, 30X (contraction of muscles; cramp-like hip pain), Ferrum metallicum 10X, 30X (shoulder and arm syndrome; lumbago; hip pain), Lithium benzoicum 10X, 30X (rheumatism; gout; uric acid diathesis), Rhus toxicodendron 10X, 30X (limbs stiff, paralyzed; pain and stiffness in small of back), Spiraea ulmaria 10X, 30X (muscular rheumatism; epicondylitis) 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Oral vials:
Each 300 mg tablet contains: Avena sativa 10X, 30X, 0.9 mg Causticum 10X, 30X, 200X, Colchicum autumnale 10X 30X, 200X, Colocynthis 10X, 30X, Ferrum metallicum 10X, 30X, Lithium benzoicum 10X, 30X, Rhus toxicodendron 10X, 30X, Spiraea ulmaria 10X, 30X 0.3 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Nux vomica-Homaccord®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of minor abdominal distress, especially after consumption of alcohol, coffee or nicotine, including nausea, vomiting, dyspepsia, bloating and constipation.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X (agonizing pain in abdomen causing patient to bend over double), Lycopodium clavatum 3X, 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (abdomen is bloated immediately after a light meal) 0.3 ml each; Bryonia alba 3X, 6X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (pressure in stomach after eating; nausea and faintness when rising up), Nux vomica 3X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (weight and pain in stomach worse after eating; stomach very sensitive to pressure) 0.2 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Colocynthis 5X, 10X, 30X, 200X, Lycopodium clavatum 5X, 10X, 30X, 200X, 1000X 0.3 ml each; Bryonia alba 4X, 6X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X, 1000X, Nux vomica 4X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X, 1000X 0.2 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Oculoheel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of minor eye redness, dryness, edema, itching or burning.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Spigelia anthelmia 6X (pressing pain on turning eyes; pain in and around eyes extending deep into socket), Hepar sulphuris calcareum 12X (ulcers on cornea; eyes and lids inflamed), Rhus toxicodendron 12X (pustular inflammation of eyes; edema of lids) 60 mg each; Staphysagria 4X (recurrent styes; blepharoconjunctivitis) 45 mg; Apis mellifica 4X (red, edematous swollen lids; suppulsive
inflammation of eyes), **Natrum muriaticum 6X** (pain in eyes when looking down; tears stream down face on coughing) 30 mg each; **Aethiops mercurialis-mineralis 8X** (scrofulous ophthalmia; keratitis) 15 mg in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**

**Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**

**Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

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**Osteoheel®**

**Indications:**

For the temporary relief of bone and joint pain, soft tissue rheumatism, and for the treatment of exostoses such as heel spurs.

**Ingredients:**

**Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: **Calcarea phosphorica 6X** (joint and bone pain with cold, numb feeling, worse with change of weather), **Mercurius praecipitatus ruber 6X** (periostitis; nocturnal ostealgia) 60 mg each; **Asafoetida 4X** (daring pain and carries in bones; periostium enlarged and painful), **Kali iodatum 4X** (nocturnal ostealgia, particularly of the knee), **Natrum sulphuricum 4X** (stiffness of knees, cracking of joints), **Stillingia silvestrica 4X** (aching pain in bones of extremities and back, worse in wet weather), **Aranea diadema 6X** (bone pain in extremities, worse in damp weather), **Hekla lava 6X** (exostoses; bone necrosis; periostitis) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**

**Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**

**Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

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**Ovarium compositum®**

**Indications:**

For the temporary relief of symptoms associated with dysmenorrhea including pain, nervous irritability, insomnia and irregular menses.

**Ingredients:**

**Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: **Aquilegia vulgaris 4X** (menses scanty with increasing pressure in right lumbar region), **Hydrastis canadensis 4X** (leucorrhoea worse after menses), **Lilium tigrinum 4X** (dysmenorrhea; congestion of uterus), **Bovista 6X** (diarrhea before and during menses; menses worse at night), **Cypripedium pubescens 6X** (insomnia with restlessness), **Ipecacuanha 6X** (profuse uterine hemorrhage with nausea; pain from navel to uterus), **Asafoetida 4X** (edema; ovarian cysts; dysmenorrhea), **Kreosotum 8X** (intermittent menstrual flow; difficult hearing during menses), **Oophorinum 8X** (dysmenorrhea; metrorrhagia), **cis-Aconiticum acidum 10X** (factor of citric acid cycle), **Lachesis mutus 10X** (pain relieved by menstrual flow; climacteric troubles: palpitation, heat flashes), **Magnesia phosphorica 10X** (menstrual colic; membranous dysmenorrhea), **Mercurius solubilis 10X** (inflammation of lymphatic system), **Placenta suis 10X** (dysmenorrhea), **Salpinx suis 10X** (dysmenorrhea), **Sepia 10X** (sensation as if everything would escape through vulva, must cross limbs to prevent protrusion), **Uterus suis 10X** (dysmenorrhea), **Hypophysis suis 13X** (ovarian function regulation), **Pulsatilla 18X** (amenorrhea; intermittent menses) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.


**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**

**Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**

**Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

**Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

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**Paeonia-Heel®**

**Indications:**

For the temporary relief of hemorrhoids including itching, burning and swelling.

**Ingredients:**

**Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: **Paeonia officinalis 3X** (itching in rectum; hemorrhoids) 120 mg; **Graphites 6X** (sore rectum; itching; constipation) 60 mg; **Hamamelis virginiana 3X** (sore, profusely bleeding hemorrhoids), **Nux vomica 4X** (itching; blind hemorrhoids; constipation), **Sulphur 4X** (redness around anus with itching), **Nitricum acidum 6X** (constipation with fissures) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**

**Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**

**Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.
**Pectus-Heel® (Rx)**

**Indications:**
For the treatment of angina pectoris, myocardial weakness and angina pectoris with anxiety.

**Ingredients:**
- **Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: Aconitum napellus 8X (tachycardia; palpitation with anxiety), Arnicas montana, radix 8X (angina pectoris; severe pain in left elbow), Argentum nitricum 10X (angina pectoris; palpitations), Phosphorus 12X (violent palpitation with anxiety; pulse rapid, small and soft), Spigelia anthemia 4X (irregular, weak pulse; pericarditis), Natrum nitrosum 6X (dilatation of coronary vessels; angiospasms) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

**Dosage:**
- **Adults and children above 6 years:** 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Phosphor-Homaccord®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms due to poor circulation including cold hands and feet, weakness of the extremities, hemorrhoids, varicose veins and lightheadedness.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: Aesculus hippocastanum 4X (chilliness up and down back), Secale cornutum 4X (tired feeling with muscular prostration; sore feeling all over), Cuprum sulphuricum 6X (cramp of plain and striped musculature), Melilotus 6X (numb, aching knees; skin and extremities cold), Placenta suis 6X (atonic circulatory disorders), Solanum nigrum 6X (violent restlessness; alternation of coldness and heat), Strophantus hispidus 6X (generalized edema; swollen extremities), Embryo totalis suis 8X (rejuvenation), Natrum pyrurvicum 8X (promotes detoxification), Vena suis 8X (varicose veins; crural ulcers), Arteria suis 10X (intermittent claudication), Funiculus umbilicalis suis 10X (impairment of connective tissue), Hypophysis suis 10X (disorders of connective tissue function), Tabacum 10X (legs and hands icy cold; limbs tremble), Vipera berus 10X (varicose veins; severe cramps in lower extremities), Baryta carbonica 13X (cold, clammy feet; icy coldness of body), Plumbum iodatum 18X (muscular atrophy) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Aesculus hippocastanum 4X. Secale cornutum 4X. Cuprum sulphuricum 6X. Melilotus officinalis 6X. Placenta suis 6X, Solanum nigrum 6X. Strophantus hispidus 6X. Embryo totalis suis 8X. Natrum pyrurvicum 8X. Vena suis 8X. Arteria suis 10X. Funiculus umbilicalis suis 10X, Hypophysis suis 10X, Tabacum 10X, Vipera berus 10X. Baryta carbonica 13X. Plumbum iodatum 18X 3 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage: oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Plantago-Homaccord®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of minor pain during urination, bedwetting and urinary incontinence.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: Plantago major 2X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X (nocturnal enuresis) 0.6 ml each; Belladonna 3X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X (retention of urine; frequent and profuse urination; incontinence; tenesmus), Ignatia amara 4X, 10X, 30X, 200X (profuse, watery urine) 0.2 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.
**Podophyllum compositum**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms of colitis including diarrhea alternating with constipation, flatulent colic and tenesmus of the rectum.

**Ingredients:**
- Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: **Ignatia amara 3X** (cramps in stomach; flatulence; colitis; hemorrhoids), **Podophyllum peltatum 3X, 10X** (constipation alternating with diarrhea; prolapse of rectum with or without stool; colitis), **Muriaticum acidum 4X, 10X** (hemorrhoids extremely sensitive to touch; dyspepsia), **Mercurius corrosivus 8X** (colitis; rectal tenesmus) 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.
- Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: **Ignatia amara 3X, Podophyllum peltatum 3X, 10X, Muriaticum acidum 4X, 10X, Mercurius corrosivus 8X** 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
- Oral vials: Adults and children above 11 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
- Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

**Proctheel® (Rx)**

**Indications:**
For the relief of symptoms associated with rectal atony including constipation alternating with diarrhea; red, itchy rectum, hemorrhoids.

**Ingredients:**
- Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: **Alumina 8X** (straining to pass even soft stool; rectal atony) 30 ml; **Phosphorus 6X** (great weakness after stool; painless, copious, debilitating diarrhea), **Sulphur 6X** (oozing and belching hemorrhoids; painless morning diarrhea) 25 ml each; **Lycopodium clatum 4X** (stool hard, difficult; small; aching hemorrhoids) 20 ml. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

**Psorinoheel**

**Indications:**
For stimulation of the defense mechanism in chronic skin disorders, hepatic damage and chronic illness.

**Ingredients:**
- Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: **Sulphur 6X** (itching, burning skin; worse from scratching), **Thuja occidentalis 6X** (warts; carbuncles; brown spots on hands and arm), **Vaccinotoxinum 8X** (chronic eczema), **Bufo rana 10X** (itching and burning skin; pain runs up arm), **Psorinum 10X** (intolerable itching; seborrhea), **Medorrhinum 12X** (intense and incessant itching; worse at night), **Natrum muriaticum 12X** (greasy skin; eruptions in bends of limbs; alopecia), **Syphilinum 12X** (reddish-brown eruption with disagreeable odor) 10 ml each; **Oleander 4X** (very sensitive skin with bleeding, oozing eruptions), **Cicuta virosa 5X** (eczema without itching; chronic impetigo), **Bacillinum 12X** (ringworm; eczema of eyelids) 5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
**Pulsatilla compositum**

**Indications:**
For stimulation of the non-specific defense mechanism in inflammation, infection, chronic illness and chronic mucosal discharge.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.
- **Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. **Children to 6 years:** 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.
- **Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. **Infants and children to 6 years:** 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral drops:** Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
- **Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

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**Pure Eye Drops**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of minor eye redness, itching, burning and dryness.

**Ingredients:**
- **Monodose vials:** Each 0.45 ml vial contains: *Cochlearia officinalis* 5X (sore, inflamed eyes; blurred vision; discharge from eyes), *Echinacea angustifolia* 5X (stimulation of the immune system; inflammation; infection; tired eyes), *Euphrasia officinalis* 5X (spasmodic photophobia; cutting pains and pressure in the eyes), *Pilocarpus* 5X (eye stiffness; blurred vision; eye spasms while reading) 110.7 mg each in an isotonic saline solution.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Monodose vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 0.45 ml each

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

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**Ranunculus-Homaccord®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of intercostal pain and discomfort associated with bronchitis, influenza, rheumatism or shingles.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: *Ranunculus bulbosus* 3X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X (soreness of sternum and ribs; intercostal rheumatism; shoulder pain), *Asclepias tuberosa* 4X, 10X, 20X, 30X, 200X (painful respiration; bronchitis; pain between shoulders) 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.
- **Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: *Ranunculus bulbosus* 3X, 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X, *Asclepias tuberosa* 6X, 10X, 20X, 30X, 200X 0.5 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.
Rauwolfia compositum (Rx)

**Indications:**
For the treatment of high blood pressure accompanied by vertigo, myocardial weakness or arteriosclerosis.

**Ingredients:**
- Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Conium maculatum 3X (weakness of body and mind; trembling; memory loss; palpitation), Rauwolfia serpentina 3X (lowers blood pressure in hypotonia), Viscum album 3X (small and weak pulse; tinnitus), Arnica montana, radix 4X (angina pectoris; pulse feeble and irregular), Kalma latifolia 4X (cardiac fluttering with anxiety; palpitation), Belladonna 6X (violent palpitation; rapid but weakened pulse), Lycopodium clavatum 6X (aneurism; pre-senility aortic disease), Cynara scolymus 8X (hepatic stimulation; diuretic), Melilotus officinalis 8X (violent, congestive headache improved by nosebleed; throbbing carotids), Aurum iodatum 10X (arteriosclerosis and other geriatric disorders), Hepar suis 10X (hepatic function stimulation), Ren suis 10X (renal function stimulation), Sulphur 10X (burning sensation in chest; difficult respiration; pulse most rapid in morning), 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.
- Oral drops: Each 10 ml contains: Bryonia alba 4X (rheumatism of muscles and joints; epicondylitis), Asclepias tuberosa 6X (intercostal neuralgia; chest pain; rib tenderness) 10 ml each; Conium maculatum 3X (violent palpitation; rapid but weakened pulse), Aconitum napellus 4X (numbness and tingling in limbs; rheumatic inflammation of joints), Ledum palustre 4X (shoulder pain; muscular rheumatism, improved by cold or cold water), Dulcamara 4X (paralyzed limbs feel icy cold; shin pain, worse in cold, rainy weather), Arnica montana, radix 4X (shoulder pain; muscular rheumatism, improved by cold or cold water), Bryonia alba 4X (rheumatic tearing in limbs; unsteadiness of muscles of forearm and hand), Belladonna 6X (violent palpitation; rapid but weakened pulse), Hepar suis 10X (hepatic function stimulation), Ren suis 10X (renal function stimulation), Sulphur 10X (burning sensation in chest; difficult respiration; pulse most rapid in morning), 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. For injection.
- Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
- Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Reneel® (Rx)

**Indications:**
For the treatment of acute and chronic disorders of the urinary tract including urethritis, cystitis, prostatitis, nephritis and nephrolithiasis.

**Ingredients:**
- Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Alumina 12X (must strain at stool in order to urinate; kidney pain with mental confusion) 75 mg; Causticum 4X (urinary retention after surgery; incontinence) 60 mg; Sabal serrulata 2X (enuresis; difficult urination; epididymitis; cystitis with prostatic hypertrophy), Pareira brava 3X (constant urging; pain down thigh; renal colic), Nitricum acidum 4X (urine cold on passing, smells like horse’s urine; albuminuria), Cantharis 5X (intolerable urging and tenesmus; nephritis; urethritis), Plumbum aceticum 6X (albuminuria; chronic nephritis) 30 mg each in a lactose base.
- Oral drops: Each 10 ml contains: Bryonia alba 4X (rheumatism of muscles and joints; epicondylitis), Aconitum napellus 4X (numbness and tingling in limbs; rheumatic inflammation of joints), Ledum palustre 4X (shoulder pain; muscular rheumatism, improved by cold or cold water), Asclepias tuberosa 6X (intercostal neuralgia; chest pain; rib tenderness) 10 ml each; Conium maculatum 3X (violent palpitation; rapid but weakened pulse), Aconitum napellus 4X (numbness and tingling in limbs; rheumatic inflammation of joints), Ledum palustre 4X (shoulder pain; muscular rheumatism, improved by cold or cold water), Bryonia alba 4X (rheumatic tearing in limbs; unsteadiness of muscles of forearm and hand), Belladonna 6X (violent palpitation; rapid but weakened pulse), Hepar suis 10X (hepatic function stimulation), Ren suis 10X (renal function stimulation), Sulphur 10X (burning sensation in chest; difficult respiration; pulse most rapid in morning), 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.
- Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Rheuma-Heel®

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms of rheumatism including pain, inflammation and myalgia.

**Ingredients:**
- Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Arnica montana, radix 4X (sore, bruised feeling; muscular rheumatism of back and shoulders), Bryonia alba 4X (joints red, swollen, hot, worse on least movement), Causticum 4X (rheumatic tearing in limbs; unsteadiness of muscles of forearm and hand), Belladonna 6X (violent palpitation; rapid but weakened pulse), Hepar suis 10X (hepatic function stimulation), Ren suis 10X (renal function stimulation), Sulphur 10X (burning sensation in chest; difficult respiration; pulse most rapid in morning), 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.
- Oral drops: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
- Oral drops: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Rhododendroneel

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms worsened by cold, wet, humid weather including rheumatic pain, arthritic pain and neuralgias.

**Ingredients:**
- Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Rhododendron chrysanthum 3X (rheumatic tearing in all limbs; pain in shoulder, arms and wrist) 20 ml; Euphorbia cyparissias 3X (neural and skin irritation), Spiraea ulmaria 3X (rheumatism of muscles and joints; epicondylitis), Aconitum napellus 4X (numbness and tingling in limbs; rheumatic inflammation of joints), Dulcamara 4X (paralyzed limbs feel icy cold; shin pain, worse in cold, rainy weather), Ledum palustre 4X (shoulder pain; muscular rheumatism, improved by cold or cold water), Asclepias tuberosa 6X (intercostal neuralgia; chest pain; rib tenderness) 10 ml each; Rheuma-Heel® (rheumatic tearing in limbs; unsteadiness of muscles of forearm and hand), Belladonna 6X (violent palpitation; rapid but weakened pulse), Hepar suis 10X (hepatic function stimulation), Ren suis 10X (renal function stimulation), Sulphur 10X (burning sensation in chest; difficult respiration; pulse most rapid in morning), 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.
Sabal-Homaccord®

Indications:
For relief of symptoms associated with an enlarged prostate including urinary inflammation, urinary urgency and pain and burning during urination.

Ingredients:

Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Sabal serrulata 1X (prostatic hypertrophy; enuresis) 0.9 ml; Hepar sulphuris calcareum 10X, 15X, 30X, 200X (bladder difficulties of elderly men, slow urination) 0.7 ml each; Sabal serrulata 10X, 30X 0.3 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Hepar sulphuris calcareum 12X, 15X, 30X, 200X 0.7 ml each; Sabal serrulata 2X, 10X, 30X 0.3 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 11 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Not indicated for children under 12 years. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:

Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Schwef-Heel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of acute and chronic skin ailments including eczema, acne vulgaris, bed sores, cold sores and skin allergies.

Ingredients:

Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Sulphur 4X, 6X, 12X, 30X, 200X (skin dry, scaly, unhealthy; great itching and burning, worse from scratching and washing; pruritus from warmth; hot, sweaty hands) 20 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 85% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:

Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Secale-Homaccord®

Indications:

For temporary relief of symptoms of poor circulation including lightheadedness, poor memory and coldness in the extremities.

Ingredients:

Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Solanum nigrum 4X (alternation of coldness and heat; restlessness of violent nature), Phosphorus 8X (cold knees at night; chilly every evening; profuse perspiration), Tabacum 8X (chills with cold sweat; hands and legs icy cold) 20 ml each; Secale cornutum 4X (coldness; cold dry skin; debility; anxiety), Viscum album 4X (itching all over, worse in cold weather), Baryta iodata 6X (hardened glands, especially tonsils and breasts), Arnica montana, radix 12X (shivering over whole body; feet and hands cold) 10 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:

Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
**Solidago compositum**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of minor urinary discomfort including pain, burning upon urination and urinary urgency.

**Ingredients:**
**Oral vials**: Each 100 ml contains: Solidago virgaurea 3X (difficult and scanty urination), Baptisia tinctoria 4X (soreness of abdomen), Berberis vulgaris 4X (bladder pain; pain in thighs on urinating; frequent urination), Equisetum hyemale 4X (anuresis; burning pain in urethra), Argentum nitricum 6X (dark urine), Cantharis 6X (constant desire to urinate; tenesmus), Capsicum annuum 6X (strangury; urethritis), Cuprum sulphuricum 6X (cramp of smooth and striped musculature; uremia), Orthosiphon stamineus 6X (vesical tenesmus), Pareira brava 6X (constant urgency; great straining), Sarsaparilla 6X (severe pain at conclusion of urination), Terebinthina 6X (inflamed kidneys), Apis inum 8X (vesical tenesmus), Barosma 8X (irritable bladder; gravel), Coxsackie virus-A 8X (urethral tract disorders), Mercurius corrosivus 8X (vesical tenesmus), Vesica urinaria suis 8X (tenesmus), Hepar sulphuris calcareae 10X (bladder weakness; tendency to suppurate), Natrum pyruvicum 10X (factor of citric acid cycle), Pyelon suis 10X (urethral tract disorders), Urethera suis 10X (renal excrcition disorders; nephrosis), Urethra suis 10X (chronic urethral irritation), Colibacillinum 13X (urethral tract disorders), Arsenicum album 28X (albuminoous urine; abdominal weakness after urinating) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Side effects**: None known.

**Interactions with other medication**: None known.

**Dosage**

**Oral vials**: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Dosage forms**

**Oral vials**: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

**Tablets**: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Spigelia compositum (Rx)**

**Indications**
For the treatment of amaurosis and impaired vision of unknown origin, heart palpitations and pleurodynia.

**Ingredients**
**Tablets**: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Spigelia anthelminthia 4X (voiding pain; inflammation; numbness) 30 mg, Ammonium bromatum 4X (spasmodic cough), Solidago virgaurea 3X, Sarsaparilla 6X, and other ingredients.

**Side effects**: None known.

**Interactions with other medication**: None known.
Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. In acute disorders, initially 1 tablet every 15 minutes, over a period lasting up to two hours. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Spigelon®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of current and recurrent headache, congestive headache and headache with lightheadedness.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Silicea 12X (headache from fasting; pain begins at occiput, spreads over head and settles over eyes), Thuya occidentalis 12X (headache as if pierced by a nail; rapid exhaustion and emaciation) 60 mg each; Belladonna 3X (throbbbing pain, especially in forehead; pain worse from light or noise), Bryonia alba 3X (bursting, splitting headache, worse from motion), Gelsemium sempervirens 3X (pain in temple extending into ear; feeling of band around head; occipital headache), Melilotus officinalis 3X (sick, frontal, throbbing headache, relieved by nosebleed), Natrum carbonicum 3X (headache from slightest mental exertion, worse from sun or hot weather), Spigela anthelmia 3X (pain beneath temples extending to eyes; violent, throbbing headache) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Silicea 12X, Thuya occidentalis 12X 20 ml each; Belladonna 3X, Bryonia alba 3X, Gelsemium sempervirens 3X, Melilotus officinalis 3X, Natrum carbonicum 3X, Spigela anthelmia 3X 10 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 35% by volume.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Silicea 12X, Thuya occidentalis 12X 0.2 ml each; Belladonna 3X, Bryonia alba 3X, Gelsemium sempervirens 3X, Melilotus officinalis 3X, Natrum carbonicum 3X, Spigela anthelmia 3X 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.

Strumeel® (Rx)

Indications:
For the adjunctive treatment of thyroid hypofunction including goiter and glandular swelling, dry, croupy cough and adiposis.

Warning: Should not be used by persons with hyperthyroidism, iodine-induced goiter, or sensitivity to calcarea iodata. Care should be taken not to exceed the recommended dosage.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Spongia tosta 3X (swelling and induration of glands; goiter), 150 mg; Calcarea iodata 4X (thyroid enlargement; flabby children, subject to colds) 90 mg; Fucus vesiculosus 4X (non-toxic goiter; thyroid enlargement in obese patients). Silicea 4X (scrofulous children; suppurative processes), 30 mg each in a lactose base. Each tablet contains 9.3 mg iodine.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Strumeel® forte (Rx)

Indications:
For the adjunctive treatment of thyroid hypofunction including goiter and glandular swelling, dry, croupy cough and adiposis.

Warning: Should not be used by persons with hyperthyroidism, iodine-induced goiter, or sensitivity to calcarea iodata. Care should be taken not to exceed the recommended dosage.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Spongia tosta 2X (swelling and induration of glands; goiter) 50 ml; Calcarea iodata 3X (thyroid enlargement; flabby children, subject to colds) 30 ml; Fucus vesiculosus 3X (non-toxic goiter; thyroid enlargement in obese patients), Silicea 8X (scrofulous children; suppurative processes) 10 ml each; (10 drops contain 70 mg iodine). Contains ethyl alcohol 40% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 11 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
**Pharmacological Index**

**Sulphur-Heel®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of eczema, acne vulgaris, dermatitis and psoriasis.

**Ingredients:**
- **Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: *Caladium sejimum 4X* (pruritus; burning sensation; insect bites itch intolerably), *Capsicum annuum 4X* (burning pain with general chilliness) 90 mg each; *Pix liquida 6X* (scaly eruptions with much itching; cracked skin that bleeds on scratching) 60 mg; *Sulphur 4X* (dry, scaly, unhealthy skin, worse from scratching and washing) 30 mg; *Mezereum 4X* (eczema with intolerable itching; ulcerative eruptions), *Arsenicum album 6X* (itching; burning; edema; urticaria; restlessness) 15 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

**Syzygium compositum (Rx)**

**Indications:**
For the ancillary treatment of adult onset diabetes including stimulation of organ function, of enzyme systems and of peripheral circulation.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: *Ignatia amara 4X* (lability of mood; effects of grief and melancholy), *Picric acid 4X* (muscular debility; neurasthenia), *Lycopodium clavatum 4X* (emaciation; malnutrition; disturbed liver function), *Sarcocactium acidum 4X* (exhaustion with muscular prostration; cramp and stiffness of calves), *Kreosotum 6X* (profuse bleeding from small wounds; rapid decay of teeth with spongy bleeding gums), *Secale cornutum 6X* (debility; emaciation; excessive appetite and thirst), *Arsenicum album 6X* (itching, burning; edema; urticaria; restlessness) 15 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults: In general, 10 drops directly on the tongue 3 times daily or as directed by a physician.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral drops:** Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

**Tanacet-Heel®**

**Indications:**
For the temporary relief of symptoms due to disturbances of the digestive tract including gastritis and irritable bowel syndrome, colitis and symptoms secondary to parasitic infection such as enterobiasis (pinworm.)

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: *Artemisia vulgaris 2X* (digestive disturbances; convulsions) 30 ml; *Tanacetum vulgare 3X* (bowel pain relieved by stool; dysentery; nervous irritation during worm removal) 30 ml; *Absinthium 4X* (chorea; abdomen bloated; nausea) 20 ml; *Thymus serpyllum 3X* (juvenile respiratory infections; severe spasms; anthelmintic) 10 ml; *Chenopodium anthelminticum 6X* (sudden vertigo; Meniere’s disease; anthelmintic) 10 ml. Contains ethyl alcohol 60% by volume.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral drops:** Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral drops:** Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

**Tartephedreel**

**Indications:**
For the treatment of productive and unproductive coughs due to bronchitis, bronchial asthma and cough with nausea.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: *Hepatica triloba 3X* (pharyngeal catarrh with hoarseness; viscid, thick mucus), *Antimonium tartaricum 4X* (rattling of mucus with little expectoration; hoarseness), *Belladonna 4X* (tickling, dry cough worse at night; painless hoarseness), *Natrium sulphuricum 4X* (asthma in children; must hold chest when coughing), *Quebracho 5X* (bronchitis; bronchiasthma; emphysema), *Arsenicum iodatum 6X* (chronic bronchitis; broncho-pneumonia after influenza) 10 ml each; *Stachys betonica 2X* (asthmatic symptoms), *Ilicium anisatum 3X* (dyspepsia; pain in region of third rib), *Ipecacuahna 4X* (violent, incessant cough; chest constriction; nausea), *Lobelia inflata 4X* (dyspnea from chest constriction; asthmatic attacks with weakness), *Blatta orientalis 6X* (asthma with bronchitis; cough with dyspnea), *Eriodictyon californicum 6X* (cough after influenza; chronic bronchitis; asthma), *Naphthalinum 6X* (whooping cough; spasmodic hiccough; emphysema) 5 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Tables:**
- **Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: *Hepatica triloba 3X*, *Antimonium tartaricum 4X*, *Belladonna 4X*, *Natrium sulphuricum 4X*, *Quebracho 5X*, *Arsenicum iodatum 6X* 30 mg each; *Stachys betonica 2X*, *Ilicium anisatum 3X*, *Ipecacuahna 4X*, *Lobelia inflata 4X*, *Blatta orientalis 6X*, *Eriodictyon californicum 6X*, *Naphthalinum 6X* 15 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.
Pharmacological Index

Dosage:
**Oral drops:** Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

**Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. **Infants and children to 6 years:** 1/2 the adult dosage

**Dosage forms:**
**Oral drops:** Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
**Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

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**Testis compositum**

**Indications:** For the temporary relief of sexual weakness in males.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: **Aralia quinquefolia** 4X (rheumatic pain after frequent emissions; pressure in testicles), **Testis suis** 4X (conditions of exhaustion; revitalization), **Agnus castus** 6X (impotence; sex desire gone; mental depression), **Ascorbicum acidum** 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), **Caladium seguinum** 6X (impotence; pruritus), **Kali picricum** 6X (improvement as a result of overwork), **Strychninum phosphoricum** 6X (exhaustion; insomnia), **Cantharis** 8X (violent desire; painful erections), **Cor suis** 8X (cardiac insufficiency), **Curare** 8X (muscular paralysis; dyspnea), **Damiana** 8X (impotence; neurasthenia), **Embro totalis suis** 8X (muscular dystrophy; revitalization), **Manganum phosphoricum** 8X (neuralgia; cramps; exhaustion), **Phosphorus** 8X (irresistible desire, lack of power), **Diencephalon suis** 10X (regulation of autonomic function), **Ferrum phosphoricum** 10X (diurnal enuresis; fever and inflammation), **Magnesia phosphorica** 10X (anti-spasmodic; exhaustion; neuralgia), **Selenium metallicum** 10X (increased desire, decreased ability; neurasthenia), **Zincum metallicum** 10X (violent erections; testicles swollen), **Cortisone aceticum** 13X (impairment of cortex of suprarenal gland, pituitary gland and connective tissue), **Glándula suprarenalis suis** 13X (exhaustion; adrenal insufficiency), **Conium maculatum** 28X (sexual nervousness with feeble erection; desire increased), **Lycopodium clavatum** 28X (impotence; premature emission; enlarged prostate) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: **Aralia quinquefolia** 4X, **Testis suis** 4X, **Agnus castus** 6X, **Ascorbicum acidum** 6X, **Caladium seguinum** 6X, **Picric acid** 6X, **Strychninum sulphuricum** 6X, **Cantharis** 8X, **Cor suis** 8X, **Curare** 8X, **Damiana** 8X, **Embro totalis suis** 8X, **Manganum phosphoricum** 8X, **Phosphorus** 8X, **Diencephalon suis** 10X, **Ferrum phosphoricum** 10X, **Magnesia phosphorica** 10X, **Selenium metallicum** 10X, **Zincum metallicum** 10X, **Glándula suprarenalis suis** 13X, **Cortisone aceticum** 13X, **Conium maculatum** 28X, **Lycopodium clavatum** 28X 3 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. **Children to 6 years:** 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

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**Thalamus compositum**

**Indications:** For the temporary relief of pre-menopausal complaints including hot flashes, excessive sweaing and fatigue, and as an adjunct to hormone replacement therapy.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: **cAMP** 6X (stimulative reactivation in enzymatic blockages), **Pineal gland suis** 8X (support in chronic conditions), **Thalamus opticus** 8X (stimulation of central control function), **Glándula suprarenalis suis** 10X (hormonal balance), **Viscum album** 10X (menopausal complaints, ovaralgia) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: **cAMP** 6X, **Pineal gland suis** 8X, **Thalamus opticus** 8X, **Glándula suprarenalis suis** 10X, **Viscum album** 10X 3 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. **Children to 6 years:** 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

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**Thuja forte**

**Indications:** For the temporary relief of proliferative processes present in any condition including warty growths, polyps or cysts.

**Ingredients:**
- **Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: **Thuja occidentalis** 4X, 12X, 30X, 200X, 1000X (warts; polyps; carbuncles; herpetic eruptions sensitive to touch) 0.2 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: **Thuja occidentalis** 4X, 12X, 30X, 200X, 1000X 0.6 mg each in a lactose base.

**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**
- **Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. **Children to 6 years:** 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Dosage forms:**
- **Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
- **Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Pharmacological Index

Thyroidea compositum® (Rx)

Indications:
For stimulation of the defense system in thyroid dysfunction, connective tissue dysfunction and glandular dysfunction.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Sarcolacticum acidum 3X (muscular prostration, worse with any exertion), Thymus suis 10X, 30X, 200X (factor of citric acid cycle; exhaustion), α-Ketoglutaricum acidum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle; exhaustion), Natrum oxalaceticum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle; supports defensive mechanism), Pineal gland suis 8X (stimulating factor; neoplasm phases), Pulsatilla 8X (changeable symptoms; all mucous membranes affected; vertigo), Spongilla tosta 8X (glandular swelling; exhaustion after slight exertion; difficult breathing with anxiety), Thyroidea suis 8X (stimulating factor; tachycardia), Calcarea fluorica 10X (glandular swelling; induction threatening suppuration), Funiculus umbilicalis suis 10X (connective tissue support; intervertebral neuralgia), Hepar suis 10X (stimulation of hepatic function), Medulla ossis suis 10X (anemia; osteomalacia; exocytosis), Splen suis 10X (anemia; defense against infection), Sulphur 10X (scrofulous glandular swelling; pruritus worse from warmth), Thymiss suis 10X (disturbances of growth and development; neoplasm phases), Cortisone aceticum 28X (support of suprarenal gland, pituitary and connective tissue) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.


Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Tonsilla compositum

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of emotional distress including depressed mood, nervous anxiety, nervous exhaustion, hyperactivity and lack of concentration.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Nux vomica 10X, 30X (zealous, fiery temperament; very irritable; misuse of stimulants) 0.25 ml each, Kali phosphoricum 10X, 30X (irritability; anxiety; depression) 0.2 ml each, Aurum metallicum 10X, 30X, 200X (talks about suicide; great fear of death; profound despondency) 0.15 ml each; Chininum arsenicosum 10X, 30X (general weariness and prostration; asthma; anxiety), Heloniad dioica 10X, 30X (profound melancholy; better when kept busy; irritability), Hypericum perforatum 10X, 30X (constant drowsiness; melancholy; nerve injuries), Selenium metallicum 10X, 30X (extreme sadness; abject despair; great debility) 0.1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Nux vomica 10X, 30X 0.75 mg each; Kali phosphoricum 10X, 30X 0.6 mg each; Aurum metallicum 10X, 30X, 200X 0.45 mg each; Chininum arsenicosum 10X, 30X, Heloniad dioica 10X, 30X, Hypericum perforatum 10X, 30X, Selenium metallicum 10X, 30X 0.3 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
**Pharmacological Index**

**Sulphur 8X** (difficult respiration; much rattling of mucus), **Calcarea phosphorica 10X** (chest soreness; suffocative cough; hoarseness), **Ferrum phosphoricum 10X** (short, painful tickling cough; bronchitis; ulcerated sore throat) **Funiculus umbilicalis suis 10X** (support of connective tissue), **Hepar suis 10X** (stimulates hepatic function), **Hypothalamus suis 10X** (stimulates control of metabolic processes), **Medulla ossis suis 10X** (anemia; exostosis), **Splen suis 10X** (defensive stimulation), **Adrenal cortex suis 13X** (stimulates the adrenal cortex), **Cortisone aceticum 13X** (supports the adrenal gland, pituitary gland and connective tissue), **Embryo suis 13X** (revitalization in cellular phases), **Mercurius solubilis 13X** (abscesses; gingivitis), **Levotyroxine 13X** (stimulation of glandular and connective tissue function), **Baryta carbonica 28X** (scrofulous glandular swelling; smarting pain when swallowing), **Tussilgia suis 28X** (chronic tonsillets; tonsillar hypertrophy) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.


**Side effects:** None known.

**Interactions with other medication:** None known.

**Dosage:**

**Oral vials:** Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

**Tablets:** Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

**Dosage forms:**

**Oral vials:** Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.

**Tablets:** Bottle containing 100 tablets.

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**Traumeel®**

**Indications:** For the temporary relief of muscular pain, arthritic pain, inflammation, sports injuries and bruising.

**Indications for Ear drops:** For the temporary relief of ear pain, minor ear inflammation, stuffiness in ears and swimmers’ ear.

**Contraindications:** Hypersensitivity to Traumeel or any of its ingredients.

**Ingredients:**

**Tablets:** Each 300 mg tablet contains: **Belladonna 4X** (shooting pain along limbs; cold extremities; stiff neck) 75 mg; **Arnica montana, radix 3X** (after traumatic injuries; sore, lame, bruised feeling; muscular tonic) 40 mg; **Aconitum napellus 3X** (numbness and tingling of extremities; arms feel lame and bruised; inflammatory rheumatism) 30 mg; **Chamomilla 3X** (promotes healing of slowly healing wounds; lumbago; otitis media); **Symphytum officinale 8X** (injuries to sinews and tendons; specific for healing of fractures) 24 mg each; **Calendula officinalis 2X** (remarkable healing agent when used locally; promotes granulation; analgesic), **Hamamelis virginiana 2X** (bruised sores; varicose veins; hemorrhoids with soreness), **Millefolium 3X** (hemorrhages; piercing headaches), **Hepar sulphuris calcareum 8X** (tendency to suppuration; hypersensitivity to cold and draughts of air), **Mercurius solubilis 8X** (suppurations; reduces edemas; abscesses), 15 mg each; **Hypericum perforatum 3X** (nerve injuries; pressure over sacrum; puncture wounds), 8 mg; **Bellis perennis 2X** (bruised feeling in pelvic region; boils; muscular soreness), **Echinacea angustifolia 2X** (anti-inflammatory action), **Echinacea purpurea 2X** (anti-inflammatory, anti-infection) 6 mg each in a lactose base.

**Oral drops:** Each 100 ml contains: **Arnica montana, radix 3X 10 ml**; **Aconitum napellus 3X** **Chamomilla 3X**, **Belladonna 4X**, **Symphytum officinale 8X** 5 ml each; **Bellis perennis 2X**, **Calendula officinalis 2X**, **Echinacea angustifolia 2X**, **Echinacea purpurea 2X**, **Hamamelis virginiana 2X**, **Hypericum perforatum 3X**, **Millefolium 3X**, **Hepar sulphuris calcareum 8X**, **Mercurius solubilis 6X** 2 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

**Oral vials:** Each 100 ml contains: **Arnica montana, radix 1.0 ml**; **Belladonna 3X 1.0 ml**; **Aconitum napellus 3X 0.6 ml**; **Hypericum perforatum 3X 0.3 ml**; **Calendula officinalis 2X 0.1 ml**; **Chamomilla 3X 0.1 ml**; **Millefolium 3X 0.1 ml**; **Hepar sulphuris calcareum 6X 0.1 ml**; **Symphytum officinale 0.1 ml**; **Bellis perennis 2X 0.05 ml**; **Mercurius solubilis 0.05 ml**; **Echinacea angustifolia 2X 0.025 ml**; **Echinacea purpurea 2X 0.025 ml**; **Hamamelis virginiana 1X, 0.01 ml in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Gel:** Each 100 g contains: **Calendula officinalis 1X**, **Hamamelis virginiana 1X**, **Arnica montana, radix 3X 1.50 g each**; **Aconitum napellus 3X**, **Belladonna 3X 1.00 g each**; **Bellis perennis 1X**, **Chamomilla 1X**, **Echinacea angustifolia 1X**, **Echinacea purpurea 1X 0.50 g each**; **Millefolium 1X 0.30 g**; **Hepar sulphuris calcareum 8X 0.25 g**; **Mercurius solubilis 8X 0.12 g**; **Symphytum officinale 4X 0.10 g**; **Hypericum perforatum 6X 0.09 g**. Inactive Ingredients: Purified water, ethanol, carboxyl 980 and sodium hydroxide.

**Ointment:** Each 100 g contains: **Calendula officinalis 1X**, **Hamamelis virginiana 1X**, **Arnica montana, radix 3X 1.50 g each**; **Aconitum napellus 3X**, **Belladonna 3X 1.00 g each**; **Bellis perennis 1X**, **Chamomilla 1X**, **Echinacea angustifolia 1X**, **Echinacea purpurea 1X 0.50 g each**; **Millefolium 1X 0.30 g**; **Hepar sulphuris calcareum 8X 0.25 g**; **Mercurius solubilis 8X 0.12 g**; **Symphytum officinale 4X 0.10 g**; **Hypericum perforatum 6X 0.09 g**. Inactive Ingredients: Purified water, paraffin, white petrolatum, ethanol and cetylstearyl alcohol.

**Injection solution:** Each ampule of 2.0 ml contains: **Hepar sulphuris calcareum 8X 200.0 µl**; **Belladonna 3X**, **Calendula officinalis 3X**, **Chamomilla 4X**, **Millefolium 4X**, 20.0 µl each; **Aconitum napellus 3X 12.0 µl**; **Bellis perennis 3X 10.0 µl**; **Hypericum perforatum 6X 6.0 µl**; **Echinacea angustifolia 3X**, **Echinacea purpurea 3X, 5.0 µl each**; **Arnica montana, radix 2X**, **Hamamelis virginiana 2X**, **Symphytum officinale 2X 2.0 µl each in a sterile isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

**Ear drops:** Each 0.45 ml contains: **Arnica montana, radix 2X (ear pain as if bruised)**, **Belladonna 2X** (otitis media; humming noises); **Calendula officinalis 2X** (deafness, worse in damp conditions); **Chamomilla 3X** (earache with soreness; ringing in ears), **Millefolium 3X** (head seems full of blood; piercing pain), **Hepar sulphuris calcareum 6X** (discharge from ears; hardness of hearing). **Symphytum officinale 6X** (pain in occiput, top and forehead) 0.99 µl each; **Aconitum napellus 2X** (earache; very sensitive to noises) 0.954 µl; **Bellis perennis 2X** (headache from occiput to top of head; bruised soreness), **Mercurius solubilis 6X** (yellow discharge from ears; otalgia) 0.495 µl each; **Hypericum perforatum 2X** (pain in ears) 0.297 µl; **Echinacea angustifolia 2X** (headache with flushing of face), **Echinacea purpurea 2X** (inflammations) 0.247 µl each; **Hamamelis virginiana 1X** (bruised soreness in ears; bloody discharge) 0.099 µl in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.
Ubichinon compositum®

Indications: For the temporary relief of symptoms of chronic illness including fatigue, effects of toxin build-up, slow metabolism and weakened constitution.

Ingredients:
- Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Colchicum autumnale 4X (gastro-enteritis; muscular and articular rheumatism), Conium maculatum 4X (glandular swelling, as in scrofulous and cancerous conditions), Hydrastis canadensis 4X (thick yellowish-white secretions from all mucous membranes), Vaccinium myrtillus 4X (cathartic diseases; cystitis), Podophyllum peltatum 4X (painless diarrhea; colitis; hemorrhoids), Ascorbic acidum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Galium aparine 6X (precancerous and neoplasm conditions), Nicotinamidum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Pyridoxine hydrochloricum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Riboflavinum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Sarcolactum acidum 6X (acid-base regulation in connective tissue), Thiaminum hydrochloricum 6X (cofactor for enzymatic function), Hydroquinone 8X (antiseptic and antipyretic action), α-Lipoic acidum 8X (coenzyme in the decomposition of pyruvic acid), Manganum phosphoricum 8X (exhaustion and anemia), Natrum oxalaceticum 8X (factor of citric acid cycle), Sulphur 8X (for relapsing conditions; also conditions which fail to respond to carefully selected remedies), Acetylsalicylic acidum 10X (support of connective tissue; nephrosis), 1,4-Anthraquinone 10X (promotes detoxification; gastro-intestinal disturbances), Adenosine 5'-triphosphate sodium salt 10X (support of energy-consuming systems), 1,4-Benzoquinone 10X (promotes detoxification; dermatosis), Coenzyme A 10X (coenzyme for transacytlatation), Coenzym Q10 10X (active factor of intermediary metabolism; promotes detoxification), Histaminum 10X (eczema; dermatosis), Magnesium gluconicum 10X (enzymatic function of citric acid cycle), Nadium 10X (stimulation of end oxidation in respiratory chain), Naphthoquinone 10X (promotes detoxification; following radiotherapy), Trichinell 10X (regeneration of blocked respiratory enzymes) 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Dosage:
- Tablets: For children: 1 tablet 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.
- Ointment/Gel: Adults, children and infants: Apply generously to affected areas 2 to 3 times daily. Traumeel should be rubbed gently into the skin. Traumeel may be applied over large surfaces of the body.
- Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.
- Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 to 30 drops orally 3 times daily. Due to alcohol content (Ethyl alcohol 25% by volume), a physician should be consulted before using in children under 12 years of age.
- Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: General, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.
- Ointment/Gel: Adults, children and infants: Apply generously to affected areas 2 to 3 times daily. Traumeel should be rubbed gently into the skin. Traumeel may be applied over large surfaces of the body.
- Injection solution: Adults: One ampule daily in acute disorders, otherwise 1 to 2 ampules 1 to 3 times weekly. S. C. I. V. I. D. (in case of wheals), periarticular or intra-articular. Children ages 2 to 6 receive 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded.
- Ear drops: Adults and children above 6 years: Up to 3 times daily. Pour the contents of one vial directly into the affected ear. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.
- Dosage forms:
  - Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
  - Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.
  - Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
  - Ointment: Tube containing 50 or 100 grams of ointment.
  - Gel: Tube containing 50 grams or squeeze bottle containing 250 grams of gel.

Injection solution (Rx):
- Pack containing 10 vials of 2.0 ml each.
- Ear drops: Pack containing 10 vials of 0.45 ml each.

Valerianaheel

Indications: For the temporary relief of insomnia, restlessness, nervous tension and exhaustion.

Ingredients:
- Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Valeriana officinalis 2X (over-sensitiveness; restlessness; insomnia) 65 ml; Picric acidum 6X (heavy tired feeling; muscular debility; nervous exhaustion) 10 ml; Prunus spinosa 2X (severe eye pain; anxiety, short respiration), Humulus lupulus 2X (day-time drowsiness; insomnia), Hypericum perforatum 3X (nerve injuries; melancholy) 5 ml each; Melissa officinalis 2X (nervous tension; sedative) 3 ml; Avena sativa 2X (nervous exhaustion; debility after illness), Chamomilla 2X (whining restlessness; anxious, frightened dreams) 2 ml each; Ammonium bromatum 2X (constrictive headache; nocturnal spasmodic cough), Kali bromatum 2X (extreme drowsiness; restless sleep), Natrum bromatum 2X (sleeplessness; restlessness) 1 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 60% by volume.
Vertigoheel® (Rx)

Indications:
For the treatment of the symptoms of vertigo and other imbalance disorders including nausea, motion sickness and dizziness.

Warning: Vertigoheel should not be administered for more than 10 days for adults or 5 days for children without follow-up assessment by a physician.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Coccus indicus 4X (vertigo and nausea when riding or sitting up; trembling of head) 210 mg; Conium maculatum 3X (vertigo when lying down or turning over; worse from shaking head), Ambra grisea 6X (extreme nervous hypersensitiveness; senile dizziness), Petroleum 8X (vertigo on rising; noise unbearable) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Viburcol®

Indications:
For infants and children in conditions of restlessness with or without fever; symptomatic treatment of common infections.

Warning: If symptoms persist or worsen, a health care professional should be consulted. If pregnant or breastfeeding, consult a health care professional before use.

Ingredients:
Suppositories: Each 1.1 g suppository contains: Calcarea carbonica 8X (fever with sweat; night sweats; glandular swellings) 4.4 mg; Pulsatilla 2X (chilliness even in warm room; dry cough; measles) 2.2 mg; Chamomilla 1X (whining restlessness; child wants to be carried), Belladonna 2X (redness, throbbing and burning; constricted throat), Plantago major 3X (earache; toothache; nocturnal enuresis), Dulcamara 4X (dry burning heat all over; worse in cold, wet weather) 1.1 mg each.

Monodose vials: Each vial of 1 ml contains: Calcarea carbonica 8X 0.075 ml; Pulsatilla 6X 0.05 ml; Chamomilla 4X, Plantago major 4X, Dulcamara 6X 0.025 ml each; Belladonna 6X 0.011 ml in an isotonic saline solution.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.
Dosage:
Suppositories: Unless otherwise prescribed, in acute disorders insert 1 suppository into the rectum once every hour until alleviation of symptoms; after alleviation, 1 suppository 2 to 3 times daily. For infants (from the first day of life) up to 6 months of age, a maximum of 1 suppository twice daily.

Monodose vials: Children below 1 year of age: Orally administer 1 vial daily, up to a maximum of 4 vials per day, or as directed by a health care professional. Children 1 to 6 years of age: Orally administer 1 vial daily, up to a maximum of 6 vials per day, or as directed by a health care professional. Children 6 to 12 years of age: Orally administer 2 vials daily, up to a maximum of 8 vials per day, or as directed by a health care professional. Adults and children over 12 years of age: Orally administer 1 vial 3 times daily, up to a maximum of 12 vials per day, or as directed by a health care professional.

Dosage forms:
Suppositories: Pack containing 12 suppositories of 1.1 g.
Monodose vials: Pack containing 10 monodose vials of 1 ml.

Viscum compositum medium
Viscum compositum forte

Indications:
For the temporary relief of frontal headache with lightheadedness, rheumatism and neuralgia.

Ingredients:
Viscum compositum medium
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Viscum album 1X (lowered blood pressure; slow pulse) 5 ml; cAMP 8X, Mercurius iodatus flavus 10X (tonsillitis), Viscum album 10X, 28X, 198X 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Viscum compositum forte
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Viscum album Ø 4 ml; cAMP 8X, Mercurius iodatus flavus 10X, Viscum album 10X, 28X, 198X 1 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Viscum album 1X 12mg; cAMP 8X, Mercurius iodatus flavus 10X, Viscum album 10X, 28X, 198X 3 mg each in a lactose base.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: Viscum compositum medium 1 vial 1 to 3 times daily. In non-responders Viscum compositum forte 1 vial 1 to 3 times daily. Children ages 2 to 6: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.2 ml.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.

Vomitusheel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of nausea and vomiting of various origins including gastro-intestinal disturbances, emotional upset and exhaustion.

Ingredients:
Oral drops: Each 100 ml contains: Ignatia amara 6X (gastro-intestinal spasms; nervousness) 50 ml; Colchicum autumnale 6X (smell of food causes nausea; tendency to collapse) 25 ml; Glonoinum 6X (nausea and vomiting; pulsating pain) 15 ml; Aethusa cynapium 4X (nausea at sight of food; vomiting with sweat and great weakness), ipecacuanha 4X (constant nausea and vomiting), Nux vomica 4X (nausea and vomiting with much retching; morning nausea) 10 ml each. Contains ethyl alcohol 25% by volume.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral drops: Adults and children above 11 years: 10 drops orally 3 times daily, or as directed by a physician. Consult a physician for use in children under 12 years of age.

Dosage forms:
Oral drops: Dropper bottle containing 50 ml.

Ypsiloheel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of stress and nervous irritability including globus hystericus, difficulties with speech and laryngitis.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Pulsatilla 4X (changeable symptoms; sadness; highly emotional), Glonoinum 6X (congestive headaches; pulsating pain), Moschus 6X (hysteria; anxiety with palpitation), Lachesis mutus 8X (sadness in morning; trembling; confusion; restlessness) 45 mg each; Aethusa cynapium 4X (effects of grief and worry; sighing and sobbing), Paris quadrifolia 4X (occipital headache; numbness on left side of head), Thuya occidentalis 6X (emotional sensitiveness; piercing headache) 30 mg each in a lactose base.

Side effects: None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Zeel®

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of osteoarthritis including mild to moderate pain, articular stiffness and inflammation.

Contraindications: Administration should be avoided in cases of known hypersensitivity to Rhus toxicodendron.

Ingredients:
Tablets: Each 300 mg tablet contains: Silicea 6X (calf cramps; sciatica; weakness of ligaments), Arnica montana, radix 1X (soreness of back and limbs; rheumatism), Rhus toxicodendron 2X (rheumatic pain in tendons and ligaments, better with motion), Rhus toxicodendron 1X (rheumatic pain in tendons and ligaments, better with motion), Sulphur 6X (rheumatic shoulder pain; rheumatic gout; stiffness of knees and ankles), Silicea 6X (sensitivity to dampness and wind), Natrum oxalaceticum 6X (coenzyme in decomposition of pyruvic acid).

Injection solution (Rx):
Pack containing 10 ampules of 2.0 ml.

Side effects:
None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Tablets: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Oral vials: Adults: In general, 1 vial 1-3 times daily. Children ages 2 to 6 receive 1/2 the adult dosage.

Note: Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Ointment: In general, apply in the morning and evening to the affected areas, rubbing in gently. If appropriate, also apply an ointment dressing.

Injection solution: Adults: One ampule daily in acute disorders, otherwise 1 ampule 1 to 3 times weekly i.m., s.c., i.v., i.d. or periarticular. Children ages 2 to 6: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 2.0 ml.
Ointment: Tube containing 50 g of ointment.
Injection solution (Rx): Pack containing 10 ampules of 2.0 ml.

Zincum metallicum

Indications:
For the temporary relief of symptoms of nervous disorders including muscle spasms, mental exhaustion and restlessness.

Ingredients:
Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Zincum metallicum 12X, 30X, 200X (anemia with profound prostration; muscular weakness, trembling and twitching) 3.3 ml each in an isotonic sodium chloride solution base.

Oral vials: Each 100 ml contains: Arnica montana, radix 4X, 10 ml; Rhus toxicodendron 2X, Dulcamara 3X, Symphytum officinale 6X, 0.5 ml each; Sulphur 6X, 0.15 ml; Cartilago suis 4X, 10 µl; Sanguinaria canadensis 2X, Embryo totalis suis 4X, Placenta suis 6X, Coenzyme A 6X, Natrum oxalaceticum 6X, α-Lipoic acidum 6X.

Side effects:
None known.

Interactions with other medication: None known.

Dosage:
Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: In general, 1 vial 1 to 3 times daily. Children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage. Unused portion of open vials should be discarded. Not for injection.

Oral vials: Adults and children above 6 years: 1 tablet sublingually or dissolved completely in mouth 3 times daily or as directed by a physician. Infants and children to 6 years: 1/2 the adult dosage.

Dosage forms:
Oral vials: Pack containing 10 vials of 1.1 ml each.
Tablets: Bottle containing 100 tablets.
### Individual Constituents of Heel Preparations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Abrotanum</td>
<td>in Abropernol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Absinthium</td>
<td>in Tanacet-Heel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aceticum acidum</td>
<td>in Arsuraneel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acetylsalicylicum acidum</td>
<td>in Ubichinon compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cis-aconiticum acidum</td>
<td>in Coenzyme compositum, Ovarium compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aconitum napellus</td>
<td>in Aconitum-Homaccord, Barijodeel, Bryaconeel, Cerebrum compositum, Echinacea compositum, Gripp-Heel, Pectus-Heel, Rhododendroneel, Spascupreel, Strophanthus compositum, Traumeel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aesculus hippocastanum</td>
<td>in Aesculus compositum, Aesculus-Heel, Cerebrum compositum, Cutis compositum, Discus compositum, Placenta compositum, Tonsilla compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aethiops mercurialis-mineralis</td>
<td>in Oculoheel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aethusa cynapium</td>
<td>in Strophanthus compositum, Vomitusheel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agaricus muscarius</td>
<td>in Abropernol, Spascupreel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ailanthus glandulosa</td>
<td>in Mercurius-Heel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aletris farinosa</td>
<td>in Aletris-Heel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aloe socotrina</td>
<td>in Veratrum-Homaccord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alumina</td>
<td>in Lamioflur, Proctheel, Reneel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambra grisea</td>
<td>in Cerebrum compositum, Cocculus compositum, Vertigoheel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium bromatum</td>
<td>in Gynäcoheel, Spascupreel, Valerianaheel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arnitum orientale</td>
<td>in Anacardium-Homaccord, Barijodeel, Cerebrum compositum, Duodenohoe.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arnica montana, radix</td>
<td>in Aesculus compositum, Arnica-Heel, Aurumheel, Barijodeel, Belladonna compositum, Carbo compositum, Caulacium compositum, Cerebrum compositum, Cor compositum, Echinacea compositum, Pectus-Heel, Rauwolfia compositum, Rheuma-Heel, Secale compositum, Spigelia, Traumeel, Zeel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Atropinum sulphuricum</td>
<td>in Atropinum compositum, Spascupreel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arsenicum album</td>
<td>in Arsuraneel, Atropinum compositum, Cantharis compositum, Caulacium compositum, Circulo-Heel, Cor compositum, Diarrheel, Echinacea compositum, Gastricumeel, Leptandra compositum, Mazereum-Homaccord, Solidago compositum, Strophanthus compositum, Sulphur-Heel, Syzygium compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arsinealbum</td>
<td>in Husteel, Tarterphedreel.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Artemisia vulgaris</td>
<td>in Tanacet-Heel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arteria suis</td>
<td>in Placenta compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asafoetida</td>
<td>in Kalmia compositum, Osteoheel, Ypsiheel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asclepias tuberosa</td>
<td>in Anglo-Heel, Ranunculus-Homaccord, Rhododendroneel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asclepias vincetoxicum</td>
<td>in Circulo-Heel, Discus compositum, Testis compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Ubichinon compositum.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Asterias rubens</td>
<td>in Lamioflur.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATP (Adenosinetriphosphate)</td>
<td>in Coenzyme compositum, Discus compositum, Testis compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Ubichinon compositum.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Aurum iodatum</td>
<td>in Gynäcoheel, Rauwolfia compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aurum metallicum</td>
<td>in Galium-Heel, Tonico-Heel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arsenicum iodatum</td>
<td>in Husteel, Tartephedreel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ascorbiculum acidum (Vitamin C)</td>
<td>in Coenzyme compositum, Discus compositum, Testis compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Ubichinon compositum.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bacillium in Psorinoheel.</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baptisia tincturia</td>
<td>in Aesculus compositum, Arnica-Heel, Atropinum compositum, Echinacea compositum, Populus compositum, Solidago compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Barosma in Populus compositum, Solidago compositum.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baryta carbonica</td>
<td>in Barijodeel, Placenta compositum, Tonsilla compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baryta iodata</td>
<td>in Aesculus compositum, Circulo-Heel, Secale compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Baryta oxalsuccinicum</td>
<td>in Coenzyme compositum.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bellis perennis</td>
<td>in Traumeel.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Benzoic acid</td>
<td>in Aesculus compositum, Arnica-Heel, Atropinum compositum, Rhododendroneel.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1,4-Benzoquinone in Ubichinon compositum.
Berberis vulgaris in Atropinum compositum, Berberis-Homaccord, Discus compositum, Populus compositum, Reneel, Solidago compositum.
Beta vulgaris in Atropinum compositum, Berberis-Homaccord, Discus compositum, Reneel, Solidago compositum.
Betula alba in Galium-Heel.
Blatta orientalis in Tartephedreel.
Bothrops lanceolatus in Cerebrum compositum.
Bovista in Ovarium compositum.
Bufo rana in Psorinoheel.
Cactus grandiflorus in Anigo-Heel, Cactus compositum, Cor compositum, Spigelia compositum, Straphanthus compositum.
Caladium seguine in Sulphur-Heel, Testis compositum.
Calcarea carbonica in Calcoheel, Chol-Heel, Circulo-Heel, Graphites-Homaccord, Hepar compositum, Hormeel, Viburcol.
Calcarea fluorica in Abiprocol, Cuts compositum, Galium-Heel, Thyreoida compositum.
Calcarea iodata in Barijodeel, Strumeel.
Calcarea phosphorica in Discus compositum, Lymphpomyosot, Osteoheel, Tonsilla compositum.
Calendula officinalis in Traumeel.
Caltha palustris in Galium-Heel.
cAMP (cyclic Adenosinemonophosphate) in Thalamus compositum, Viscum compositum.
Camphora in Populus compositum.
Cantharis in Atropinum compositum, Cantharis compositum, Populus compositum, Reneel, Solidago compositum, Testis compositum.
Capsicum annum in Populus compositum, Solidago compositum, Sulphur-Heel.
Carnotis annuum in Calcheel, Carbo compositum, Cor compositum, Cruroheel, Dropperel, Gastricumeel, Leptandra compositum, Momordica compositum, Straphanthus compositum.
Carduus marianus in Chol-Heel, Hamamelis-Homaccord, Hepar compositum, Hepeel.
Cartilago suis in Discus compositum, Zeel.
Castoreum in Angio-Heel, Spigelia compositum.
Causticum in Barijodeel, Causticum compositum, Hymenoeel, Osteoheel, Vomitusheel.
Ceanothus americanus in Ceanothus-Homaccord, Momordica compositum, Mucosa compositum.
Cedron in Klimakheel.
Cerebrum suis in Cerebrum compositum.
Cerium oxalicum in Coenzyme compositum, Molybdan compositum.
Chamomilla in Calcheel, Spascupreel, Traumeel, Valerianaheel, Viburcol.
Chelidonium majus in Atropinum compositum, Chelidonium-Homaccord, Chol-Heel, Hepar compositum, Hepeel.
Chenopodium anthelminticum in Tanacet-Heel.
Chininum arsenicosum in Aletris-Heel, Tonico-Heel.
Cholesterinum in Hepar compositum.
Cicuta virosa in Psorinoheel.
Cimicifuga racemosa in Cimicifuga-Homaccord, Discus compositum, Gelsemium-Homaccord, Metro-Adnex-Heel.
Cinchona officinalis in Arsuraaneel, Cerebrum compositum, China-Homaccord, Chol-Heel, Discus compositum, Ginseng compositum, Hepar compositum, Hepeel.
Cinamonumum in Cinamonum-Homaccord.
Cistus canadensis in Naso-Heel.
Citricum acidum in Coenzyme compositum.
Clematis erecta in Atropinum compositum, Galium-Heel.
Cobaltum gluconicum in Molybdan compositum.
Coccus cacti in Droperteel, Tonsilla compositum.
Cochlearia officinalis in Pure Eye.
Coezyme A in Coenzyme compositum, Discus compositum, Ginseng compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Zeel.
Coezyme Q10 in Ubichinon compositum.
Colchicum autumnale in Aesculus compositum, Arnica-Heel, Dianheel, Ginseng compositum, Lithiumheel, Neuroalo-Rheum, Thyreoida compositum, Vomitusheel.
Colibacillinum in Mucosa compositum, Solidago compositum.
Colon suis in Hepar compositum.
Condurango in Arsuraaneel, Mucosa compositum.
Conium maculatum in Cerebrum compositum, Cocculus compositum, Ginseng compositum, Rauwolfia compositum, Testis compositum, Thyreoida compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Vertigoheel.
Convallaria majalis in Aurumheel.
Cor suis in Cor compositum, Testis compositum.
Cortisone aceticum in Cutis compositum, Echinacea compositum S, Pulsatilla compositum, Testis compositum, Thyreoida compositum, Tonsilla compositum.
Coxsackie Virus-A in Solidago compositum.

Crataegus oxyacantha in Angio-Heel, Aurumheel, Cactus compositum, Cor compositum, Crotonin, Glonoin-Homaccord, Mellotus-Homaccord.

Cubeba officinalis in Populus compositum.

Cucurbita pepo semen in Populus compositum.

Cuprum aceticum in Atropinum compositum, Discus compositum, Drosera-Homaccord, Husteel.

Cuprum metallicum in Aesculus compositum.

Cuprum sulphuricum in CoughFree, Molybdän compositum, Placenta compositum, Solidago compositum, Spascupreel.

Curare in Arsuranheel, Circulo-Heel, Syzygium compositum, Testis compositum.

Cutis suis in Cutis compositum.

Cyanocobalamin in Hepar compositum.

Cyclamen in Hormeel.

Cynara scolymus in Hepar compositum, Rauwolfia compositum.

Cyrpripedium pubescens in Hormeel, Ovarium compositum.

Cysteinum in Coenzyme compositum.

Cytisus scoparius in Aurum-Heel.

Damiana in Testis compositum.

Diencephalon suis in Testis compositum.

Discus intervertebralis suis in Discus compositum.

Drosera rotundifolia in CoughFree, Droperteel, Drosera-Homaccord.

Dulcamara in Aesculus compositum, Arnica-Heel, Belladonna compositum, Calcoheel, Colnadv, Dulcamara-Homaccord, Rhododendroneel, Tonsilla compositum, Viburcol, Zeel.

Duodenum suis in Hepar compositum.


Echinacea purpurea in Traumeel.

Embryo suis in Cerebrum compositum, Cerebrum compositum, Discus compositum, Placenta compositum, Testis compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Zeel.

Equisetum hyemale in Lymphomyosot.

Eupatorium cannabinum in Arnica-Heel.

Eupatorium perfoliatum in Echinacea compositum, Gripp-Heel.

Euphorbia cyparissias in Rhododendroneel.

Euphorbium officinarum in Echinacea compositum, Euphorbium Sinus Relief.

Euphrasia officinalis in Pure Eye.

Ferrum fumaricum in Molybdän compositum.

Ferrum iodatum in Lymphomyosot.

Ferrum metallicum in Ferrum-Homaccord, Neuralgo-Rheum.

Ferrum muriaticum in Ferrum-Homaccord.

Ferrum phosphoricum in Ferrum-Homaccord, Lithiumeel, Rheuma-Heel, Testis compositum, Tonsilla compositum.

Ferrum sulphuricum in Ferrum-Homaccord.

Formicum acidum in Angio-Heel, Cutis compositum.

Fucus vesiculosus in Strumeel, Strumeel forte, Thyreoidea compositum.

Fumaria officinalis in Lymphomyosot.

Fumariacum acidum in Causticum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Cor compositum, Cutis compositum, Hepat compositum, Thyreoidea compositum.

Funiculus umbilicalis suis in Cutis compositum, Discus compositum, Placenta compositum, Thryeoida compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Zeel.

Galium album in Galium-Heel.

Galium aparine in Cutis compositum, Galium-Heel, Ginseng compositum, Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Ubichinon compositum.

Gelsemium sempervirens in Cerebrum compositum, Echinacea compositum, Gelsemium-Homaccord, Spigelia compositum, Spigelon.

Gentiana lutea in Lymphomyosot, Tonsilla compositum.

Geranium robertianum in Lymphomyosot, Tonsilla compositum.

Geum urbanum in Lamioflur.

Glandula lymphatica in Tonsilla compositum.

Glandula suprarenalis in Cerebrum compositum, Discus compositum, Testis compositum, Thalamus compositum, Tonsilla compositum.

Glonoinum in Angio-Heel, Cactus compositum, Cor compositum, Glonoin-Homaccord, Spigelia compositum, Strophanthus compositum, Vomitusheel, Ypsiloheel.

Glyoxal in Glyoxal compositum.

Gnaphalium polycephalum in Colocynthis-Homaccord, Discus compositum, Neuralgo-Rheum.

Graphites in Graphites-Homaccord, Paeonia-Heel.

Hamamelis virginiana in Abropernol, Aesculus compositum, Cinnamomum-Homaccord, Cruroheel, Hamamelis-Homaccord, Paeonia-Heel, Traumeel.
**Ingredients**

**Hedera helix** in Galium-Heel.

**Hekla lava** in Osteoheel.

**Helonias dioica** in Alentris-Heel, Gynäcoheel, Tonico-Heel.

**Hepar suis** in Cerebrum compositum, Cor compositum, Hepar compositum, Rauwolfia compositum, Syzygium compositum, Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum.

**Hepar sulphuris calcarea** in Belladonna compositum, Cantharis compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Echinacea compositum, Euphorbium Sinus Relief, Mercurius-Heel, Oculoheel, Sabal-Homaccord, Solidago compositum, Traumeel.

**Hepatica triloba** in Tartephedreel.

**Histaminum** in Causticum compositum, Hepar compositum, Histamin, Ubichinon compositum.

**Humulus lupulus** in Valerianaheel.

**Hydrastis canadensis** in Ginseng compositum, Lamioflur, Mucosa compositum, Naso-Heel, Ovarium compositum, Ubichinon compositum.

**Hydroquinone** in Ubichinon compositum.

**Hyoscyamus niger** in Bronchalis-Heel, Cerebrum compositum.

**Hypericum perforatum** in Tonico-Heel, Traumeel, Valerianaheel.

**Hypophysis suis** in Ovarium compositum, Placenta compositum.

**Ichthyolum** in Cutis compositum.

**Ignatia amara** in Apis compositum, Barjodeel, Cerebrum compositum, Cor compositum, Cutis compositum, Homeel, Ignatia-Homaccord, Kalmia compositum, Neuro-Heel, Plantago-Homaccord, Podophyllum compositum, Syzygium compositum, Vomitusheel.

**Kali carbonicum** in Alentris-Heel, Cactus compositum, Cor compositum, Cralonin, Discus compositum, Dropperheel, Spigelia compositum.

**Kali iodatum** in Osteoheel.

**Kali phosphoricum** in Barjodeel, Cerebrum compositum, Selenium-Homaccord, Tonico-Heel.

**Kali picricum** in Syzygium compositum, Testis compositum.

**Kali sulphuricum** in Lymphomyosot.

**Kalmia latifolia** in Cor compositum, Kalmia compositum, Rauwolfia compositum.

**α-Ketoglutaricum acidum** in Causticum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Cor compositum, Cutis compositum, Hepar compositum, Syzygium compositum, Thyreoidea compositum.

**Kreosotum** in Bronchalis-Heel, Ginseng compositum, Lamioflur, Mucosa compositum, Ovarium compositum, Populus compositum, Syzygium compositum.

**Lachesis mutus** in Carbo compositum, Ceanothus-Homaccord, Droperteel, Duodenheel, Echinacea compositum, Gripp-Heel, Klimaktheel, Mercurius-Heel, Metro-Adnex-Heel, Momordica compositum, Mucosa compositum, Ovarium compositum, Ypsiloheel.

**Lamium album** in Lamioflur.

**Lappa major** in Cutis compositum.

**Latrodectus mactans** in Strophanthus compositum.

**Ledum palustre** in Cutis compositum, Discus compositum, Rhododendroneel.

**Lemna minor** in Naso-Heel.

**Leptandra virginica** in Leptandra compositum.

**Levothyroxine** in Lymphomyosot.

**Lithium benzoicum** in Neuralgo-Rheum, Rhododendroneel.

**Lithium carbonicum** in Lithiumool.

**Lobelia inflata** in Bronchalis-Heel, Tarthepedreel.

**Luffa operculata** in Echinacea compositum.

**Lycopodium esculentum** in Arnica-Heel.

**Lycopus virginicus** in Galium-Heel.

**Magnesia asparaginicum** in Molybdan compositum.

**Magnesia carbonica** in Nervoheel.

**Magnesia gluconica** in Ubichinon compositum.
Magnesia oroticum in Coenzyme compositum.
Magnesia phosphorica in Cerebrum compositum, Ovarium compositum, Spascupreel, Testis compositum.
Malicium acidum in Coenzyme compositum, Cor compositum, Hepar compositum, Thyreoidea compositum.
Mandragora officinarum in Momordica compositum, Mucosa compositum.
Manganum gluconicum in Molybdän compositum.
Manganum phosphoricum in Cerebrum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Testis compositum, Ubichinon compositum.
Medorrhinum in Atropinum compositum, Cerebrum compositum, Discus compositum, Psorinoheel.
Medulla ossis suis in Discus compositum, Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum.
Mellilotus officinalis in Carbo compositum, Gynäcoheel, Mellotus-Homaccord, Naso-Heel, Placenta compositum, Rauwolfia compositum, Spigelon.
Melissa officinalis in Valerianaheel.
Mercurialis perennis in Arnica-heel.
Mercurius corrosivus in Apis compositum, Diarrheel, Echinacea compositum, Metro-Adnex-heel, Podophyllum compositum, Populus compositum, Solidago compositum.
Mercurius iodatus flavus in Viscum compositum.
Mercurius iodatus ruber in Euphorbium Sinus Relief, Naso-heel.
Mercurius praecipitatus ruber in Cruroheel, Discus compositum, Kalmia compositum, Osteoheel.
Mercurius solubilis in Cantharis compositum, Cutis compositum, Mercurius-heel, Momordica compositum, Ovarium compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Traumeel.
Mercurius sulphuratru ruber in Naso-heel.
Methylglyoxal in Glyoxal compositum.
Mezereum in Lamioflur, Mezereum-Homaccord, Sulfur-heel.
Millefolium in Cinnamomum-Homaccord, Traumeel.
Momordica balsamina in Momordica compositum, Mucosa compositum.
Moschus in Hormeel, Ignatia-Homaccord, Ypsiloheel.
Mucosa (coli, ductus choledochi, duodeni, ilei, jejuni, naris, oesophagi, oculi, oris, pulmonis, pyelori, recti, vesicae felleae, vesicae urinariae) in Mucosa compositum.
Mucosa nasalis suis in Euphorbium Sinus Relief, Mucosa compositum.
Mureaticum acidum in Podophyllum compositum.
Myosotis arvensis in Lymphomyosot.
Nadidum (Nicotinamide-adenine-dinucleotide) in Coenzyme compositum, Discus compositum, Ginseng compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Zeel.
Naja tripudians in Cor compositum, Gynäcoheel.
Naphthalinum in Tartephedreel.
Naphthoquinone in Ubichinon compositum.
Nasturtium aquaticum in Lymphomyosot.
Natrum bromatum in Valerianaheel.
Natrum carbonicum in Colnadul, Lamioflur, Lithiumheel, Natrium-Homaccord, Spigelon.
Natrum molybdanicum in Molybdän compositum.
Natrum muriaticum in Aletris-heel, Natrium-Homaccord, Oculoheel, Psorinoheel.
Natrum nitricum in Natrium-Homaccord.
Natrum nitrosum in Pectus-heel.
Natrum oxalacetemicum in Causticum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Cor compositum, Cutis compositum, Discus compositum, Hepar compositum, Mucosa compositum, Thyreoidea compositum, Ubichinon compositum, Zeel.
Natrum pyrivicum in Coenzyme compositum, Placenta compositum, Solidago compositum.
Natrum sulphuricum in Lymphomyosot, Osteoheel, Syzygium compositum, Tartephedreel.
Niccolum aceticum in Molybdän compositum.
Niccolum metallicum in Leptandra compositum.
Nicotinimidum in Coenzyme compositum, Discus compositum, Ubichinon compositum.
Nitricum acidum in Abropernol, Galium-heel, Hormee, Lamioflur, Paeonia-heel, Reneel.
Nux moschata in Apis compositum, Hepeel, Hormee.
Nux vomica in Gastricumeel, Lithiumheel, Mucosa compositum, Nux vomica-Homaccord, Paeonia-heel, Tonico-heel, Vomitusheel.
Oleander in Psorinoheel.
Ononis spinosa in Galium-heel, Populus compositum.
Oophorinum in Ovarium compositum.
Origanum majorana in Hormeel.
Origanum vulgare in Erigotheel.
Oroticum acidum in Hepar compositum.
Orthosphon stamineus in Solidago compositum.
Oxalis acetosella in Mucosa compositum.

Paeonia officinalis in Paeonia-heel.
Palladium metallicum in Gynäcoheel.
Pancreas suis in Hepar compositum, Mucosa compositum, Syzygium compositum.
Pareira brava in Atropinum compositum, Reneel, Solidago compositum.
Paris quadrifolia in Phosphor-Homaccord, Ypsiloheel.
**Passiflora incarnata** in Spascupreel.

**Petroleum** in Abropernol, Cocculus compositum, Cocculus-Homaccord, Duodenoheel, Vertigoheel.

**Petroselinum sativum** in Populus compositum.

**Phloridzinum** in Syzygium compositum.

**Phosphoric acidum** in Arsuraneel, Cerebrum compositum, Cutis compositum, Neuroheel, Nervoheel, Syzygium compositum, Testis compositum.


**Phytolacca decandra** in Belladonna compositum, Echinacea compositum, Mercurius-Heel.

**Picricum acidum** in Aletris-Heel, Discus compositum, Valerianaheel.

**Pilocarpus** in Pure Eye.

**Pineal gland suis** in Thalamus compositum, Thyreoidea compositum.

**Pinus sylvestris** in Lymphomyosot.

**Pix liquida** in Sulphur-Heel.

**Placenta suis** in Cerebrum compositum, Cutis compositum, Ovarium compositum, Placenta compositum, Zeel.

**Plantago major** in Plantago-Homaccord, Viburcol.

**Platinum metallicum** in Gynäcoheel, Lamioflur, Neuro-Heel.

**Plumbum aceticum** in Reneel.

**Plumbum iodatum** in Aesculus compositum, Angio-Heel, Placenta compositum.

**Plumbum metallicum** in Syzygium compositum.

**Podophyllum peltatum** in Diarrheel, Leptandra compositum, Momordica compositum, Podophyllum composium, Ubichinon composium.

**Populus tremuloides** in Populus compositum.

**Prunus spinosa** in Cactus compositum, Valerianaheel.

**Psorinum** in Psorinoheel, Tonsilla compositum.

**Pulsatilla** in Abropernol, Causticum compositum, Coenzyme compositum, Cricoheel, Discus compositum, Echinacea compositum, Euphorbium Sinus Relief, Gastricureel, Ginseng compositum, Horseel, Metro-Adnex-Heel, Mucosa compositum, Ovarium compositum, Pulsatilla compositum, Rhododendron-Heel, Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Viburcol, Ypsiloheel.

**Pyelon suis** in Solidago compositum.

**Pyridoxinum hydrochloricum (Vitamin B1)** in Coenzyme compositum, Discus compositum, Ubichinon compositum.

**Quabain** in Cor compositum.

**Quassia amara** in Leptandra compositum.

**Quebrachio** in Tartephedreel.

**Ranunculus bulbosus** in Cor compositum, Discus compositum, Ranunculus-Homaccord, Spigelia compositum.

**Rauwolfia serpentina** in Rauwolfia compositum.

**Ren suis** in Rauwolfia compositum.

**Rheum officinale** in Veratrhum-Homaccord.

**Rhododendron chrysanthum** in Rhododendron-Heel.


**Riboflavinum (Vitamin B2)** in Coenzyme compositum, Discus compositum, Ubichinon compositum.

**Robinia pseudoacacia** in Duodenoheel.

**Rubidium muraticum** in Molybdän compositum.

**Rumex crispus** in CoughFree.

**Rumex obtusifolia** in Lamioflur.

**Ruta graveolens** in Aesculus compositum, Cerebrum compositum, Sabal serralata in Populus compositum, Reneel, Sabal-Homaccord.

**Salpinx suis** in Ovarium compositum.

**Sanguinaria canadensis** in Echinacea compositum, Klimaktheel, Zeel.

**Sanguinaria nitricum** in Cutis compositum.

**Saponaria officinalis** in Galium-Heel.

**Sarcolacticum acidum** in Cor compositum, Ginseng compositum, Placenta compositum, Strophanthus compositum, Syzygium compositum, Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum, Ubichinon compositum.

**Sarsaparilla** in Lymphomyosot, Solidago compositum.

**Scilla maritima** in Apis-Homaccord, Husteeel, Populus compositum.

**Scrophularia nodosa** in Lymphomyosot, Populus compositum.

**Secale cornutum** in Aesculus compositum, Arsuraneel, Circulo-Heel, Discus compositum, Placenta compositum, Secale compositum, Syzygium compositum.

**Sedum acre** in Galium-Heel, Thyreoidea compositum.

**Selenium metallicum** in Cerebrum compositum, Cutis compositum, Selenium-Homaccord, Testis compositum, Tonico-Heel.

**Sempervivum tectorum** in Galium-Heel, Ginseng compositum, Thyreoidea compositum.

**Senecio fuchsii** in Hormeel.

**Sepia** in Aletris-Heel, China-Homaccord, Discus compositum, Horheel, Klimaktheel, Nervoheel, Neuro-Heel, Ovarium compositum.

**Silicea** in Cricoheel, Discus compositum, Spigelon, Strumeel, Zeel.

**Sinusitisinum** in Euphorbium Sinus Relief.
Solanum nigrum in Aesculus compositum, Arnica-Heel, Circulo-Heel, Placenta compositum, Secale compositum.

Solidago virgaurea in Populus compositum, Solidago compositum.

Spigelia anthelmia in Angio-Heel, Cactus compositum, Cor compositum, Cralonin, Oculoheel, Pectus-Heel, Spigelia compositum, Spigelon, Strophanthus compositum.

Spiraea ulmaria in Ferrum-Homaccord, Neuralgo-Rheum, Rhododendroneel.

Splen suis in Cuts compositum, Thyreoidea compositum, Tonsilla compositum.

Spongia tosta in CoughFree, Strumeel, Thyreoidea compositum.

Stachys betonica in Tartephedreel.

Stannum metallicum in Klimaktheel.

Staphylococcinum in Echinacea compositum.

Staphysagria in Oculoheel.

Stellaria media in Rhododendroneel.

Stramonium in Barjodeel.

Streptococcinum in Echinacea compositum.

Strontium carbonicum in Cimicifuga-Homaccord.

Strophanthus hispidus in Melilotus-Homaccord, Placenta compositum, Strophanthus compositum.

Strychninum nitricum in Arsuraneel.

Strychninum phosphoricum in Testis compositum.

Succinicum acidum in Coenzyme compositum.


Sulphuric acidum in Syzygium compositum.

Symphytum officinale in Traumeel, Zeel.

Syphyllinum in Psorinoheel.

Syzygium jambolanum in Syzygium compositum.

Tabacum in Aesculus compositum, Circulo-Heel, Placenta compositum, Secale compositum, Strophanthus compositum.

Tanacetum vulgare in Tanacet-Heel.

Taraxacum officinale in Chol-Heel, Hepar compositum, Tonsilla compositum.

Terebinthina in Apis compositum, Populus compositum, Solidago compositum.

Testis suis in Testis compositum.

Teucrium scorodonia in Lymphomyosot.

Thalamus opticus suis in Thalamus compositum.

Thallium sulphuricum in Cuts compositum.

Thiaminum hydrochloricum (Vitamin B6) in Coenzyme compositum, Discus compositum, Ubichinon compositum.

Thlaspi Bursa-pastoris in Hormeel.

Thuja occidentalis in Atropinum compositum, Cerebrum compositum, Cuts compositum, Echinacea compositum, Galium-Heel, Psorinoheel, Spigelon, Thuja forte, Ypsiloheel.

Thymus serpyllum in Tanacet-Heel.

Thymus suis in Hepar compositum, Thyreoidea compositum.

Thyroidea suis in Thyreoidea compositum.

Thyroxine in Tonsilla compositum.

Tonsilla suis in Tonsilla compositum.

Tormentilla in Diarrheel, Strophanthus compositum, Veratrum-Homaccord.

Trichinoyl in Ubichinon compositum.

Ureter suis in Solidago compositum.

Urethra suis in Solidago compositum.

Urtica urens in Cuts compositum, Galium-Heel, Populus compositum.

Uterus suis in Ovarium compositum.

Uva-ursi in Populus compositum.

Vaccinium myrtillus in Ubichinon compositum.

Vaccintoxinum in Psorinoheel.

Valeriana officinalis in Aurumheel, Neuro-Heel, Valerianaheel.

Vena suis in Placenta compositum.

Ventriculus suis in MucoSA compositum.


Veronica officinalis in Lymphomyosot.

Vesica fellea suis in Hepar compositum.

Vesica urinaria suis in Solidago compositum.

Vespa crabro in Gynäcoheel, Metro-Adnex-Heel.

Viburnum opulus in Gynäcoheel, Hormeel.

Vinca minor in Naso-Heel.

Viola tricolor in Lamioflur.
Vipera berus in Placenta compositum.
Viscum album in Aesculus compositum, Ginseng compositum, Rauwolfia compositum, Secale compositum, Thalamus compositum, Thyroidea compositum, Viscum compositum.
Zincum gluconicum in Molybdän compositum.
Zincum metallicum in Discus compositum, Echinacea compositum, Testis compositum, Zincum metallicum.
Zincum valerianicum in Nervoheel.
Appendix

Shipping and Billing Information

Heel Inc. offers various methods of shipment. For exact charges please consult an Inside Sales Representative at 1.800.621.7644.

Minimum order amount to qualify for FREE shipping:
300.00 - 2nd Day Air

Please send payment to:
Heel Inc., P.O. Box 25143, Albuquerque, NM 87125-5143

Fees:
A handling charge of 7.50 is applied to all orders under 75.00 in value. The charge for C.O.D. service is 6.00. A dropship fee is 5.00.

Please Note: Any item that is temporarily out of stock will be back ordered and shipped without additional freight charges as soon as it is available, unless otherwise specified.

Product Return Procedure

Please contact Heel Inc. by fax at 1.800.217.6934 for pre-authorization prior to returning any product. Heel Inc. will then be able to accept your returns with the following restocking fees:

- Products returned within 1 month of purchase ........................................... No Re-stock Fee
- Products returned within 6 months of purchase ...................................... 50% Re-stock Fee
- Products returned after 6 months of purchase ........................................... Returns not accepted

These returns will be credited on your Heel Inc. account. In the event of overstock items, shipping will be at the customer’s expense. Products returned without pre-authorization will not be accepted.

All products must be in their original, unopened container, free from any markings or price labels, unless specifically requested by Quality Control.

Prices and policies are subject to change without notice.